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VOL. XXIII NO. 103 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1935 SIXTEEN PAGES

Roosevelt's Threat To Military Committee

STOP PUBLICATION OF WAR DEPT.'S PLANS

Or, I Shall Assume Powers Of C-In-C

DISCLOSURE OF TWO IMPORTANT PROPOSALS & ITS SEQUEL

WASHINGTON, April 30.

By an unprecedented action President Roosevelt has ordered the House of representatives' Military Committee to cease the publication of the evidence of War Departmment's plans.

The president sternly warned the Committee that he would exercise authority as Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy, if necessary, to stop publication of anything regarded as unfriendly to other nations.

IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES

The warning follows the disclosure of two important proposals made before the Committee to the effect that in time of war or emergency the United States must be prepared to seize British and French islands near its shores as also the submission of a plan for a huge air base near the Canadian frontier which should be camouflaged under another name in order not to offend Canadian susceptibilities.—Reuter.

President Roosevelt

GERMAN 'PLANE FORCED DOWN

Occupant In Civilian's Clothes Arrested In Italy

SESTO CALENDE (Italy) April 30.

It is only just revealed that the German aeroplane was forced down on Saturday by six Italian military planes after it had repeatedly flown over a town which is a big aviation centre.

The sole occupant was dressed in civilian clothes but he is believed to be a German officer. He had two cameras and had flown from Germany.

He is now under arrest.—Reuter.

ANGLO-GERMAN TALKS POSTPONED

Important Statement To Be Made In Commons

LONDON, April 30.

The Anglo-German naval conversations have been postponed at the request of German Government until after the middle of May when Herr Hitler will be making his pronouncement on his foreign policy as also replying to the Geneva resolution.

No decision has yet been reached as regards the German submarine construction but undoubtedly an important statement will be made during the Defence debate in the House of Commons on Thursday.

Should the Anglo-German talks materialise, there is no idea of Britain agreeing to Germany's naval demands without a general agreement among the interested powers.—Reuter.

(EARLIER MESSAGE ON PAGE 7)

RAIDS AND SEARCHES IN N. BIHAR

PATNA, April 30.

Following upon the police hunt for certain proscribed Socialist literature in Patna, similar searches took place in various North Behar centres.

At Muzaffarpore, two houses belonging to Mr. Avadeshwar Prasad Singh were searched and several socialist pamphlets were seized.

At Hajipur also, the Police seized 600 copies of "What and Whom Do We Stand For" from the Gandhi Ashram.—United Press.

Justice For South African Natives

MORE GRANTS OF LAND AND RIGHT TO VOTE?

Three Important Bills Before Parliament

CAPE TOWN, April 30.

Far-reaching measures to improve the lot of the natives of South Africa are contained in three bills presented to Parliament.

Under the Native Representation Bill six million natives will be given the right to elect four Senators to Union Parliament.

The object of the bill is to secure a uniform system of native representation in the whole Union.

THEIR RIGHT TO VOTE.

At present natives with certain qualifications have vote in the Cape and Natal provinces. The new bill safeguards the rights of natives who are now entitled to vote but prohibits registration any more. Electoral areas for each union in the province will be established instead of each with an electoral college which will elect a senator.

NATIVE ADVISORY COUNCIL.

Another bill establishes a native advisory council of 22 to advise Parliament on all matters relating to natives while a third bill proposes increased grants of land amounting to fourteen millions of acres to the natives and greater opportunities in local self-government.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL AS TRUSTEE.

The idea is to establish "South African Native Trust" wherein will be vested all crown land reserved for natives.

The affairs of the trust will be administered by the Governor-General as trustee for the benefit of the natives.—Reuter's Special.

Calcutta's New Mayor

MR. HUQ'S ELECTION UNCONTESTED

CALCUTTA, April 30.

At a special meeting of the Calcutta Corporation held this afternoon Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar the outgoing Mayor presiding, Mr A K Fazlul Huq M L A was elected Mayor of the Calcutta Corporation and Mr Sanat Kumar Roy Choudhuri as Deputy Mayor.

Both the candidates were nominees of the United Congress Party.—United Press.

A PEACEFUL AFFAIR

In contrast to last year's stormy scenes, this year's Moyoral election of the Calcutta Corporation was a peaceful affair, the election of the Mayor and the Deputy Mayor, both of which were uncontested, being over in less than ten minutes.

The only incident which occurred was when the elected European Councillors left the Chamber as the newly elected Mayor was being conducted to the Mayoral Chair.

Congratulatory speeches were made by both Hindu and Muslim Councillors, when special stress was put on the unity among the wings of Congress Councillors as also the different elected councillors, both Hindu and Muslim in securing the election for Mr. Huq.

HARBINGER OF UNITY.

Replying, Mr. Huq said that the unity of purpose which has been shown by the elected members of the Corporation to-day might be a harbinger of common endeavours and common efforts on the part of the political leaders of different communities to stand shoulder to shoulder and bring forward a glorious future which was destined for India.—United Press.

Complete Rest For "C. R."?

RAJEN BABU TO ISSUE STATEMENT

MADRAS, April 30.

Mr. Rajagopalachariar, who has returned from Jubbulpore interviewed said, without wishing to anticipate the final decision of the Congress President in the matter, it had been agreed to give him complete rest from public activities in accordance with his request.

Babu Rajendraprasad would, however, hold further consultations with some of his colleagues and issue a statement shorly.—A.P.

Suburban District Yuvak Parishad

May 1st and 2nd. Time 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) President: Mr. Atchyut Patwardhan, at Upanagar Chhavani, Vile Parle.

MACHINERY & MAN-POWER

Rajen Babu Commends Congress Move To Solve Unemployment

YEOTMAL, April 30.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, the Congress president, arrived yesterday noon from Akola and visited the Orphanage of the Swastika League and other institutions. He also performed the unveiling ceremony of the life-size portrait of Mahatma Gandhi in the Yeotmal District Association hall.

Mr. M. S. Aney gave him an "at home," in the evening, which was attended by the elite of the town.

The Municipal Committee presented an address of welcome to him at a crowded mass meeting.

In the course of his reply Babu Rajendra Prasad observed despite the impossibility of keeping aloof from the world-wide influences of economic pressure, the educational, industrial and political situation in India renders it imperatively necessary to evolve a special economic system that would suit Indian needs and that would take into account that it is after all the human being for whose better living machinery is invented and any system, therefore, that subverts relation between man and machine and tends to throw them into unemployment as a result of the spread of machinery must be discarded as incompatible with the maintenance of man-power in India. The constructive programme sketched out by the Congress mainly insists on this aspect with a view to provide an additional morsel to the starving millions in India. He concluded by exhorting the audience to enlist in large numbers as Congress Members.

Babu Rajen Prasad left for Amraoti this morning.—A.P.

SCIENTISTS FOR A. I. V. I. ASSOCIATION

Mahatma Invites Sir C. V. Raman And Dr. Fowler

BANGALORE, April 30

Bangalore has the unique distinction of being represented on the All-India Village Industries Association by two eminent scientists Sir C. V. Raman and Dr. Gilbert Fowler.

Mahatma Gandhi had extended an invitation to Dr. Fowler to be a member of the Technical Committee of the All-India Villages Industries Association. Dr. Fowler will advise the Committee on the "better utilisation of the waste" in the Cottage Industries.—United Press

STOP PRESS

INDIA BILL IN COMMONS

LONDON, April 30

In the House of Commons in the Committee stage of the India Bill, Mr. P. H. Thort's amendment relating to Tariff Board was rejected by 221 votes against 62.—Reuter.

INDIAN TEXTILE INDUSTRY DETERIORATES.

AHMEDABAD, April 30.

"The profit-making position of the Indian textile industry is getting deteriorated from year to year and during the current year with reduced hours of working and enhanced cost of production the position will become more difficult," declared Mr. Chimanlal Parikh, President, local Millowners' Association, addressing its annual meeting this evening.

Mr. Parikh concluded that the Ottawa Preference, the Indo-British Trade Agreement, linking the rupee to sterling had placed Indian industries in a weaker competitive position in the Indian market.—A. P.

B. P. C. C. Demands Inquiry Into Karachi Firing

IF OFFICERS ARE JUSTIFIED WHY SHIRK IT?

A resolution condemning the attitude of the Government of Bombay in refusing to hold an enquiry into the Karachi Firing and another condemning the mob violence at Firozabad, were passed at the monthly meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee held on Tuesday at the Congress House, with Mr. K. F. Nariman in the chair

In connection with the impending visit of Babu Rajendra Prasad to Bombay in the last week of May the B.P.C.C. sanctioned a sum of Rs. 500 towards the expenses for arrangement.

CONGRATULATIONS TO HARIJAN WORKER.

Mr. Dagadu Palase moved, "The B.P.C.C. congratulates Bapusaheb Limaye for his unselfish service to the Harijan cause in the Bhore State where he has been boycotted by caste Hindus." The resolution was duly seconded and passed unanimously.

Mr. Purushotam Tricumdas moved, "The B.P.C.C. recommends to the A I C C. to frame rules providing that the Provincial and District Congress Committees should give notice of any resolutions they may desire to have discussed at the next annual session of the Indian National Congress at least 6 weeks prior to the date of the session and that such resolutions should be circulated by the office of the A.I.C.C., to all the Provincial Congress Committee to be placed before the Provincial and District Committees for their opinion which should be forwarded to the A.I.C.C."

ELICITING PUBLIC OPINION.

Mr. Tricumdas observed that this recommendation if carried out would enable the several Congress organisations to form an idea of the nature of discussions that would take place at the plenary session. They would be thus be enabled to instruct the delegates to the session. In Europe and America, this procedure was adopted for the simple reason that popular opinion could be elicited before final decisions were taken.

Mr. Pinto seconded the proposition.

Mr. P. R Lele enquired whether this provision would debar the Congress Committees from sending any further resolutions after the date fixed for sending in such resolutions.

OPPORTUNITY FOR PUBLIC.

Mr. Tricumdas replied it was so. The object of his recommendation was that the people all over the country should be in a position to discuss the merits of such questions properly before the Congress took decisions. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan then moved "This meeting of the B.P.C.C., condemns the attitude of the Government of Bombay in refusing to hold an enquiry into the firing by Karachi Official on an unarmed procession and demands an impartial enquiry into the incident."

MODEST DEMAND.

The mover observed that the demand of enquiry was a modest one and if there was justification for the firing then the Government should not mind an open enquiry. He urged for the acceptance of the resolution by the House in the interests of better understanding between Hindus and Muslims. The resolution after considerable discussion was adopted by a large majority, 4 members voting against

Mr. Nagindas T. Master moved, "This meeting of the B.P.C.C., endorses the Working Committee's resolution and condemns the atrocious act of mob violence at Firozabad and tenders its heartfelt condolences to the bereaved families." The resolution which was seconded by Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan was passed.

Consideration of further agenda was adjourned to the next monthly meeting of the B.P.C.C.

Alleged Secret Construction Of Battleships

German Naval Programme Far Exceeds Versailles Treaty Limits, Says Italian Paper

ROME, April 30.

The German naval programme for 1935|36 is alleged to be thrice bigger than that of the previous year is described in an article to which prominence is given by "Giornale d'Italia".

The Editor states the programme comprises a total of 100,000 tons with naval units far exceeding the Versailles Treaty limits and all British naval forecasts. Details, according to the Paris correspondent, are two battleships, 20,000 tons each, two cruisers between nine and ten thousand each, one of 6,000, sixteen destroyers of 1,400 and ten flotilla leaders 800 each.

OVER 12 SUBMARINES.

It is also stated, there may be over twelve submarines and each between 400 and 500 tons. The paper adds, the new battleships have nine eleven-inchers, cruising speed, thirty-two knots and expected to be completed before 1938. Keels of the cruisers which will be armed with nine seven-and a half inchers will be laid down in May or June and completed before the end of 1937. Four destroyers have been laid down in Kiel last year and five others have already been ordered there. Disel engines secretly constructed are ready for submarines of 250 tons.

The estimated naval strength by 1938 will be 166,000 besides submarines.—Reuter's Special.

ALL-WELDED TANKER LAUNCHED

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 30

The largest all welded ocean going vessel built in Britain was launched on the Tyne for the Norwegian Line. It is a tanker "Moira" 2,240 tons deadweight, 2b5 feet long in which rivetting is entirely dispensed with and the electric are process of welding is used

BRITAIN AND EUROPEAN STEEL PACT

Three Months Quota Of Imports Into U. K. Accepted

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 30

It is officialy announced that representatives of the European steel cartel and the British, Iron and Steel Federation at conference in London to-day concluded an agreement for a period of three months that the imports of the cartel products into the United Kingdom should not exceed the rate of 643,000 tons per annum (160750 tons for three months) with certain adjustments for the other products during this period negotiations for a long term agreement will be actively pursued.

The British delegation undertook to request the Government to suspend for a period of three months the operation of the increased duties which came into effect on March 26.

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Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

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BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under : "Box No.— The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Machineman, capable of undertaking running repairs, take charge of Mann's Offset Quad Crown Machine with automatic feed. State experience and salary required. Box No. 4131, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Motor Mechanic and Motor Driver. Apply Vile Parle Municipality with particulars of previous experience and the minimum pay expected. (1020).

Wanted Lady Graduates knowing Hindi and Music for residential Girls Vidyalaya of Behar. Box No. 4126, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted.—Female Teachers capable of teaching English, Hindi and Mathematics, etc. for middle Schools. Apply Tara Devi, Head Mistress, Kanya Gurukul, (Post) Begampet, N. S. Rly. (4125).

Wanted:—A Surgeon Dentist for the Patna Medical College Hospital on a pay of Rs. 250—25—500. The applicant must have registerable qualification in Dentistry and must be able to give instruction in the subject to Medical College Students. The appointment will be made on contract for two years in the first instance. Private practice allowed subject to the condition that it does not interfere with the official duties. Application should be addressed to the undersigned and should reach him not later than the 31st May, 1935. No travelling allowance to join the appointment will be given to the successful applicant. Col. I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bihar and Orissa. (1013).

Wanted Graduates, Under-Graduates, Matrics, Under-Matrics, for Bank service. Apply with copies. Royal Service Bureau, Meerut. (4117).

Wanted a Demonstrator with Botany Principal and Zoology Subsidiary. Ask for terms from Principal, Rajaram College, Kolhapur (1008).

Wanted hardworking and energetic Canvassers of either sex to canvas orders for well-known Toilet and Medicinal Preparations. Apply Box No. 4116, "Bombay Chronicle".

10. SITUATIONS WANTED

Law Graduate with experience of office work and business management desires responsible post as Assistant in business line. Apply Box No. 4133, "Bombay Chronicle."

20. OFFICES TO LET.

To Let—Office Chamber with Electric light, fan and telephone convenience. Apply Messrs. Madanlal T. Engineer, 79, Medows Street. (4115).

12. TO BE LET.

To Be Let At Reduced Rent:—(1) At Harbour View, Colaba Causeway, near Hotel Majestic, near Tram Terminus:—Upper floors vacant flats, each containing Drawing-room, Sitting-room, Bedrooms, separate lavatory, Bathrooms, kitchen, separate entrance and Electric fittings:—Flat monthly rent Rs. 75. (2) At Adelphi Chambers at Clare Road, Byculla, near Tram Terminus:—Ground and upper Floors vacant flats, each containing Drawing-room, Sitting-room, Bed-room, separate lavatory, Bath-room, Kitchen, separate entrance: Flat monthly rent Rs. 20 and 35. (3) At Jacob Circle, Arthur Road, near Tram Terminus Upper Floors vacant flats, each containing Drawing-room, Sitting-room, Bed room, separate lavatory, Bathroom, Kitchen, separate entrance: Flat monthly rent Rs. 40. (4) From 1st June 1935, a storeyed Bungalow at corner of Bandra Motmawry Hill, near Hill Staircase, best situation surrounding sea face, very airy and commodious, with newly fitted electric fittings and small garden. Monthly rent Rs. 125. For the above four buildings, see personally, between 3 and 4 p.m. (S.T.). His Highness The Agakhan's Estate Office, Marina Mansion, Opposite Sea face Chowpatty, Bombay. (3963).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

American Dental College.—Intensely practical dental training leading to successful career. Excellent facilities. Efficient Staff. Session begins 15th July. For Illustrated Prospectus, apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D. D. S. Karachi. (4108).

Senior Cambridge Institute—Near Congress House, alone maintains high level of efficiency for all examinations conducted. For English high second class M.A., Maths—An Englishman having more than twenty years experience in recognised European Schools. Physics, Chemistry—ex-Demonstrator, Fergusson College. Sanskrit—M.A. and experts for all the subjects. Apply at once. (9173).

A Complete Course of Pitman's Shorthand (Theory) for Rs. 10 only. Instructions by expert. Rare opportunity. Write at once to Post Box 2148, Bombay 2. (4124).

Wanted Candidates for Electrical Engineering Classes. Prospectus No. "E" free:—British India Technical College Sukkur (Sind). (3960).

Hewett Engineering School, Lucknow, Recognised by U. P. Government—Wanted Matriculates for Overseer's Class, Session July, 1935. Admission commenced. Excellent employment facilities. Free Prospectus from Principal. (4096).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Wanted Rs. 2,000 for a profitable concern at 15 per cent interest. Apply Box No. 4136, "Bombay Chronicle."

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WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

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Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

75. INVESTMENTS.

Belgian Government Guaranteed Bonds. Safest investment, big prices. Authorised Agents. Kass & Co., Parsee Bazaar Street, Bombay. Agents wanted. (9867).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

King Co., Cheapest House for Books, Papers, Periodicals, Stationery, Rubber Stamps, Lending Library, Astrology, Palmistry, Dictionaries, Children's Books, Fashion Books. Near Central Bank, Bombay. 4134)

Dispensary for Sale:—A well-established and fully furnished dispensary at Panjrapole Road, near Madhav Baug, Post Office for sale. Please see the undersigned at the dispensary daily between 9 a.m. to 11-30 a.m. and 5-30 to 7 p.m. Dwarkadas Luxmichand Mody. (4127).

155. MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

Wanted immediately quotations for 20 laboratory tables, specification copy Re. 1. Apply Principal & Secretary, V. J. T. Institute, Matunga, Bombay. (1023).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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NOTICE TO POLICY-HOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY MEETING of the participating policy-holders entitled to vote under the Articles will be held at the Company's Registered Office, Asian Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay at 12 noon, THURSDAY, 9th May 1935, for the purpose of electing a Director and Auditors for the current year.

NOTICE TO SHARE-HOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Asian Assurance Co., Ltd., will be held at the Company's Registered Office, Asian Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on THURSDAY, 9th May 1935 at 12-30 P. M. to transact the ordinary business.

By order of the Board,
S. H MEHTA & CO. LTD.,
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N. B.—The transfer books of the Company will be closed from 2nd May, 1935 to 16th May, 1935 both days inclusive. 1022.

Public Notices

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THE BANK will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 6th May and SATURDAY, the 18th May, 1935, those days being Public Holidays (on account of the celebration of the Silver Jubilee of His Majesty the King-Emperor) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

J. G. RIDLAND,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 25th April, 1935. 1016

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Legal Notices

NOTICE

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All that piece or parcel of land of Pension and Tax land or ground situate at Dadar Kumbharwada now called Gokhale Road and extension of DeLisle Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 556 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Collector's land Revenue records along with another piece of land under No. 3600, 3602, New Survey No. 1/1794 and Cadastral Survey No. 1/1277 of Lower Parel Division and bounded on the west by the Gokhale Road, on the North by the property of Purushotam Kamlakar Javle and Ranganath Kamlakar Javle, on the East by the property of Haji Abdullah Haji Rahimtulla and by the property of Waman Babaji and on the South by the property of Bombay Municipality.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1935.

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TIS THE PICTURE THAT HAS TAKEN
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WADIA MOVIETONE'S
Master-Piece Picture
Noor-e-Yaman
Sangit Ratna
FEROZE DASTUR
SHARIFA & Master Mohmad
And A Galaxy of Stars
DAILY
5.15; 8; 10-45 p. m.
SEQUEL TO LAL-E-YAMAN
Matinee To-morrow
FRI., SAT. & SUN
at 2-30 p.m.
Super Talkies Charni Road Tram Junction.

India's Premier Detective Drama
Produced by
EAST INDIA FILM Co.
NIGHT-BIRD
Wherein Thrills are Cheaper
A Story of A Great Villain with 8 different faces
COMING SOON AT
Globe Talkies

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QUALITY LAMPS

Sole Importers:—
London Eastern And American Trading Co.,
22, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.

PATENTEX
MARRIED!
Here is Absolute Protection

Safe, Certain and effective Contraceptive preparation
Sole Agents:
MALGHAM BROS.,
FORT, BOMBAY.

DANGER OF CONSTIPATION
OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO WOMEN
The period of discomfort which nature demands that every woman shall endure is sometimes a source of worry in the event of delay. Ofter it brings pain and suffering during its course. Castophene comes as a boon to women, who are handicapped in their work, when their recreation is spoilt and they find necessary to cancel even the most important engagements. Two tablets of Castophene chocolates 24 to 36 hours beforehand will assist regularity and alleviate suffering to an extent hitherto undreamt of. In cases of prolonged delay, one or two tablets of Castopher should correct the irregularity. Eminent Medical men state the 75 per cent. of the illnesses occurring in women over 40, ar. due to constipation. Castophene, the wonderful discovery of modern medical science, will banish headaches, sickness and nervous strain. It will also help you to attain a slim and beautiful figure.
Bombay Agents:—
CHIMANLAL VADILAL & CO.
Princess Street, BOMBAY

BANK OF BARODA, LTD
Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H H the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda
(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897).
Capital Subscribed ..... As. 60,00,000
Capital Called-up ..... Rs. 30,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 22,50,000
Head Office:—Mandvi, BARODA.
BRANCHES:—Ahmedabad, Bombay, Surat, Navsari, Karjan, Dabhoi, Mehsana, Patan, Petlad, Port Okha, Kalol, Kadi, Sidhpur, Bhavnagar, Amreli and Dwarka.
LONDON AGENTS:—The Eastern Bank, Limited.
Current Accounts:—Fixed, Short, Savings Banks and Savings Bank Deposits received on terms which may be ascertained on application
Loans, Overdrafts and Cash Credits.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved Securities
W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

LILY DAVIS APPEALS

Judge Admits Application But Declines To Grant Bail

The appeal filed by Lily Davis against the sentence of 18 months' rigorous imprisonment passed on her by the Chief Presidency Magistrate under Section 5 of the Bombay Prostitution Act, was admitted by Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia, the vacation judge, at the High Court.

Among the grounds of appeal, it was stated that it was wrong to hold that the applicant was in the habit of procuring girls for customers, that the corroborative evidence in the case was unreliable and interested, and that the evidence of an independent "punch" witness totally contradicted the prosecution evidence in material particulars.

There was not sufficient evidence to convict the applicant.

His Lordship, while admitting the appeal, refused the application for bail.

Mr. M. K. Azad with Mr. Chari appeared for the appellant.

ALLEGED ENTICING AWAY OF WOMAN

Man's Complaint Against Former Servant

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, April 30.

Shrimant Ramdas Dharamdas Bairagi, of Maruti temple, opposite Small Causes Court, Picket Road, Bombay, figures as a complainant in which he charges Narayan Ramchandra Khamberkar (25), of Thana, and Bai Venubai (22), wife of the complainant, with enticing away by the 2nd accused, a married woman with immoral purpose, adultery, criminal breach of trust as a servant, theft of good ornaments, and abetments thereof.

The complaint was filed yesterday by Mr W. A. Raje, Pleader, in the court of Mr. M. B. Kunte, City Magistrate of Thana.

According to the complainant, Venubai is his wife legally married about 10 years ago. The first accused Khamberkar was his servant whose duty was to collect rents of the complainant's property at Thana. Khamberkar was allowed to use the complainant's apartment which he used when ever he visited Thana.

On April 20 last, Venubai is alleged to have stolen away a Jewellery box, when she left the house on the pretext of going to the bazaar.

Detained at Utansar

The complainant further alleges that Khamberkar had enticed and taken his wife Venubai away from Bombay to Thana with immoral purpose and had detained her at Utansar for one night and subsequently at Koliwada (Thana town). They are further alleged to have lived as husband and wife and the climax was reached when they began to move hand-in-hand in the public streets.

The complainant suspects that the first accused has conspired with others.

The Magistrate has ordered warrants for arrest and search to be issued against the two accused.

Alleged Cheating Of Unemployed On False Pretex

Extortion of money from unemployed on the pretext of securing them jobs, seems to be a widespread epidemic in Bombay.

The latest story comes from a B D D Chawl at Naigam, where eight coolies are alleged to have been deprived of Rs 80 on March 10 by Shivaram Bali, who was taken into custody on Monday evening.

The accused, it was stated, represented to the unemployed persons that he could secure them jobs as coolies in the Bombay Port Trust if they could give him Rs. 10 each. Thinking that their troubles would end if they raised the amount some of them borrowed while others pledged ornaments with Marwaris.

After the money had placed into his hand, the accused asked them to see him at Wadi Bunder Here they were turned out, saying that vacancies have already been filled up. When they demanded their money back, it was stated, he put off the date of payment.

Subsequently a complaint was lodged with the Bholwada Police and the accused was arrested.

The Presidency Magistrate of the Dadar Police Court enlarged him on a bail of Rs 100 till May 14.

KARACHI BAN EXTENDED

Magistrate's Order On Newspapers And Leaders To Continue For 2 Months

The Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary issued on Monday April 29, publishes the following notification of the Home Department (Political):—

Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council necessary, with a view to averting danger to human life or safety, or the likelihood of a riot or an affray, that the order of the Additional District Magistrate, Karachi, dated the 1st March 1935 as modified and extended by his order of the 30th March 1935, issued under sub-section (1) of section 144 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), should continue in force for a further period of two months.

The order referred to above prohibits certain citizens of Karachi from delivering speeches on the murder of Nathuram by Abdul Qaiyum, or on the subsequent disturbances. The order also prohibits certain newspapers from publishing any matter relating Abdul Qaiyum or Nathuram, or the tragedy of March 19, except correct reports of debates and proceedings of the Houses of Parliament, the Assembly and Provincial Councils.

The following persons and newspapers have been served with prohibitive orders:—

Principal Ramsahai Gangaram, Ramsewaklal Gupta, Haji Malik Abdul Aziz, Moulvi Sanaullah, M. A. Khalik, Hakim Maqbool Rehman, Moulvi Abdulhai Haqqani, Maulvi Nasir Jallali, Muhammad Usman Haji Rahmatullah.

Newspapers

"The Hindu," "Millat," "Young Baluchistan," "Ilhad-i-Baluchan," "Naquil," "Alwahid," "Sansar Samachar," "Chodus," "Unali."

PHALODI INCIDENT

Huge Procession And Protest Meeting In Bombay

A large procession was organised on Sunday evening by Marwaris of Bombay to demonstrate their resentment at the action of the police and authorities of Phalodi, a district in Jodhpur on April 13. The procession started from the Bullion Exchange and terminated at Chowpati where a public meeting was held under the auspices of various organizations of Bombay such as Varnashram Swaraj Sangh, Rajputana Madhya Bharat Praja Mandal and Pushtikar Mahamandal, under the presidentship of Pandit Ram Chandra Sharma, the well-known Satyagrahi of recent temple animal sacrifice repute.

Vigorous speeches were made condemning the action of authorities who are alleged to have encroached upon and interfered with purely religious rights of Hindus of Phalodi. The audience was deeply agitated over the alleged defiling and desecration of Kalyanji temple committed by the entry of non-Hindu police with shoes into temple.

Resolutions demanding punishment of officers responsible and also requesting the Maharaja to order the release of and withdrawal of the case against persons arrested and accused of decoity—it may be noted here that these persons include millionaires some of them doing business in the Bullion Exchange markets were passed. Another resolution demanded a committee of independent non-official members to enquire into the root causes of this affair and to suggest remedies.

This meeting was attended by about 15,000 persons, loud speakers were installed. Speakers included people from Jodhpur, as well as those representing different Hindu institutions of Bombay prominent among whom were Shrijuts Pt. Ram Chandra Shastri, Pt. Niranjan Sharma Ajit, Kanahiyalall Kalyantri and Dhansukh Dassji Thanvi.

PHALODI ACCUSED

Released On Heavy Bail

According to information received from Jodhpur regarding Phalodi Gangor arrests, eight persons arrested were released each on a bail of twenty thousand rupees. Warrants against numerous others are pending. The people are panic-striken and are clamouring for justice.

ESCAPE FROM POLICE LOCK-UP

Film Company Employee Re-arrested At Bhayandar And Brought To Thana

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, April 30.

A 20-year-old Christian undertrial prisoner, who had escaped from the Thana town police lock-up by cutting open the ceiling and climbing down the roof after midnight on April 4 last, was re-arrested yesterday in the early morning at Bhayandar.

He was brought down to Thana yesterday and has been in custody again. He will be prosecuted for escaping from lawful custody.

It is alleged that the Christian youth, an employee of Bombay Talkies, Ltd., was originally arrested by the Thana Mahal police in connection with house-breaking and theft of ornaments valued at Rs. 800.

ELECTRIC WORKERS FORM UNION

Move To End Harassment By Contractors

A meeting of the Electric workers of Bombay was held at Jinnah Hall on Sunday, Mr. K. N. Joglekar presiding.

Mr. Joglekar spoke about the duty of the workers and stressed the importance of forming a union. He told how some of the workers realising their present plight at the hands of the contractors, proposed to form a union.

Mr. Sringare moved a resolution for forming a union of the electric workers of Bombay and criticised the method of issuing the license and said he has not until now been given a license though he is working as an electrician for the last 12 years.

Mr. Sandwell supporting the resolution said that neither the contractors nor the Government will hear their grievances or fear them if they go individually. He, therefore, said that they must form a union and fight for their rights through it.

The resolution was then put to vote and was carried unanimously.

Constitution Adopted

Then the Chairman read the constitution drafted by the provisional Committee and it was unanimously adopted.

The following office-bearers for the present year were elected by the meeting:—

President: Mr. T. M. Joshi.

Vice-Presidents: Messrs. K. D. Nimbkar and L. H. B. Sandwell

Gen. Secretary: Mr. N. M. Mankar.

Secretaries: Messrs. V. R. Joshi, Kasamalli and K. N. Joglekar.

Treasurer: Mr. A. L. Mahajan.

Members of the Managing Committee:—Messrs. S. G. Patkar, P. M. Sringare, Aloli Prakash Shivashankar, R. S. Thakur, Y. S Punekar, R. S. Kirtikar, D H Kandalkar, S. G. Kode, W. S. Potdar, H. R. Hirani, Moris and B. P. Kokate.

Mr. Patkar speaking about the workers' organisation stressed on the importance of the management of the Union by workers themselves. All the members elected to the M. C. Trade except two of them are in the electric trade. All the principal posts of the Union such as President Vice-Presidents, General Secretary and Treasurer have been filled by workers themselves.

BOMBAY JUBILEE FUND DONATIONS

The 13th list of subscriptions to Their Majesties' Silver Jubilee Celebration Fund announces the donation of Rs. 1,000 by Mr. Cassamally Munjee on behalf of himself and his firm of Messrs. Nathoobhoy and Co., Bombay.

This together with other donations under Rs. 1,000 from the City and other parts of the Bombay Presidency bring the total to Rs. 5,28,853-2-2.

E.I.R. EMPLOYEES' CONFERENCE

The E.I.R. Employees' Conference, which was to be held at Jamalpur on the 27th and 28th April, has been postponed to the middle of June. The exact date will be announced later The provisional Reception Committee, which has been set up recently, will continue to function till a permanent one is duly formed, after the enrolment of a sufficient number of members. Meanwhile all communications pertaining to the conference should be addressed to: The Secretary Reception Committee E. I. Ry.mens' Union, Jamalpur E. I. R.

A Lahore message says:

It is understood that Choudari Krishna Gopal Dutt who has gone to Germany in connection with the question of Germany's commercial debts, is returning to India in the beginning of May by s. s. "Victoria" on account of the illness of his father.

The lightest and daintiest biscuit
Golden Puff is a delicious flaky biscuit — and is excellent for general table use
Other Peek Frean varieties
Pat-a-Cake, Shortcake, P.F. Assorted, Butter Puff Cheeselets, Glaxo, etc.
MADE BY PEEK FREAN LONDON
Agents:—Herbert, Son & Co., Ltd.,, Bombay & Calcutta; T. Motandas & Co., Opp. Boulton Market, Karachi; Parry & Co., Madras; Harperink Smith & Co., Ltd., Rangoon: Mr. J. H. B. Fernando, 81-83, Chatham Street, Colombo, Ceylon.

UNEMPLOYMENT
AND
SWADESHI
The Director of Industries And Commerce, Mysore State, in the Course of an Address on the International Co-operators' Day stated as follows:
"Every pie you spend on a Foreign Article, however cheap it may be drives another nail on the Coffin of unemployment for you, and every pie you spend on an Indian Article takes you one step nearer the open door of employment."
It Becomes the Duty of every True Patriot to Buy INDIAN Now & Always
The Director Further Stated:—
"India will begin to prosper, and Indian Industry will begin to flourish from the day that every Indian realizes that he has economic duties and obligations for living in India and not merely privileges and rights".
• Buy INDIAN •
3 REASONS FOR USING MYSORE GEORGETTES, MYSORE CREPES, MYSORE SATINS
1 GENUINE MYSORE SILK
2 EXCELLENT QUALITY
3 DURABLE
GOVT. SILK WEAVING FACTORY MYSORE.
• Use MYSORE SILKS •
THE GOVERNMENT SILK WEAVING FACTORY, Mysore.
has been manufacturing an exquisite range of "Fabrics—"Crepes,", "Satins", Georgettes —The Factory has been able to give employment to more and more people every year and we can continue this progress only if, what is now a creed.—"Buy Indian"—becomes an article of faith.
Agents:
The "MYSORE PRODUCTS,"
191, Princess St., Bombay.
Leading Stockists:
The "SWADESHI,"
Yusuf Building Churchgate, Street, Fort, Bombay.
The "MYSORE SILK DEPOT,"
Swadeshi Market, Kalbadevi, Bombay.

LOCAL BOARD SCHOOL AT ANDHERI

The Administrative Officer, School Board, Bombay Suburban District, informs us that the English classes attached to the Local Board Marathi Primary School at Andheri are recognised by the Department of Public Instruction this year. Students from these classes can secure admission to any recognised High School or Anglo-Verna cular School without any difficulty.

Parents and guardians are therefore requested to register the names of their children in these classes as early as possible.

Registered unemployed in Great Britain on April 15 totalled 2,044,000 which shows a decrease of 109,000 compared with March 25. 10,320,000 employed is the highest record, which is an increase of 120,000 as compared with March 25.

BYCULLA BILLIARD SALOON RAIDED

Ezakiel Jacob, proprietor of a Billiard Salloon at Bellasis Road, and fifteen others, found in the room were arrested on Monday night and placed before Mr. Reginad Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagon, as a sequel to a gambling raid carried on there by the Nagpada Police.

The police in applying for the remand in custody of the accused stated that "sutta" chits and other papers connected with gambling had been seized by them.

All the accused were released on bail.

ERECTION OF KING'S STATUE IN BOMBAY ?

Parsi Gentleman's Offer

An anonymous Parsi gentleman has offered a donation of Rs. 500 to start a fund to erect a statue (bust or full size, as the fund permits) of H. M. King George V, in a prominent and permanent locality of the Parsi population in Bombay, in commemoration of the Silver Jubilee and as a symbol of Parsis' prosperity under British Rule.

A meeting to consider the matter is to be held shortly after the Jubilee celebrations, at the invitation of Khan Saheb Meneck Hormasji Dadachanji.

Radio Racing Gang Arrested In Australia

Winners Flashed To Backers After Passing Post And Unsuspecting Bookmakers Floored

SYDNEY, (By Mail).

Police have unmasked a "radio racing gang" here who, it is believed have been using the most up-to-date methods to "beat the book" and bring off large betting coups.

Five alleged members of the gang have been arrested and other arrests are likely.

The first indication of the plot was received by the police from wireless officials who reported that they had received intermittent morse code messages which appeared to be coming from the Rosehill racecourse while racing was in progress.

These messages deciphered flashed the names of winning horses the instant that they passed the post. In some instances, it is said, the name of a leading horse was flashed before the race was finished.

BETS ON "CERTAINTIES."

It was apparent that someone with a receiving set outside the racecourse was picking up the messages and probably placing bets on real "certainties", with unsuspecting bookmakers unaware that the race had even started.

A squad of plain-clothes men were rushed to the course and began a systematic search for suspicious characters.

The result was that one man was observed in the paddock presenting a strangely bulky appearance. His hands, it was observed appeared to be twitching nervously in his pockets.

With him were four other men, all of whom were armed with field-glasses, and constantly gave the "bulky" man reports on the progress of the racing.

The police arrested the quintette, and found that the "bulky" man had under his clothing a complete miniature wireless morse-transmitting set. The aerial, valves and battery were strapped around his body, and he operated a morse tapper in his pocket.

A little later other detectives, acting on information received, confiscated a receiving set outside the course.

PASTAKIA CUP TOURNAMENT

D. Talati's XI Beat Parsi Cyclists

In the Pastakia Cup Tournament match between D. Talati's XI and the Parsee Cyclist Cricket Club played on Sunday last, on the Esplanade Maidan resulted in a win for the former by 32 runs in the first innings. The Parsee Cyclist Cricket Club made 82 runs and their opponents made 114 runs.

The following are the detailed scores:—

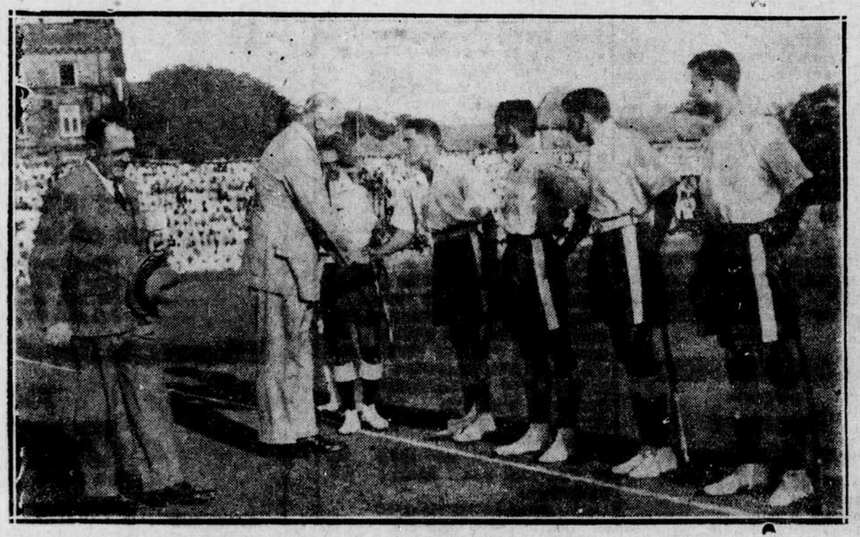
PARSEE CYCLISTS.

B. Daruwala 0, H. Naterwala 7, J. Patel 4, B. Palsotia 0, R. Bastani 0, K. Tavadia 15, B. Chinoy (Capt.) 6, R. Masani 18 (not out), D. Nakra 13, J. Indorewala 2, J. Master 0, Extras 18, Total 82.

D. TALATI'S XI.

P. Madan 0, J. Kateli 1, J. Mulla 13, D. Talati (Capt.) 1, J. Watcha 31, M. Taraporewala 1, Motiwala 10, K. Mistry 14, S. Lada 23 (not out), H. Korkhav 5, E. Madan 3, Extras 12, Total 114.

The victorious Customs hockey team photographed with the Aga Khan Cup shortly after winning the trophy for the second year in succession.



Major General Needham is introduced to the B. B. & C. I. Railway team before play commenced.

THE TWO SIDES OF THE COIN

Silver Medal 3,000 Years Old

Parsi Family In Bombay Has Plaque Relic Bearing Inscription Of Babylon King

A Silver Medal which is over 3,000 years old, bearing inscription of King Nebuchednazzar of Babylon is at present in the possession of a Parsi family in Bombay. The Medal or Plaque as it is called was sent to the British Museum in London for deciphering the inscription which they have done as under: "To Nebo, his Lord Nebuchednazzar.

King of Babylon,
Son of Nebopolassar.
King of Babylon.
For his life has dedicated (this)."

The medal belonged to the late Mr. C. D. Furdoonji, Manager of Watson's Hotel, who was very fond of collecting ancient coins. According to the British Museum there is only one more Medal of the time of Nebuchednazzar and that in a well known Museum in Europe. The photo above shows both observe and reverse of the both obverse and reverse of the inscription in Babylon language and on the other are two men depicting the lords of the time of Nebuchednazzar.

The family of the late Mr. C. D. Furdoonji also owns the following rare coins:

1 Silver Plate (Plaque) of the time of Nebuchednazzar, King of Babylon.
Silver Greek Coins.
Silver Parthians Coins.
Silver Roman Coins.
Silver Kuffie Coins.
Silver Moguls Coins.
Silver Persian Coins.
Silver Satraps of Western India Coins.
Silver Venetian Duckets Coins.
Silver Greek Parthians and Persian Coins.
Silver Greek Persis Coins.
Silver European Coins.
Silver 2887 Coins.
200 copper Sultans of Delhi Coins.
117 European and other coins.
3204 coins in all.

CAV. P. S. RODRIGUES ENTERTAINED

The Staff of Messrs. Gorio Limited friends and admirers of Cav. P. S. Rodrigues, met in the Hall of the Instituto Luso-Indiano on Sunday, the 28th April, to congratulate and present him with an address on his recent appointment by H. M. the King of Italy, as Cavaliere dell Ordine di Corona d'Italia (Knight of the Crown of Italy), the Consul General for Italy, Count of Caravonica being present.

Senhor James de Heredia, Vice-Consul for Brazil, proposed the Consul General to the Chair. The address having been read by the Chief Accountant of the Firm, Mr. G. M. Gaitonde, Cav. Rodrigues, after suitably replying, raised "Vivas" for Italy, Portugal, England and to the Consul General, which were taken up by the audience. After being served with refreshment, and taking a group photograph, Cav. A. P. J Fernandes, Vice-Consul for Portugal proposed a vote of thanks to the Consul General for Italy for presiding at the function. Cav. C. R Davies, Vice-Consul for Italy and Manager of Messrs. Gorio Ltd., and Signor E. Arbizzoni were also present, Cav. A. Manzato and Cav. V. X Fialho being unavoidably absent.

India Sends Largest Number Of Visitors To England For Royal Jubilee

The exodus of visitors to England from India in connection with Their Majesties' Silver Jubilee celebrations continues still. A large number of passengers who have been disappointed to get accommodation in the outgoing steamers and 'planes are still in the waiting list of the Shipping and Tourists' Agencies. As the Jubilee celebrations are spread over a period of nearly three months i.e. till August and most of the programmes will be presided over by His Majesty the King, many of the visitors are expected to leave even in May.

In this connection enquiries made by the "United Press" at the Shipping Offices and Messrs. Thomas Cook and Cox & Kings, the Tourist Travellers' Agencies, indicate that a record number of passengers have left India by Air and steamers from several ports of India during these three months commencing from February.

In fact it is stated that as compared to the Dominions like Canada, Australia, South Africa' India tops the list in sending the largest contingent of visitors to England for Their Majesties Jubilee, and it is a record number for the last 25 years.

Another important feature is that majority of the European Officials entitled for Home leave and businessmen who generally sail in June have taken this opportunity and left India earlier.—United Press.

Strange Passengers By The Mail-Boat

On Saturday the 23rd March, there left by the Mail boat the Viceroy of India "strange passengers." Due to the courtesy of Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co. Ltd., the Agents of the P & O Coy. "these passengers"—viz: nine live plants for the Royal Highness Princess Alice, Countess of Athlone, were allowed to travel on the upper deck of the boat. The plants were packed in moss and they had a cabin of their own—the Wardian Case a frame with glass roof and walls of wooden planks.

Her Royal Highness on her visit to the Victoria Gardens had selected these plants viz: Creepers—Bignonia Venusta, Beaumontia grandiflora, Beaumontia Jerdoniana, Congea tomentosa Var. azurea, the new Bougainvillea Glabra Var. Louis Walthen (Orange Queen); Shrubs—Duranta variegated, Brownea Coccinea, Callindra Hematocephala; and Eucalyptus Citriodora. Some of these plants are indigenous; one has come out as a "sport bud" in this country, while the others have been imported and are acclimatized in India. Her Royal is an enthusiastic horticulturist, for when she visited the Gardens, she could not only tell the correct names of the various plants in the Garden, but also their habitat.

Feroze Khan, the Customs centre-forward makes an effort to shoot in the railway circle.

JOCKEY OBAID'S LICENCE

Application For Reinstatement Rejected By R. C. T. C.

(By Our Racing Correspondent).

It is understood that Jockey A. K. Obaid, whose licence was withdrawn last December in connection with the Secunderabad affair, applied to the Stewards of the Royal Calcutta Turf Club for reinstatement, but his application has been rejected by that body.

Major-General Needham presents gold medals to members of the Customs team, which won the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament on Monday.

RAMAKRISHNA SEVASHRAM

Institution That Gives Medical Relief To Poor Villagers

Swami Virajananda, Secretary of the Ramakrishna Sevashrama, Shyamala Tal. Deori, Almora Dt., V. P., writes:

The Sevashrama is situated in the midst of the deep Himalayan jungles interspersed with groups of hamlets here and there. There is no other means of medical relief within 30 miles from it, and this makes it a unique institution, the extreme necessity of importance of which is self-evident to all. People often come to be treated even making a full day's journey,—and these are mostly extreme and long-suffering cases. But not being habituated to drugs they recover with astonishing quickness.

Moreover, the Sevashrama being located near the trade-route between Thibet and the plains, many Bhutias falling ill in the jungles and at Tanakpur, and being utterly helpless in a strange country, come to us for treatment.

Thus the value of the work should not be gauged merely by the number of patients treated, but by the urgency of their demands and their extreme helplessness.

Another distinctive feature of the Sevashrama is the treatment given to dumb animals, such as cows, bullocks and buffaloes, which generally suffer from wounds, worms and foot-and-mouth diseases.

It gives us great pleasure to say that the income of the Sevashrama was satisfactory during the year under review thanks to the generosity, of our friends, which enabled us to carry on the work efficiently.

In our last report we appealed for a permanent fund of at least Rs. 8,000 which is greatly needed to establish the Sevashrama on a sure footing for the future. There is accommodation for 6 indoor patients. The endowment of a bed in memory of a dear dead relative costs Rs. 800 only. We would like to draw the attention of our generous readers to this urgent matter.

We earnestly hope that they would also contribute their mite towards the proper upkeep of this humanitarian institution. All the 'punyam' or religious merit of this work of divine service to our distressed fellow-beings is theirs alone,—ours, as Sannyasins, is the joy and privilege of serving the Lord in them with our body and soul.

Contributions, however small, will be thankfully accepted and acknowledged by me.

FREE! this SPLENDID VACUUM FLASK

Take Fry's 4 Foods in 1 daily and save the labels. Four complete labels from 1 lb. tins (or an equivalent number from smaller tins) will bring you this strongly made Vacuum Flask, FREE!

And your health will benefit. You will sleep better, work better, play better! Fry's 4 Foods in 1 contains the concentrated goodness of lecithin, malted barley, fresh milk and cocoa. It is easily prepared and readily assimilated. Strength and energy are quickly gained when you start drinking

for 4 LABELS FROM 1lb TINS

4 FRY'S 1 FOODS IN

Send your labels in a sealed, stamped envelope, together with your name and address, to the nearest of these addresses:

WILSON & CO., P.O. Box 2, Madras. SHIMWELL & BRO. (CALCUTTA) LTD., P.O. Box 2, Calcutta.
CAMA NORTON & CO., 23, Medows St., Bombay. NUSSERWANJEE & CO., Machi Miani Rd., Karachi.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vad 13, 1991.
Muslim: Moharrum 27, 1353.
Parsi: Avan 27, 1304.
Sunrise 6h. 11m.
Sunset: 7h. 1m.
High Tide: 10-50; 22-46.
Low Tide: 4-18; 16-45.

Results of Intermediate Examination in Science, University Building, 3 p.m.

Grand Variety Entertainment in aid of Silver Jubilee Fund by Boys' Gymkhana assisted by local amateurs (for children only), Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, 6 p.m.

THURSDAY, May 2.

S. S 'Viceroy of India' with English mails of April 18 due at 2 p.m.

Municipal Corporation 3-40 p.m.

Grand Variety Entertainment in aid of Silver Jubilee Fund by Boys' Gymkhana assisted by local amateurs, C. J. Hall, 9 p.m.

FRIDAY, May 3.

Bombay Presidency Baby and Health Week Association, annual general meeting, Sanitary Association Hall, Princess street, 5-30 p.m. Lady Brabourne presiding.

SATURDAY, May 4.

S. S. 'Viceroy of India' with English mails, sails at 1 p.m.

Silver Jubilee Motor Parade: Procession from Churchgate to Race Course, Mahalaxmi. Cars assemble for procession at Churchgate at 3-30 p.m.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The O. S. K. Steamer "Ume Maru" left Singapore on April 28 and is due to arrive in Bombay on May 11 via Penang and Colombo.

The O. S. K. Steamer "Celebes Maru" left Sakito on April 29 and is due to arrive in Bombay on May 23 via usual ports.

JUBILEE THANKSGIVING SERVICE

Dr. P. G Solanki M.L.C., who is a member of the Thanksgiving Service Sub-Committee of the Silver Jubilee Committee, has arranged a public Thanksgiving Service of Shree Mahyavanshi (Kshatriya) Vanker Community of Gujrat on 6-5-35 from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, Fort, Bombay.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS' ROUND.

The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of 'B' Ward will meet near Musjid Bridge on Thursday, the 2nd May 1935 at 7-30 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the Ward.

Residents of the Ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

WORLD FELLOWSHIP OF FAITHS (INDIAN CENTRE).

Under the auspices of the World Fellowship of Faiths a public lecture will be delivered at Nagpada Neighbourhood House Hall near Old Parsi Statue Byculla to-morrow (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. by Mr. S.S. Kavalekar, Advocate who will speak on "Challenge of Machine to Faith". Rev. Roland W Scott will preside.

Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen

The annual general meeting of Jamiat Shubban al-Muslimeen will take place on Friday May 3, at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Jamiat's hall.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS

JEHANGIR WADIA BUILDING, 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

"THEOSOPHY: THE KEY TO LIFE"

A Short Talk followed by Questions and Answers

Wednesday, 1st May, 6-15 p.m.

ALL CORDIALLY INVITED

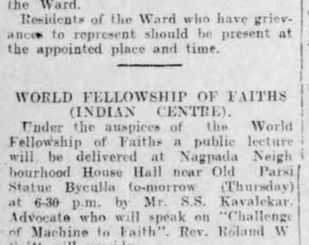
No Fees No Collections.

2ND & FINAL WEEK!

THE CAPITOL

DAILY 3 SHOWS AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

EDDIE CANTOR



in SAMUEL GOLDWYN'S production of KID MILLIONS

Released thru UNITED ARTISTS

PARTLY FILMED IN Technicolour!

SEVERAL SONGS!

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"David Copperfield". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CAPITOL—"Kid Millions." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CARLTON—"42 Street" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PATHE—"Limehouse Blues." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"Kentucky Kernels." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m

WEST END—"Barrister's Wife." Time as usual

GLOBE—"Insaf-ki-Tope." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

MINERVA—"Chandrasena." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Amrit Manthan." Daily at 6-15 and 10 p.m.

KOHINOOR—"Diplomaniacs." Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.

PALACE—"Barrets of Wimple Street" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EDWARD—"Viva Villa" Dhobi Talao Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

SANSAR SAMACHAR ANNIVERSARY

The 4th anniversary of Sansar Samachar will be celebrated at Krishna Nivas Building, near Kalbadevi Post Office, Bombay 2, to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.)

Mr. L. Fegannath Faini, Manager Neasi Advertising Agency will preside.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS

"Theosophy: The Key to Life" will be the subject of a short talk to be followed by questions and answers at the Hall of the United Lodge of Theosophists, Jehangir Wadia Building, 51 Esplanade Road, to-day (Wednesday) evening at 6-15.

BOMBAY THEOSOPHICAL ASSOCIATION.

Mr. P. K. Raja Gopalan will lecture in English at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, on Wednesday the 1st May 1935 at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

Subject:—"The Perfume Of Theosophy."

GATHA SOCIETY.

The Annual General Meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute's Hall (Revelin Street, Hornby Road, Fort) to adopt the Annual Report and Accounts, to appoint the Managing Committee, Office-bearers and the Honorary Auditors.

POSTAL NOTICES.

As the English Mail Steamer s.s. "Viceroy of India" is expected to arrive in Bombay at 2-00 p.m. (S.T.) on Thursday the 2nd May 1935, the following will be the latest hour of posting on that day at the Bombay G.P.O. of parcels for the offices in Iraq, Iran and Persian Gulf.

Parcels upto 12-00 noon on the 2-5-35.

Postings at the Town Sub-Offices must be so regulated as to reach the Bombay G.P.O. before the abovementioned hour.

Silver Jubilee Greetings Telegrams.

On the occasion of the Silver Jubilee of His Majesty the King Emperor's accession to the throne, Greetings telegrams will be accepted from 4th to 11th May 1935, as Daily letter telegrams with a minimum charge for ten words per telegram. In such telegrams the indication JLT instead of DLT should be inserted before the address.

The charge for these Greetings telegrams to Great Britain and Northern Ireland via IRC will be Rs. 3-2-0 for ten words or less (including the indication JLT) and five annas for each additional word.

THE BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

The Chief Officer of the Guards writes to say that all the members of the Bombay National Guards should be present at the Congress House today (Wednesday) at 8-45 p.m. at the Congress House without fail to receive instructions.

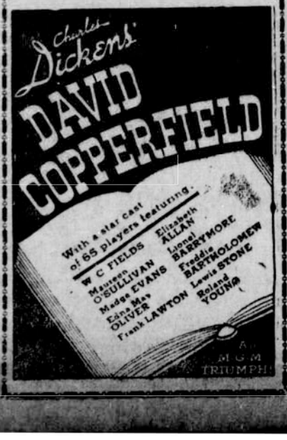
2nd Triumphant Week!

THE REGAL

(Always Comfortably Cool).

DAILY 3 SHOWS AT 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

REDUCED PRICES TO SCHOOL PARTIES



SHRIMAD VALLABHACHARYA'S BIRTHDAY

Portrait Taken In Procession Of Elephants At Ghatkopar

(From Our Correspondent.)

GHATKOPAR, April 30.

A unique procession of Vaishnavites conspicuous by the presence of four elephants with a golden howdah, exhibiting the portrait of Shrimad Vallabhacharya (the founder of the Shuddhawaita philosophy) on one of them went round the town yesterday evening, the occasion being the 457th birthday of the religious head of the Vaishnava sect in Gujarat. 'En route' flowers rained on the processionists.

The temple of Shri Navnitlalji was gorgeously decorated. The ex-Diwan of Morvi Mr. Patwari and other prominent Vaishnavas of Bombay attended the function, which terminated late last night.

TO-DAY'S JUBILEE FUND EVENT

Variety Entertainment To Be Held At C. J. Hall

Under the distinguished patronage of Her Excellency Lady Brabourne, a very pleasing effort is being made, for the benefit of Their Majesties' Silver Jubilee Fund, by the Boys' Gymkhana, assisted by Mr. Harry Potter, and others, in the form of a Variety Entertainment, in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, today, May 1 at 6-0 p.m. (for children only) and Thursday, May 2 at 9-0 p.m.

A splendid programme has been arranged, containing humorous songs, playlets, and Shakespeare's "Seven ages of man." It is hoped that the enterprise and loyalty of the Boys' Gymkhana will be well rewarded, and that packed houses will be present to witness the entertainment, which promises to be very successful.

CHARITY SHOW IN AID OF HARIJANS

Mr. P. R. Lele writes:—

The Krishna Cinema is going to give a Charity Show of Mayamacchindra on Sunday 12th May at 9 a.m. in aid of the Harijans of Tale, Kolaba District, whose huts were destroyed by fire. All the proceed are to be paid towards the fund for building the huts which have to be put up before the approach of rainy season. I appeal to all friends of Harijans to patronise the show and help them at this critical hour.

A. I. S. A. KHADI BHANDAR

The A.I.S.A. Khadi Bhandar 396 Kalbadevi Road will henceforth remain closed on every Monday, being the week holidays. So the Bhandar will remain open on every Purnima and Amavasya days, on which it formerly remained closed.

Sewree Market Closed

Ready Cotton business at Sewree will remain closed (Wednesday) May 1, as a mark of respect for the late Sheth Jivandas Vallabhdas.

RAILWAY TIMINGS

AT VICTORIA TREMINUS

Trains.	Arrivals. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15
Madras Express	10 15
Deccan Queen	10 25
Punjab Mail	10 45
Poona Mail	11 40
Nagpur Express	13 55
Poona Fast Passenger	15 25
Poona Express	19 25
Allahabad Express	20 10
	Departures.
Allahabad Express	7 00
Poona Express	8 15
Poona Fast Passenger	11 50
Madras Express	13 55
Poona Mail	15 50
Deccan Queen	17 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	17 50
Punjab Mail	18 50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	21 45
Madras Mail	22 00
Nagpur Express	22 10
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	23 00

AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

	Arrivals H. M.
No. 8 Up Passenger	5 35
No. 20 Up Delhi Express	6 00
No. 2 Up Gujarat Mail	7 00
No. 10 Up Kathiawar Mail	7 40
*No. 4 Up Frontier Mail	8 30
No. 4 Up Frontier Mail (on Saturdays)	8 35
No. 12 Up Passenger	14 20
No. 16 Up Kathiawar Express	19 05
No. 6 Up Passenger	20 55
Departures from Bombay Central	
No. 15 Down Kathiawar Express	8 45
No. 9Down Passenger	8 55
No. 11 Down Passenger	13 25
No. 1 Down Gujarat Mail	20 25
No. 3 Down Frontier Mail	21 30
No. 5 Down Kathiawar Mail	21 45
No. 19 Down Delhi Express	22 00
No. 7 Down Passenger	22 15

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

H. M.

*On Saturday only Passengers going to Europe 8 00

THANA OFFICIAL JAILED

Magistrate On Need For Adequate Punishment

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, April 30.

Being trusted by the Municipality, the accused in the capacity of an assistant sanitary inspector had many occasions to come into contact with females and society girls of tender and marriageable age moving in town alone. Such offenders are a great menace on account of their acts of moral turpitude and, therefore, they should be adequately punished.

With these observations Mr. M. B. Kunte, City Magistrate of Thana, convicted this afternoon Balkrishna Govind Chawhan, of the Thana Municipality, on a charge of outraging the modesty of a fisher girl Hirabai Janu, aged 14, on the morning of January 9 last in a public place at Thana, and sentenced him one month's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100, or in default, four months' additional imprisonment.

INCIDENT IN LANE.

The Prosecution story was that on January 9 last at about 10-30 a.m. Hirabai Janu, aged 14, was returning home from fish market. The accused Chawhan accosted her in a lane, caught hold of her hand, and dragged her towards a compound. On hearing an alarm raised by the girl, Janka and Lala hurried to the spot. The accused released her hand and rode away on a cycle, being chased in vain. They returned to the girl, who was collecting fish and vegetables dropped from the basket, which had fallen from her hand at the time of the struggle. She narrated the story to these witnesses and then went home weeping.

The defence was that the accused was falsely implicated.

Mr. N. B. Yeravdekar, police prosecutor, appeared for the Crown, and Mr. W. A. Rege for the defence.

UDAY SHANKAR'S DANCE

At Vile Parle Camp On Sunday Night

On the request made by the exhibition committee of the 3rd Suburban Dist. Congress Conference, Sjt. Uday Shankar, with his company of dancers and musicians, has consented to give one performance at the Vile Parle Camp, for the benefit of the Suburban residents. This is no doubt a rare opportunity. The date fixed for the performance is on 5th May (Sunday).

Gaming House Keeper And Associate Fined

Jagannath Balkrishna who was alleged to have conducted a common gaming house in the Dudhwalla's building at Gokhale Road, Dadar, was sentenced by the Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Court, to pay a fine of Rs. 150, in default, to undergo three weeks' hard labour.

Sub-Inspector D'Costa of the DeLisle Road police had raided the place on April 4, and arrested three persons.

Iramalli Akbarally, who was charged with assisting in conducting the gaming house, was fined Rs. 100, in default was ordered to suffer three weeks' R. I. Rahimbux Salabux, who was found in the house at the time of the raid, was fined Rs. 15, in default, to suffer one week's simple imprisonment.

Arya Marriage Validation Bill

The Arya Samaj, Hapur, District Meerut, has learnt that according to the resolution passed at Dayanand Centenary Celebrations, held at Muttra, Babu Ghanshyam Singh Gupta, M.L.A. is moving his "Arya Marriage Validation Bill," in the Assembly. The Hapur Arya Samajists whole-heartedly support the Bill and urge the Government of India to give their full support to it with a view to get it passed into an Act at the forthcoming Simla Session of the Assembly.

Committed To Sessions

Abdul Rehman Ahmadkhan, who was arrested on April 4 by the Kingsway police on a charge of theft of clothes valued at Rs. 4-8-0 was committed to the Sessions by the Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Court, Bombay, on Tuesday.

The accused is a native of Ratnagiri and has ten previous convictions to his credit

DUST STORM IN BENARES

BENARES, April 30

Benares is experiencing intense heat. There was a dust storm today.—A. P.

SILVER JUBILEE FUND

Variety Entertainment At Cooperage

On Saturday, 11th inst. the Western India Football Association, Limited, with the co-operation of the Navy, Army and the I.M.M.T.S. "Dufferin," will stage a Gymkhana on the Cooperage which promises to provide an evening of entertainment of the lightest variety.

By kind permission of the respective Commanding Officers and Officers the band of the Durham Light Infantry and the Pipes and Drums of the 1/3rd, Punjab Regiment will open the proceedings at 4-30 p.m. and will play at intervals throughout the evening.

The Committee Stand in which His Excellency the Governor and Lady Brabourne will be the guests of the Association has been practically sold out at Rs. 7 per seat.

The Members Stand Chairs are available for reservation at Rs. 3 each, the number on the ticket corresponding to the number of the chair reserved. These are selling well and may be had at the Cooperage.

The remainder of the main stand is being disposed of at Re. 1 per seat and tickets may be had at the Cooperage or from members of the Committee.

The temporary stand on the east side will be available at eight annas per seat.

The Hockey Match, Ladies v. Men is the first field event and we understand the Committee are undecided whether to make the men play with ping pong bats or merely to blindfold them.

A comic—in parts—Boxing Tournament provided by the Dufferin Cadets is sure to be a big hit. Special rules are being drawn up but these do not include wearing a horse shoe for luck inside the left glove.

For Pep and Zip the display of physical prowess by the Royal Indian Navy is going to be what the bright young things call "breath taking." In fact, we can hear the chesnut being cracked all over the Cooperage, "That's the R. I. N.—that was".

The "dawgs" are being specially trained on—sorry, by winners at the recent Olympic Games to count in meters and run between lines. It is hoped to obtain sufficient volunteers from amongst the local "John Chinamen" to allow of the hare being dispensed with.

LINESMEN ON GIRAFFES.

Football is, of course, an essential to any show on the Cooperage, but no guarantee is given that the "Durhams" and the "Shoreham" in fancy dress will observe all the rules of the game and it is hoped to provide a specially re-inforced referee, as Public Enemy No. 1 has declined to accept the job. There is no truth in the rumour that the linesmen will be mounted on giraffes and the refere on a daschund.

The Polo Match will consist of twelve "chuckers" and twelve "chucked"—the former being donkeys and the latter six ladies and six gentlemen cadets. It is not known yet whether permission can be obtained to use knives and revolvers but the museums are being searched in an effort to arm the ladies at least with hat pins.

JUBILEE CELEBRATION AT DHARAMPUR

(From A Correspondent.)

DHARAMPUR, April 30.

The preparations for celebrating the Silver Jubilee of Their Majesties are progressing apace at Dharampur. Even the minute details of the programme are receiving special attention of His Highness the Maharana Saheb.

His Highness has issued a special 'firman' to the President of the State Council who has made all arrangements in accordance with His Highness's wishes and a very crowded programme is planned, the salient items being illuminations of State and public buildings, feeding of the poor, distribution of sweets to school boys and girls. A royal salute of 31 guns will be fired on the morning of the 6th May and a public parade will also be held and early morning prayers will be offered by the public wishing Their Imperial Majesties' long life. The programme also includes display of gymnastic feats and fire-works. The flag day celebration will be observed on the 18th May.

JUBILEE PARK.

In order to commemorate the occasion in a most fitting way, a public park has been laid out in the centre of the capital at the cost of Rs. 30,000 and is named the 'Jubilee Park' with a clock tower in the centre. His Highness has also donated the sum of Rs. 2,000 to the Silver Jubilee Fund in addition to the sum of Rs. 3,000, a collection from the public and officials of the State.

SILVER JUBILEE ILLUMINATIONS

The Government of Bombay have directed that illuminations of Government buildings in Bombay City and mofussil in connection with the Jubilee Celebrations should take place on May 6 and 7 from 7-30 p.m. to 12 midnight except in Bombay, Ahmedabad, Poona and Karachi where the time should be extended to 2 o'clock in the morning.

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

Details of the variety entertainment to be given in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Wednesday 1st May at 6 p.m. and Thursday, 2nd May, at 9 p.m. indicate that on the former date, the show will be for children only and will be presided over by Mr. M. L. Broomfield. It will be a modified programme, and will include only some of the items arranged for the performance on Thursday night. Among the items on Thursday will be a trio (violin, mandoline and piano), "La Paloma," by Professor Deniz and two of his pupils. The songs include "Soldiers of the King," "John Peel" and others. Mr. Harry Potter will amuse the audience with his humorous songs at the piano; while the farces "The house on the hill," "The Radish" and "The Ghost" will provoke plenty of fun and laughter, to say nothing of "The heir at law," which is brimful of humour. "Nursery rhymes in Hindustani" will be given in the correct style, and Shakespeare's "Seven ages of man" (modernised and mechanised, as the programme states) will be presented in a novel way. These and other items go to make up an excellent programme, full of fun and humour, and it only remains for the public to support the performance, and to reward the enterprise of the performers with houses full to the doors!

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 30th April 1935. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,36,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99/9/3 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-9-0 allotted approximately 69 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. One Crore, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 1-11-6 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Wednesday, the 8th May 1935. Successful tenders should make payment on Friday, the 10th May 1935. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 26th April 1935 Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,44,50,000 were renewed in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Fort Co-operative Institute

The Jt. Secretaries write:—

It has been proposed to arrange a Co-operators' Excursion by sea, on Sunday, the 12th May, under the auspices of the Fort Co-operative Institute, Bombay.

The idea of the Institute in taking out such excursions is to provide the workers in the Co-operative Movement and others interested in the movement with an occasion to meet one another, exchange views and spread the knowledge of co-operation among the general public.

There will be an interesting programme for the whole day, including visits to Rewas and Elephanta Island, the famous week-end resort of the Bombay public.

Members and members of the member societies and others interested in the Co-operative Movement are requested to join the Excursion with their families, friends and others and inform the undersigned by the 5-5-1935 latest, the number of ladies and gentlemen for whom arrangement will be required.

Tickets will be available at the office of the Institute at Re. 1/8 per head, which includes catering, Tea and light refreshment. Children under 12 years will be charged half-rates.

The Steamer will start from Ferry wharf at 8 a.m.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Adult Franchise

The discussion in the Municipal Corporation on Monday shows the unfortunate attitude of some members who ought to have a better appreciation of the need for the extension of the municipal franchise. The most amazing of all the arguments adduced to shelve the issue, however, is that an extended franchise would prove a dangerous franchise inas-much-as corruption and malpractices would increase. This is specious logic and brands Indians in general and the citizens of Bombay in particular with incapacity to govern themselves in a manner free from corruption. A superficial knowledge of contemporary history ought to show to any one that in other countries, where wider franchise exists and voters number by the million, constitutionalism has not been dead on the sole ground that elections give rise to malpractices and should be dispensed with, forthwith. To say that the electorate would be unwieldy would be to run away from responsibility. So much for the arguments.

As for the resolution for shelving the question moved by a member who has been sitting on the Corporation for a long while, it would be futile for any one to try to prevent the development of popular institutions in so summary a fashion. Is the apathy against democracy due to the fact that such representatives of the people would be simply swept away by the storm of rising popular opinion from facing which they so much blink?

Bombay's Water Supply

As the new Corporation has come into power for the next three years, it will have to consider very seriously the question of water supply to the city. The Government of Bombay have already asked for an increase of water supply from 2.7 million gallons to 3 million gallons to Salsette and Trombay owing to the great increase in the population of those areas during the last fifteen years. Again, the city has to depend mainly on Tansa Lake not only for the usual water supply but also for watering roads, cleaning gutters, building purposes and for fire and other emergencies. Before the monsoon breaks, the Tansa Lake is almost empty and if perchance, the monsoon fails there will be terrible suffering to the people owing to the scarcity of water. The city fathers should consider seriously whether it is wise to waste chlorinated water over watering of roads, if it could be done from some other sources.

FELLOWSHIP ANNUAL GATHERING

The boys and girls of the school celebrated their Annual Gathering at China Baug on Monday last. Parents and guests had an opportunity of witnessing a well-planned exhibition consisting of seven sections viz. Tour Photos, Curios, Nature Study, Didactic Material of the Montessori and Primary Departments, Geography, Handi-Crafts and Painting. Prior to this, one hundred and fifty students had a happy three hours cruise on board the S.S. Laxmi on 26th April and sports on Saturday the 27th April.

Mr. K. M. Munshi in a heart to heart talk with the parents, dwelt at length on the progress of the school during this academic year and the plans for the future well being of the school. After the meeting and refreshments, children entertained the parents and guests with a variety programme of songs, dances and two skits.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS UNION

Under the auspices of the Indian League of Nations Union, Bombay Presidency, Mr. S.G. Warty, M.A., will deliver a lecture on "The League of Nations in its True Perspective to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. at the office of the League of Nations, Indian Bureau, Improvement Trust Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. The lecture is open to the public.

PATHE 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

EVERY CROOKED STREET LEADS STRAIGHT TO EXCITING ADVENTURE!

...in the shadowy heart of London's notorious half-world!

Adolph Zukor presents

"LIMEHOUSE BLUES"

A Paramount Picture with

GEORGE RAFT
JEAN PARKER
ANNA MAY WONG
KENT TAYLOR

Directed by Alexander Hall

Also POPEYE CARTOON

Telephone No. 22038, Telegrams "Chronicle,"
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The Bombay Chronicle

Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1935

MORE SAFEGUARDS

The India Bill is now going through its last stages in the House of Commons in Committee. The Committee stage is expected to be over in a week, unless the Services and the Princes contrive to wrest from the Government more safeguards which will need some additional clauses. As soon as the House resumed consideration of the Bill on Monday after the Easter recess, it adopted a new clause conceding one more safeguard to public servants protecting them against "vexatious prosecutions." The clause provides that prosecutions of public servants under Section 197 of Indian Code of Criminal Procedure or under Sections 80 to 82 of the Civil Procedure Code can be sanctioned only by the Governor-General or the Governor concerned, as the case may be, "exercising his individual judgment." This means that neither the Provincial nor the Federal Government as a body can sanction the prosecution, except with the permission of the Governor or the Governor-General. The new clause also provides that no Bill restricting or abolishing the protection of public servants under the above Sections can be moved in any Legislature except with the previous sanction of the Governor-General or Governor, as the case may be, given "in his discretion." Under the new clause, therefore, the Governor-General or the Governor can, if he chooses, effectively shield public servants against the legal consequences of any misdeeds committed by them. Why, one asks with natural suspicion, is not the law allowed to take its normal course in such cases? "It would be wrong," said the Solicitor-General in the course of the debate on the new clause, "to establish a procedure which would appear to hedge round civil servants from responsibility for acts they have committed." But that is precisely what the new clause tends to do, if it is not designed to do so.

Princes' Attitude

The Princes, too, seem to be quite successful in winning more safeguards from Government. According to the "Daily Telegraph" a satisfactory arrangement regarding Federation has been reached as the result of consultations between Counsel for the States and the officials of the India Office. The paper adds that a decisive statement of the attitude of Indian States will be issued in a few days, showing that, in view of the amendment Sir Samuel Hoare intends to introduce, doubts about the acceptance of Federation have been cleared, and the States will give full support to the measure in the promised form. This report is strengthened by the statement issued by Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer, wherein he says that Parliament and British Government have "at the instance of the Secretary of State accepted some important amendments to the Bill after the Bombay Conference." Nor is it surprising that Government should readily enough concede fresh safeguards either to the Princes or the Services so long as they restrict only the rights of the people of India and not of the British Government. As regard Paramountcy rights, Government will not restrict them by one jot or tittle. One of the Clauses accepted by the Commons on Monday definitely states that "subject, in the case of the Federated State, to the provisions of the Instrument of Accession of that State, nothing in this Act affects the rights and obligations of the Crown in relation to any Indian State."

India's Determination

While all sorts of amendments or new clauses are quietly accepted by the Government and the Commons in support of the Services or the Princes a new clause, moved by Mr. Lansbury, embodying the oft-repeated pledges of Government to India about Dominion Status, was summarily ruled out. It only declared that the Act should be regarded as constituting the necessary legislative process to facilitate British Indians' advance to full Dominion Status. But this was ruled out of order. It is not clear why it was not in order. However, it is clear that Government deliberately and definitely refuse to commit Parliament to the pledge of Dominion Status to India in a legislative form. Pledges in other forms can be more easily evaded or scrapped. Fortunately, the people of India have by now learnt to define and assert their own constitutional goal. And in reaching that goal, which is nothing less than complete independence, they will rely far more in themselves than on the British Government and their pledges.

The Firozabad Outrage

The incendiarism committed at Firozabad during the Moharram riots is so heinous and revoltingly inhuman that it is difficult to find many parallels to its diabolical brutality. And one canot help impatiently wanting to know what the authorities are doing to bring the bestial culprits to book and mete out to them condign punishment for their horrible misdeeds. In the meantime two Hindu leaders of Agra and the President of the Indian Christian Association who visited the locality to make enquiries have issued a statement which suggests serious allegations against the officers on the spot. It has been freely urged that the inmates of Dr. Jivaram's house would have escaped the terrible tragedy if the officials had been more alert in their duty to the public and less anxious about the Government treasury. A perusal of the statement leaves the impression that the writers agree with that view.

Nor is this all. It may be that the writers are prejudiced against Muslims, it may also be that there might have been a pre-meditated conspiracy to burn Dr. Jivram's house. But their report is a reasoned document and concludes with a number of searching questions which provide a circumstantially strong 'prima facie' case for their suggestion that, "there are certain matters which require a very thorough, impartial and independent inquiry in this connection, so that those responsible for this unfortunate loss of life, may pay the penalty they deserve for their neglect or dereliction of duty."

This inquiry must be strongly agitated for both by Hindus and Muslims. And particularly by the latter, because they owe it to their religion and their community to see that hooligans who disgrace the name of both should be found out and punished for their foul deeds. In this connection we must repeat that it is the urgent duty of Muslim leaders to denounce the brutality perpetrated at Firozabad. And we cannot too deeply deplore the silence of the Muslim League and the Muslim Conference on the matter.

OUR LONDON LETTER

Bombay Corporation's Lead Commended

(From Our Correspondent).
LONDON, April 23.
(By Air Mail).

It is not often that one hears of actions by Indian organisations which are of international character. In spite of all the conferences of statesmen, the war situation still appears to be as gloomy as ever. And although some Tory newspapers pretend to recommend to Britain a policy of isolation in European agreements, what they really mean in their heart is the reservation of the right of Britain to attack the Asiatic territory of U.S.S.R. whether the Soviet Union is a friend or a foe of other nations.

With ever-growing anti-war movement in Great Britain, France, Belgium and Scandinavian countries there has always been a feeling of disappointment that Indian citizens are not contributing their share in putting the war-mongers on their notice to desist from any wars in future. The news that the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee is contemplating to carry on a vigorous anti-war propaganda has, therefore, been received with eminent satisfaction in London. This reported action of the Bombay Congress Committee will indirectly give encouragement to British anti-imperialists to call upon British anti-war and working class organisations to grant to India her political freedom and control over her revenues and her army.

Growth Of International Spirit

International spirit in political campaigns is growing very strong in England and from this point of view British International organisations are watching Indian events with great care. The action of the Bombay Municipal Corporation to consider one of its members' amendments for supplying permanent electric lights to the municipal employees in their homes has also attracted great notice in certain quarters. The leading working class newspaper in London in its recent issue has devoted considerable attention to the proceedings of the Bombay Corporation which discussed the amendment and it has pointed out the example of Bombay to the Labour Councillors in many parts of Great Britain. The newspaper has highly commended the forethought of the Bombay City Father responsible for the amendment. It considers that such an example should be a valuable lesson to all the towns and cities throughout the British Empire in the matter of avoiding wasteful expenses in the name of King George's Silver Jubilee celebrations.

Copying Gladstonian Radicals.

The imaginary correspondence between the Rt. Hon. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and certain Labour leaders, suggesting that Sir Tej Bahadur is prepared to work Provincial Autonomy in the absence of Federal responsibility is an indication of a very serious policy which is exercising the minds of certain Labour leaders. In the matter of India, it must be remembered, the British Labour Party desires to attempt a policy of eating its cake and also having it. Pledged to the maintenance of the British Empire in the East, with the only possible method of a "British Steel Frame," the British Labour leaders, as the likely heads of a third Labour Government, are not prepared actually to transfer to the people of India effective power in ruling and administering India's revenues, her trade policy, her army and her foreign policy even among Asiatic countries.

Obviously the Labour leaders are only prepared to revive the old method of the Gladstonian Radical Party of making vague illusory non-committal promises of Home Rule or Dominion status, etc. They remember that the Gladstonian Radicals succeeded remarkably well in deceiving Ireland, Egypt and even India for a whole generation without being found out as clever imperialists. But the Labour leaders of Great Britain entirely forget and I dare say are politically somewhat stupid to realise that world's humanity has changed since the last War.

Beware of Labour "Friends Of India"

The prospective Labour Cabinet Ministers desire to have the blessings of India at their back to serve them for platform oratory at the next General Election in the name of their "beloved down-trodden and oppressed 350 million brothers and sisters in India." The next General Election is to be

(Continued On Page 8)

IMPRESSIONS OF ASSEMBLY WORK

Congress Representatives Infected Others With Their Patriotism, Often Won Their Co-operation And Isolated Government

By S. SATYAMURTI.

I respond gladly to the kind invitation to contribute an article for the "Bombay Chronicle" on "Impressions of Assembly work during the last session." It is the spectator who sees most of the game, and I was myself a player in the field. To that extent, my impressions are likely to be prejudiced. But, to the extent to which I can, I shall give an unprejudiced impression of the work of the last session of the Assembly.

The first impression I had and still have is that the surroundings in the Assembly are wholly inconsistent with the economic condition of the country. I am not against comfort or even some luxury, in the matter of the country's legislatures. But there is so much difference between the lavish expenditure in New Delhi on buildings and equipment and the phenomenal poverty of the country, that it cannot fail to strike any one. Another impression I had was that all this money was partially wasted, as New Delhi was not to be the permanent capital of India; and as the idea is to have two capitals, New Delhi is inhabited only for about half the year This is not right. The permanent capital of India should be located in New Delhi. This view was pressed on the Government by the Congress party, but the Government would not listen for the present. After all, modern scientific inventions and appliances have made it possible for conditions in New Delhi being made tolerable, during even the hottest months of the year.

Presidential Election

The presidential election brought into relief the existence of parties in the Assembly. If we were having real democracy and real live political parties functioning, we should be able to evolve conventions by which election to the high office of President of the Assembly may be kept free from party canvassing, but, unfortunately, such conditions do not exist in India to-day. But all is well that ends well. The Congress party decided to put up the late Mr. Sherwani, and lost only by 8 votes Sir Abdur Rahim has been elected President. He would not have been, but for the Congress opposition. This may seem curious, but is a fact. Sir Abdur Rahim is, on the whole, doing his best to carry on the duties of his high office with justice, independence and impartiality. No doubt, his age is against him; but he has, on the whole, risen to the occasion. The Congress party has loyally supported the Chair, just as any other party in the Assembly.

The Only Way

There is a group of politicians and there is a group of press reporters, who somehow have already got tired of what they call a 'stalemate' between the Congress party and the Government, and they are anxious to build what they call a golden bridge between the Congress and the Government. They are acting under a misapprehension. There is no bridge possible between a foreign Government and the representatives of a people struggling for freedom. The gulf cannot be bridged. The gulf can be filled up only with the sand of Swaraj. The present system of Government must go, and give way to Swaraj. Then there will evolve in this country political parties based on principles and programmes, and such gulfs as may exist between them will have already constructed on them golden bridges. Therefore, there is no need for anybody to get tired.

(Continued on page 9).

Frankly Speaking

MAY DAY

According to an announcement by the General Secretary of the United All-India Trade Union Congress, the Trade Unions of India have decided to celebrate May Day jointly to-day. The most important achievement of the Trade Union Congress that met at Calcutta recently was unity among the different groups. And it is a happy augury that May Day falls almost within a week of that achievement. There could be no more suitable day on which to celebrate and consecrate that unity. We wish the May Day celebrations all the success that they deserve and we hope they will mark the beginning of earnest and devoted service to the interests of the working class, interests which constitute the essential spirit of "May Day."

UMA NEHRU FOR ASSEMBLY.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya's unwillingness to accept the Congress Parliamentary Board's offer is to be regretted. Frankly, we are unable to understand the reasons that led to Malaviyaji's decision. A press report attributes to the Nationalists a sense of grievance because the Congress Parliamentary Board offered the Benares-Gorakhpur constituency which Malaviyaji would win even in circumstances of keen contest. The implication is, to say the least of it, most unfair to Malaviyaji and does not reflect credit on his followers' loyalty and faith in him. For, they seem to forget that however much voters may differ from him on certain public questions his personal prestige and his record of patriotic service are so supreme that Pandit Malaviya would win any constituency that he might choose to contest. But while we regret Malaviyaji's decision, we are heartily glad that Congress should have set up Mrs. Uma Nehru as its candidate. Mrs. Uma Nehru deserves to win—and we are confident that she will win—on her merits as a Congress worker with long years of meritorious service. But by selecting a woman the Board has made good a serious omission and we congratulate it on its choice.

CONGRESSMEN IN ASSEMBLY.

In an interview with a "Chronicle" representative Mr. N. V. Gadgil, M.L.A., the Whip of the Congress Party in the Assembly, attributes the remarkable success of the Congress Party in the Assembly to its spirit of comradeship with fellow-Indians in other parties. That success is all the more remarkable because the spirit of comradeship was never allowed to compromise the declared policy of the Congress. As regards Mr. Gadgil's remark that the Congress Party never discussed the question of acceptance of office, he evidently means that the Party as such did not formally discuss the subject. For it is well known that prominent members of the Party have informally discussed it with certain members of the Congress Parliamentary Board. It is certainly time that all those interested in the success of the Assembly policy seriously considered the question of office, as the nature of the new reforms is no longer a matter of doubt.

PLEA FOR ADULT FRANCHISE.

Any proposal to widen the franchise of the City Municipality is a nightmare to some of our Corporators, who, perhaps, see in such a change the doom of their civic influence. It is no wonder, therefore, that they stoutly opposed on Monday Rao Bahadur Bole's Bill lowering the franchise from ten to five rupees. But it is certainly surprising that some members claiming to be progressive should have feared that so slight a change would make the electorate unwieldy and beyond control. The franchise is not a matter of convenience but justice, and justice requires the adoption of Mr. Masani's amendment recommending adult franchise. The electorate will then be certainly large but not too large to be managed by officers who know their business, if only the number of constituencies is made large enough. Adult franchise is a potent means of developing a lively sense of civic responsibility both among the citizens and their representatives. And the cost and trouble of occasional elections are certainly not too big a price for the reform. We trust all really progressive elements in the Corporation will wholeheartedly support Mr. Masani's amendment when the subject comes up again for discussion on Thursday.

NATIONAL EDUCATION.

The National School of Ghatkopar, over the annual function of which Mr. K. F. Nariman presided on Sunday last, is among the few that have survived to this day out of the many that came into existence during the N. C. O. movement of 1920. If that part of the movement which dealt with National Education has not met with the success it deserved, it is because many Congress workers, in their desire for exciting militant activities, sadly neglected the laborious constructive work which National education demanded. Thus Mr. Nariman has still to deplore the fact that our school children are taught less about our patriots like Tilak and Gandhiji than of British adventurers in India. Congress leaders who appreciate the value of constructive work in general and National Education in particular should once again consider seriously the question as to what they can do in the present circumstances to promote the aims of national education.

ANTI-ILLITERACY CAMPAIGN.

The Bombay Presidency Adult Education Society may be congratulated on its latest attempts to promote literacy among adult illiterates in Bombay city, especially among workers. It is understood that arrangements are now complete for the conduct of six classes, undertaken as an experimental measure. The Association seeks the co-operation of teachers and employers of labour, and we trust it will soon secure all the co-operation it needs. As adult pupils naturally expect rapid progress and might keep away from classes where such progress is not possible, it is necessary that the teachers should be thoroughly efficient and regular in their work, whether they are paid any honorarium or not being quite a secondary matter.

— PRESS VIEWS —

Congress And The States

Placed as the Congress is, in a difficult position, it cannot just now afford to divert its attention and energy by actively interfering in the internal affairs of any State. It is primarily for the States people to carry on their struggle within their respective areas for responsible government. The moral support of the Congress in such struggle has already been given in the Calcutta resolution and reiterated in the resolution adopted at Jubbulpore. The people of the States may rest assured that if they can generate sufficient strength in themselves to fight the autocracy of their rulers, then sooner than later, it will be quite possible for them to extort the material support of the Congress as well.—"Forward."

Fears About Federation

There is a deep-seated fear in the minds of the people that autocracy and democracy can never mingle and that representation in the Federal Chamber must be made on a more equitable basis than as foreshadowed in the India Bill. The constitutional framework has to be made fool-proof, so that the voice of the people can assert itself against the serried ranks of reactionarism. So long as the suspicion remains in the minds of the people that the Government will play its old, old game by using the representatives of the States in the Federal Assembly to fight British India representatives, India will not take willingly to Federation. The reception to it may be faint and disheartening as to the Montford Reforms.—"Sind Observer."

KARACHI BAN EXTENDED

Magistrate's Order On Newspapers And Leaders To Continue For ? Months

—Headlines.

We are afraid the period "? Months" is not quite incorrect.

* * * *

Sir Donald Somervell suggested that Mr. Butler attached no importance to the Congress repudiation threats. Mr. Butler rejoined: "I attach the importance to the threats that they deserve.

—India Bill Proceedings.

Whether or no there have been "repudiation threats," the importance that Mr. Butler attaches to the Congress is embodied in the India Bill from A to Z.

* * * *

The American film "Lives of the Bengal Lancer" featured in Parliament during interpellations. Three things, as our alter ego would say, emerge therefrom:—

Firstly, it did not bring Britain's military uniforms into ridicule or contempt which was the most important point.

Secondly if Muslims are sprinkled, in the film with pig's blood and threatened with death in pigskin by British officers, then....

Thirdly, the attention of the Government of India was drawn to the film and "he Mr. Butler understood that the Government of India had taken no action."

And, fourthly, but let's stick to our original suggestion that only three things have emerged.

* * * *

Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer—you know him, don't you?—begins his latest statement to the press with a bitter reference to "the improper publication of the speeches" made at the Bombay Conference of Princes and their Ministers.

So it is after all true that, inspite of his subsequent protests, he did make the speech attributed to him by the "Morning Post."

* * * *

The ruler of Travancore, says Sir C. P. R., "has practically anticipated the decisions of the J.P.C. and established a bicameral legislature with a non-official majority in both Houses and with powers not very different from those of the Bombay and Madras Legislative Councils."

And, to clinch the argument, he has also appointed Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer as his Legal adviser.

* * * *

"Watch The Aga Khan's Stable," says a headline to a racing article.

Sir Md. Yakub ought to issue a responsive statement on behalf of hims—on behalf, that is to say, of the "Muslim community."

* * * *

The official Jubilee programme will be sold in London for the benefit of the "King George's Jubilee Trust." And says a report, "A quarter of a million copies are being printed and produced free of cost at the expense of an anonymous person."

We cannot but regret the anonymous person's diffidence and modesty. Indians do better. They proclaim their patriotism and loyalty from house-tops—with amplifiers.

* * * *

Elocutionary "Stills" At 3 Arts.:—

"—and—in their utterances lingered on the emotional impulses that crystallise the Indian and Italian sense of poetry, music and art."

* * * *

Atiya Begum Sahiba, however, glided away, as it were, in a gondola, instead of lingering anywhere:—"Atiya Begum in introducing compared Italy and Indian Peninsula, the one unattractive, unsavoury (?) completely neglected, the other rich with luxuriant gardens, promenades, boat houses, and other institutions for the relaxation of physical and spiritual cultivation of human beings....."

The gondola seems to have lost its bearings. But it reached port all night. Thus "....though both (Italy and India Peninsulas) were gifted with equal charms."

* * * *

She: "I don't think women have always been vain. You know, women were made before mirrors."

He: "Yes, and they've been before them ever since."

Calcutta Mayor Acquitted

Magistrate Holds Charge Of Adultery Is Not Sustainable On Evidence

CALCUTTA, April 30.

"On the evidence I find the charge is not sustainable. The accused, therefore, is acquitted."

Thus observed the Chief Presidency Magistrate this noon in delivering judgment in the case against Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, the outgoing Mayor of Calcutta Corporation on a charge of adultery with Mrs. Bina Sarkar, graduate wife of Professor Pramathanath Sarkar of Feni College.

The prosecution story was that Bina was the legally married wife of the complainant, Pramatha Nath Sarkar, and that ever since her marriage Bina had been refusing her husband his marital rights, and on the pretext of illness near about the end of January 1931, Bina and the accused, Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar who was distantly related to Bina as uncle went to Delhi where they stayed.

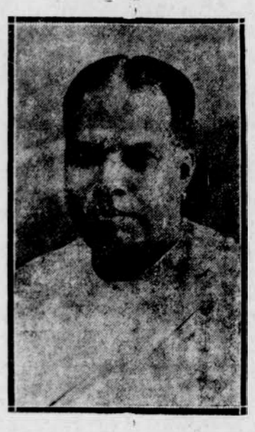
The prosecution further alleged that there they went on misconducting themselves from January 25 to the middle of April.

Return To Husband

During the early part of October 1932 Bina went to live with her husband at Feni where he was a professor and lived there till April 1933. Bina gave birth to a child in August 1933. According to the prosecution story, it is alleged that Bina conceived sometime in October and went to her husband in a hurry. The child subsequently born, the prosecution further alleged, was not the complainant's child.

According to the complainant, on June 17, 1934, the complainant and his brother-in-law found the accused and Bina in one of the apartments of the accused on the top-floor of the Hindustan Buildings, in suspicious circumstances.

Criminal prosecution was started against the accused only on February 26, 1935, under legal advice, as according to the complainant he could not institute the case earlier owing to his inability to get leave from the



Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, the Mayor of Calcutta

place of work which is about 300 miles away from Calcutta.

Untrue Allegations

In the course of his statement to the court the accused said that the allegations made against him were wholly untrue. He was a widower with no children and he had always looked upon his brothers and cousins as his own. Bina was his niece and he had never entertained in his mind any other feeling towards her and she had for the accused the same feeling as she had for her guardian and father.—United Press.

"Greatest Living Indian Nationalist"

SIR MD. YAKUB'S TRIBUTE TO MR. JINNAH

Inter-Communal Negotiations Deprecated

Sir Mohamed Yakub, who is in Bombay in connection with the meeting of the Governing Council of I.M.M.T.S. "Dufferin", interviewed by a "Chronicle" representative regarding the Karachi firing and the Government's refusal to appoint an enquiry Committee said:—

"The attitude of the Government of India as well as the Government of Bombay in refusing to institute an enquiry about the Karachi firing is worthy of strong condemnation. It shows lack of statesmanship and courage on the part of the Government. By their refusal they have given a handle to the Congress to incite and provoke the Mussalmans to lose their faith in British Justice. However, it would be an extreme folly and lack of statesmanship on the part of the Mussalmans to connect this incident with Their Majesties' Silver Jubilee Celebrations. It is well-known that under the constitution of the British Government, the King cannot take any part in politics and His Majesty is unable to interfere in any administrative measures by any Government anywhere in the British Empire.

FEROZABAD OUTRAGE.

Questioned about the Ferozabad incident Sir Mohamed said: "I extremely regret the accident at Ferozabad. Murder and arson is always to be condemned by whomsoever it may be perpetrated. An innocent Hindu life is as much sacred as the life of a Mussalman. The silence of the Council of the All-India Muslim League held at Lahore in making a mention of this incident and also the silence on the part of the other Muslim organisations seems to be due to the fact that greater cruelty was done to the Mussalmans and many more Mussalmans were brutally butchered at Cawnpore and other places in the United Provinces but not a single word of protest or a resolution of condemnation was uttered by any Hindu leader or passed by any Hindu Organisation. Therefore, the attitude of Mussalman on the present occasion cannot be made a subject of condemnation.

"Then again the recent utterance of Bhai Parmanand as President of the All-India Hindu Maha Sabha means a clear provocation to the Hindus. Under the circumstances it could be hardly expected of Mussalmans to go out of their way to pass a wholesale condemnation on the Mussalman population of Ferozabad without ascertaining what the real facts were.

MR. JINNAH'S SERVICES.

Asked about his view regarding Mr. M. A. Jinnah's attitude in the last Assembly Sessions the Muslim knight said: "Mr. Jinnah is the greatest nationalist living in India to-day and in spite of the provoking insults which he receives from the Congress Press everyday, his patriotic attitude in the last session of the Legislative Assembly is worthy of highest appreciation. In fact all the victories in the Assembly which the Congress Party, proudly claims for itself are due to Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Jinnah alone. The ingratitude of the Congress leaders in not recognising and appreciating his services is extremely to be regretted. It shows that in the mind of the Congress even a nationalist like Mr. Jinnah has got no soft corner.

PURELY PERSONAL CONVERSATION.

Questioned about the Rajen-Jinnah peace talks he said: "I am unable to express my opinion on Jinnah-Rajen peace talks at Delhi. It was a purely personal effort on the part of Mr. Jinnah in his personal capacity and not as representative of the Mussalmans, or even of the All-India Muslim League of which he is the President. In my opinion such conversations only tend to widen the gulf instead of producing any amicable settlement. Each failure brings a more severe reaction in its strain and personally I think it would be better if all these make-show attempts at reconciliation were stopped and people were allowed to forget their differences for some time. Besides, India is a continent and in each province the problem is quite different from the others. Therefore, any attempt to bring about an All-India settlement is bound to be a failure. I hope that the working of Provincial Autonomy will itself pave the way for the settlement of the separate provincial problems. As for the present it would be better to keep the door closed."

LIVE BOMB RECOVERED

Mysterious Explosion In Fategarh And Its Sequel

LUCKNOW, April 30

A message from Fategarh states that two persons arrested by the police as a sequel to a mysterious bomb explosion in a park adjacent to the Farrukhabad Club.

It is stated that the members of the club were playing cards, when they were startled by a terrific explosion in the park nearby, followed by distressing cries of agony. Rushing to the spot, they were confronted with a scene of two persons, one lying seriously injured with the other standing near him, torch in hand and pale with fear.

The matter was reported to the police on whose arrival the mystery was deepened, because both the injured and the other persons had disappeared. They followed the trail of blood, however and traced the two persons to a house and recovered one live bomb. The police collected the fragments of the bomb which had exploded in the park.

The police themselves are very reticent regarding the matter and strictest secrecy is being maintained with regard to the investigation.—United Press.

BANIHAL ROUTE TO KASHMIR

SHRINAGAR, April 30

Until further notice Lorries and cars travelling into Kashmir may leave Banihal, at the foot of the pass, before 8 a.m. and after 2 p.m Lorries and cars travelling from Kashmir will only be permitted to leave Lower Munda between 10 a.m and 12 noon.

Any car crossing the pass after 4 p.m. will do so at its own risk, as the road gangs are removed at that time.—A. P.

TRAIN COLLIDES WITH CART

BHUSAWAL, April 30

Today at 1 a.m. 105 down goods train collided with a bullock cart at the level crossing at mile 324/13 between Nandura and Jalamb which resulted in injury to the cartman and damage to the cart, but there was no dislocation or stoppage of traffic.—A. P.

REV. OTTAMA FOR AJMER

Mahasabha Holds Tournaments

AJMER, April 30

The Hindu Sabha tournaments are being held here from the 28th. The Rev. Bhikhu Ottama, president of the All India Hindu Maha Sabha, reaches here on the morning of the 1st. of May. Arrangements are being made to present him with an address of welcome at the Town Hall.

Mr. P. Sheshadri, the principal of the Gove. College will distribute the prizes to winners in the Hindu tournament on the evening of the 5th at the Government College grounds.—A. P

COMMUNAL CLASH AVERTED

110 Arrests Effected To Prevent Crisis At Gujranwala

LAHORE, April 30

A report from Gujranwala states that following the slaughter of a cow and a calf by Muslims in a field on the occasion of the reaping of crops Hindus gathered at the place and picketed the place where the slaughtered animals were lying The situation threatened to take a serious turn.

The police, however, rushed up to the scene and arrested 80 Muslims and 30 Hindus under section 151 Criminal Procedure Code to prevent a breach of the peace.—A. P.

SILVER TALKS END

Morgenthau Has Satisfactory Conference With Mexican Expert

WASHINGTON, April 29.

Mr. Henry Morgenthau has announced that the silver conversations with the representatives of the Mexican Government have ended. He added that Senor Lopez and he had a mutually satisfactory conversation. Mr. Morgenthau stated there would be no announcement to-night with regard to the possible change in the treasury silver price.—Reuter.

GERMANY'S MOVE TO BUILD SUBMARINES

French Not Surprised At Further Denunciation Of Versailles Treaty

PARIS, April 29.

The announcement that Germany will lay down at Kiel twelve 250-ton submarines, has caused no surprise here. Some quarters consider these submarines too small and limited in range to operate against the principal French trade routes in the Atlantic and Mediterranean, and consequently they are principally a menace to British trade in the North Sea Channel and the Baltic, but this consideration in no way affects French condemnation of Germany's unilateral denunciation of the Versailles Treaty.

Any how the present modest programme is generally regarded only as a prelude to the construction of bigger vessels.

The situation is complicated by the divergent French and British attitudes to the role of submarines which France regards as a defensive weapon.—Reuter's Special.

GERMAN EXPORTS TO BE SUBSIDISED

Dr. Schacht Drafts Ambitious Plan

BERLIN, April 29.

An ambitious plan to subsidise prescribed exports to the extent of 1,000,000,000 marks annually has been drafted by Dr. Schacht, and if approved is expected to be published early in May. Reuter learns that funds would be obtained by an increase in the turnover tax from 2 to 4 per cent.

Expected subsidy would be given extensively in the field of heavy manufactures like machinery with which Germany already has a strong position, especially in South Africa. Opinion on the merits of the plan among German business circles are at present sharply divided.—Reuter.

FRANCO-SOVIET AGREEMENT

PARIS, April 29.

After a 2½ hours talk M. Laval and M. Potomkin have agreed to the text of the Franco-Soviet agreement which M. Laval will submit to the cabinet to-morrow morning. It is expected that the agreement will be initialled as soon as possible, perhaps Wednesday.—Reuter's Special.

FALSE PACKED BALES OF AMERICAN COTTON

International Experts Will Submit Resolution On Evil To Rome Congress

MILAN, April 29.

After a long discussion on the question of false packed bales of American cotton and marketing methods the International Master Cotton Spinners and Manufacturers decided to submit the resolution on it to the forthcoming Congress at Rome. The invitation from King Fuad to hold the next Congress in Egypt at the end of 1937 was cordially accepted.—Reuter.

MISS LEILA ROW BEATEN

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, April 30.

At Bournemouth in the British Hardcourt Tennis Championships Second Round, Mrs. Howard beat Miss Leila Row 6—4 6—4.

COTEDAZUR SCRATCHED

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, April 30.

Cotedazur was scratched from 1,000 Guineas at 9 a.m. to-day

The following are 2,000 Guineas amended probables:—

Nicoll rides Screamer and H. Beasely Desert Cloud. Omit:—Radamedes.

OFFICIAL SOUVENIR PROGRAMME

Seven Processions Will Leave From Various Points To St. Pauls

(Spscial Cable)

LONDON, April 29.

The Official souvenir programme of the Silver Jubilee shows that seven processions will leave from various points for the Saint Pauls. Their Majesty's consist of six carriages, attended by the Sovereigns escort and lifeguards. The King and Queen will occupy the first, Prince and Princess Arthur Connaught, Earl and Countess Athlone the second and courtiers in the other four.

In the Prime Minister's procession of six carriages, Mr. MacDonald and Miss Ishbel will ocupy the first, Mr. Bennett, General Hertzog the second, Mr. and Mrs. Lyons third, Mr and Mrs Forbes of New Zealand the fourth, Sir Joseph and Lady Bhore representing India fifth, Mr. Huggins of South Rhodesia, Viscount and Viscountess Craigavon Ulster the sixth.

The Speaker will proceed in his coach from the Commons and be passed by the Prime Ministers procession en route. Only two carriages of Lord High Chancellors procession, with Lord Sankey and high legal functionaries.

The City procession include the Court of Commons Council, the Court of Common Council the junior Sheriffs who will occupy carriages in the front fifth wherein will be the Lord Mayor.

The Duke of York's procession of two carriages comprise of the Duke and Duchess of Yorks, Princesses Elizabeth Margaret in the first and the Duke and Ducess of Kent in the second, the Queen of Norway, he Duke of Gloucester will be in the first carriage with Wales in the Prince of Wales' procession, while in the second will be Princess Royal Princess Victoria and Earl Harewood. Both these processions have captains as escort and lifeguards.

In addition to the foregoing there will be motor cars carrying other members of the Royal family. Hundred-fifty cars from the heads of the diplomatic corps 20 for the cabinet ministers 41 for the royal household besides a number of other guests' cars. Their Majesty's procession will be preceded by detachments representing the Royal Horse Artillery, Dragoons Hussars and Lancers.

KING'S GREETINGS TO HITLER

A British Protest

LONDON (By Air Mail)

It was announced officially from Berlin yesterday that King George had sent a telegram offering "heartiest congratulations" to Hitler on his 46th birthday.

We cannot escape the feeling that the King's Ministers were singularly unwise in advising His Majesty to send that telegram.

The Nazis may read into it something more than a formal courtesy extended by a broad-minded Ruler to one who has fortuitously become the head of a neighbouring State.

The friendship of the British Royal House is a precious thing. It can be deserved, but never commanded. Implicit in its bestowal is a recognition of the recipient's worthiness and probity.

So with many another right loyal subject of His Majesty, we are, this morning, wondering just what Germany's No. 1 Nazi has done to deserve this signal honour.

We are wondering too, if the Cabinet will advise Royal Greetings being extended to Joseph Stalin, the nominal head of another friendly State, when his birthday falls due.

Almost at the very moment His Majesty's most gracious message was being delivered at the Wilhelmstrasse yesterday, a Note from Hitler was being handed to our Ambassador in Berlin telling Britain virtually to mind its own business with regard to German rearmament.

And meanwhile Germany was shouting itself hoarse in homage to the Realm leader.

Drums, marching men military aircraft, martial music and cheers of the multitudes were blent in a symphony of adoration which echoed throughout the Reich.

Frenzied Germany was enjoying its Easter Parade.

To-day, the shouting has subsided. Remains only the despairing wail from the concentration camp, the anguished cry of the hounded rtfugee, the stifled moan of the persecuted minority But these sounds echo throughout the world.

Responsibility Shall Not Be Dead Letter

Britain Will Not Go Behind Fiscal Autonomy Convention

LONDON, April 29.

New clauses and amendments to the schedules occupied 28 pages of the order paper when the House resumed the committee stage of the India Bill. These, according to the unofficial programme, should be disposed of in the next nine India Bill days. Sir S. Hoare of course was not present and the Bill was in charge of Mr. Butler. Sir T. Inskip and Sir D. Somervell.

Sir D. Samervell moved Sir S. Hoare's new clause dealing with the protection of public servants against prosecutions and suits. The amendment provides that no bill or amendment to abolish or restrict the protection afforded to the servants of the Crown in India by section 197 of the Indian Code of Criminal Procedure or by sections 80 to 82 of the Code of Civil Procedure shall be introduced or moved in either Chamber of the Federal Legislature without the previous sanction of the Governor-General at his discretion or in the Chamber of a provincial legislature without the previous sanction of the Governor at his discretion.

GOVERNMENT SATISFIED

In the course of the debate on the clause Sir D. Somervell affirmed that Government was satisfied with the safeguards contained in the clause and declared: "We consider it to be wrong to establish a procedure which would appear to hedge round the civil servants from responsibility for acts they committed. All we do is to put safeguards round the existing system to adapt it to the new conditions."

The clause was adopted by 188 votes to 36.

Mr. Butler moved Sir Samuel Hoare's Clause providing any sums which, if this act was not passed, would have been payable by the Secretary of State out of the revenues of India to or in respect of a person who was subscriber to the Regular Widows Fund, Elders' Widows Fund or the India Office Provident Fund shall be paid out of the revenues of the Federation and charged on those revenues. Mr. Butler explained that they were three old funds which was long closed to fresh entrants, but from which a few beneficiaries still drew pensions.

The clause was agreed to.

CORPORATION TAX.

Mr. Davidson moved Sir S. Hoare's clause providing firstly that the corporation tax shall not be levied in any federated State until 10 years have elapsed from the establishment of the Federation and secondly that any federal law providing for the levy of the corporation tax shall contain provisions enabling the ruler of any federated State in which the tax is otherwise leviable to elect that the tax shall not be levied in the State but an equivalent contribution shall be paid by the State to the Federation Lord Davidson explained that the clause made a specific provision for the two conditions which were always assumed in the discussions with the States. Mr. Davidson proposed to amend sub-section 1 so as to make clear that it applied to the levying of the corporation tax by the Federation. He said this would safeguard the position of a State like Mysore which has already levied a corporation tax.

Sir Samuel Hoare's clause relating to the corporation tar was adopted

Mr. W. Ormsby-Gore (Con.) moved the clause relating to the eligibility for the office of persons who are not British subjects. The clause which has four subclauses provides, inter alia, that the ruler or a subject of the federated State shall be eligible to hold any civil office under the Crown in India in connection with the affairs of the federation, and the Governor-General may declare that the ruler of the subject of a specified State which is not a federated State, or any native of the specified tribal area or any native of any territory adjacent to India, shall be eligible to hold any such office, being the office specified in the declaration. The clause was agreed to.

STATES AND FEDERATION.

The house agreed to the clause providing the saving for rights and obligations of the Crown in relation to the states. The clause provides that subject in the case of the federated State, to the provisions of the Instrument of Accession of that state nothing in this act affects the rights and obligations of the Crown in relation to any Indian State.

Sir Thomas Inskip pointed out that it removed the states' doubts whether then entry into the federation would prejudice their treaty rights and the obligations of the Crown. The clause dealing with property according by escheat or lapse or as "bona vacantia" was also agreed to.

In moving the clause relating to the power of His Majesty-in-Council to remove the difficulties that may arise in relation to the transition from the provisions of the Government of India Act to the provisions of this Act, and in relation to the transition from the provisions in part 13 of this act to part 2 of this act, Sir Thomas Inskip said it was essential in order to enable the act to operate by successive stages. He pointed out that the clauses 287 and 288 were withdrawn, as it was impossible to foresee exactly the events for which the provision must be made. To make the position sure the power was given by this clause to His Majesty-in-Council to give certain specified directions by the order in council which must be approved of by Parliament. The clause was adopted.

Clauses for Burma relating to the custody of public moneys, the power of the Secretary of State to appoint to medical posts, protection of public servants, and the ineligibility of non-British subjects for appointments which were similar to those for India were agreed to, as also the clause relating to the power of His Majesty-in-Council to remove difficulties which may arise in relation to the transition in Burma from the provisions of the Government of India Act to the provisions in part 14 of this act.

Sir H. Page-Croft inquired when the Burma constitution would come into force?

Sir Thomas Inskip replied that the intention was that Burma's separate constitution should be established at the same time as the provincial autonomy would be established in India.

A labourite clause in the name Mr. Lansbury, declaring that the act should be regarded as continuing the necessary legislative process to facilitate British India's advance to full Dominion Status was ruled out of order.

C I D TO BE INTACT

Sir Reginald Craddock proposed that the clause providing for the functions of the Governor in relation to the provincial Intelligence Bureau shall be exercised in discretion under the general superintendence and control of the Governor-General.

The Duchess of Atholl, supporting, said the importance was attached by the witnesses before the Select Committee of keeping intact the C I D on which the lives of so many people depended.

Sir Reginald's clause was defeated by 167 votes to 25.

TARIFF BOARD

Mr. Linton Thorp (Conservative) proposed a long clause, providing for the establishment of the Indian Tariff Board (replacing the present board) to be appointed by the Governor-General in discretion after consulting the Secretary of State which would advice and assist the Federal Government on questions relating to the import and export duties, providing, inter alia that if Board opine that the proposal for increased duty would decrease the revenue they shall report to the Governor-General and the report shall be submitted to Parliament.

Mr. R. A. Butler intimated that Government were unable to accept the amendment which was directly contrary to the present practice and said the proposal would involve dilatory procedure and moreover the Finance Minister would be unable to frame the budget without obtaining the views of the Tariff Board. If the Tariffs were affected Government considered the Board would be suspected in the eyes of India and really run counter to the whole spirit their fiscal relations therewith.

He said: We do not intend that the special responsibility shall be a dead letter if, unfortunately, wrong faction gained control of the policy of trading relations between the two countries. He added that Government had no intention of going behind the Fiscal Autonomy Convention or altering the general spirit of trading relations which were grown up since 1919.

The debate had not concluded when it was adjourned till to-morrow.

Legal Education In The Presidency

DO NOT PENALISE DESERVING POOR

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In the issue of the "Chronicle", dated the 23rd instant, your esteemed correspondent, Mr. Sirdar, Bar-at-Law, has, done well in propounding the prudential suggestions as to some possible ways of effecting improvement in our system of legal training and standard of legal profession. With reference to LL.B. course, the necessity for vigorous improvement, strongly operating on the production of not merely law graduates but real lawyers in the truest sense, is truly and indisputably felt. The question is indeed, ong overdue, and must be considered with the seriousness it deserves. But Mr. Sirdar is conspicuously silent as to the possibility of improving the other course —I mean the Bar Council examination of Advocates—except remarking that Matriculation, an educational qualification is too low a test for practising lawyers or the kind. It is readily conceded generally that the prestige of legal profession enjoins upon the Advocates to know as a general knowledge something more than mere precedents of law. Naturally the question arises, how this general education can liberally be imparted to suit and be in keeping with the efficient discharge of legal professional duties. Can this end be realised by simply raising the standard of academical education? My point is in direct reference to Bar Council examination and not the LL.B. course where we are made to believe that graduates in Art, etc., have acquired sufficient general knowledge to turn to law as a profession. One would be failing to do justice to the commonsense, if one were to belittle, if not deny, the significance of history and literature in the making of a lawyer. Undoubtedly, that is essential; but it does not take us very far. I venture to say that academic knowledge of history and literature has little to do with the practical training which is the only indispensable way of producing real lawyers. The suggestion that the educational qualification to appear for the B. C. Examination should be raised, from Matriculation to Inter Arts seems extravagant.

It is unthinkable that two years of college education will in any way better qualify a candidate to read law and add something valuable intellectually to practise it I humbly submit that academic education, though not without it own worth, is a different thing; while practical training with its direct bearing on the practical application of the letter of law, is quite another. I mean they are not so much interdependent as to make one inconsistently untenable without the other. It is unthinkable too, that a candidate, who is in a position to execute two years of college studies, would not go up to graduation before he takes to law. And if that is the case, one fails to understand the virtue of the suggestion to raise the educational qualifications in this respect. The question is, what then is the propriety of the Bar Council examination: Is it going to be the monopoly of the well-to-do?

Another difficiency is pointed out that there is much scope for cram work which tends to negative the very principle of practical efficiency. If I mistake not, I think the Bar Council have themselves to thank for this. So far, the Bar Council have done nothing to provide for the practical training of those who pass the B. C. examination than simply remaining content with its proud (?) position as a purely examining body. It is high time the Council reorganised the curriculum , provided for the practical training and looked after general efficiency of this class of advocates.

Whatever may be the merits and demerits of the suggestion to raise the educational qualification for the B.C. examination the advisability of maintainting the 'status quo' as a special facility for the poor but worthy cannot but too strongly be emphasised. Let not the poor, yet worthy be deprived of some meagre blessings of an independent and honourable vocation in life like this, by imposing impossible and worthless terms and thus making an indecent fad of a facility. Have not the poor equal claims to honour and self-respect? It is earnestly requested that the 'Legal Education Committee' which is now considering these matters will please see its way to retain the B.C. examination as a special facility for the middle class promising enthusiasts who cannot afford to go in for the college course to acquire requisite qualifications, effecting at the same time such improvements, with the inclusion of much-needed practical training, as to make this class of Advocates, real lawyers and not mere mechanics.

In this connection, in order to avoid repetition, I would request the readers to refer to the letter published in the issue of the "Chronicle" dated 22nd April under the heading "Legal Education and the Poor."—Yours, etc.,

A. D. K.

Nasik, April 26.

Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji & Adult Franchise

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In the report published in to-day's "Chronicle" of the proceedings of the meeting of the Corporation held on Monday I find that my remarks on Mr. Bole's Bill pertaining to the question of widening of franchise are not correctly reported. Your report leaves an impression that I opposed it. But the reverse was the case. What I said was that unless seats were redistributed and smaller constituencies created, widening of franchise by itself would become unwieldy and defeat its own purpose. Girgaum Ward, for instance, has to-day 32,000 votes; with five rupee franchise the number may swell to 50,000 and more and therefore it obviously become unwieldy. As these questions cannot be disposed of straightaway it is necessary that a committee considers them and hence my amendment.—Yours, etc.,

MATHURADAS TRICAMJI.

April 30.

Late Mr. Thomas Ferreira

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The Catholics of Bombay, Salsette and Bassein are highly indebted to you for publishing 'Pauloo's" letter in your powerful journal of the 30th April. I for one fully agree with "Pauloo's" views regarding the late Mr. Thomas Ferreira. The deceased was one who had brought to the performance of what he considered to be his duty, the strength of character and undaunted courage in the face of obstacles, which made him a leader of men. The awakening of the East Indians in recent times was inspired by him and the last fifteen years of his life had been constantly and continually spent in living up to his famous motto: "Wake up, East Indians." It was only those who knew the state of Salsette and Bassein, about 40 years ago, that could fully appreciate the tremendous amount of work that had been done by the late Thomas Ferreira. I could not think of any name during the last forty years, save perhaps the late Joseph Baptista, Bar-at-Law, whose services to Salsette and Bassein would stand comparison with that of Mr. Ferreira. The East Indian people, it could be said, were sleeping then. And if there was one person who strove every nerve to rouse the East Indian Catholics from their slumbers it was the late Thomas Ferreira. That seething mass humanity that had come on the 27th April, 1935, in Matharpacady Bombay, to attend the funeral, was an ample proof of the honour and veneration in which the Catholics held the deceased. Nobody had heard or seen such great honour being paid to a dead person in the East Indian community within living memory. And if they paid that unique honour to the deceased it was because the late Thomas Ferreira was a great hero who did everything which was humanly possible to uplift the East Indian community.—Yours, etc.

"G. D'SOUZA."

Bombay, April 30.

Matriculation Geometry Paper

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—We shall feel highly grateful if you kindly allow us a little space in your popular paper for voicing our view upon the so-called absurd rider on construction of a triangle in the Geometry paper of the last Matriculation examination. The construction of the triangle mentioned therein, is not altogether impossible. As we were instructed by the college-professors at Dharwar centre that the construction was possible inspite of its not being applicable to the general data, we succeeded in constructing it, in a special—satisfy the examiner—way. The procedure, adopted therein, may be stated if required.—Yours, etc.

K. R. POTDAR & V. M KUDALGI.
Examinees

Hubli, April 26.

NASIK "RATH" PROCESSION

Sanatanists' Surprise Move Foiled By Sec. 144 Order

NASIK, April 30.

A clash between Sanatanists and Harijans over the question of the Kalaram Temple 'Rath' procession was averted by the prompt action of the District Magistrate.

While it was generally believed that the Rath procession will not be taken out, as the regular auspicious day has long ago passed, leaflets were distributed last night throughout the City over the signature of the temple 'pujari' stating that the Rath procession was not taken out during the Ramnavami period on account of the prohibitory orders and that it will be taken out to-day morning on the expiry of the same. The leaflets specifically mentioned that only caste Hindus would be allowed to participate in the procession and that only members of select 'Akhadas' (gymnasiums) would be permitted to draw the rath.

HARIJANS MOBILISE.

As a sequel to this surprise move on the part of the Sanatanists, the Harijans sent urgent summons to the surrounding villages and collected their men and held a meeting at night, when they reiterated their decision to participate in the "Rath" procession.

FRESH ORDERS.

In view of the attitude of both the communities, Mr. Aminuddin, District Magistrate, issued orders last night extending till June 10 the orders under section 144 Cr. P. C. issued on April 10 prohibiting the "Rath" procession. The orders were served on the 'pujaris' the same night.

Although some discontent prevails among a section of the Sanatanists and the Harijans are excited, no attempt to defy the order has been made so far and nothing untoward has happened.—A.P.

NO TRICOLOUR FOR NASIK MUNICIPALITY

Flag-Hoisting Is No Legitimate Function, Holds Chairman

NASIK, April 30.

A special meeting of the Nasik Municipality was called last night to consider the question of hoisting the Congress flag over the municipal building. The sponsors had desired that this should be performed by Mr. N. V. Gadgil, M.L.A. when he visits Nasik this week.

When the motion was brought before the meeting Khan Sahib Kokni pointed out that the hoisting of the Congress flag was not a legitimate function of the municipality and raised a point of order as to whether the motion could be allowed. The Vice-President, who occupied the Chair, upheld the objection and ruled the motion out of order.—A P.

MYSTERIOUS EXPLOSION AT SHAHDARA

Lighted Faggots Gives Out Bomb Like Explosion

LAHORE, April 30.

A loud explosion resembling that of a bomb occurred in the outskirts of Shahdara, five miles from Lahore. A Muslim named Allahditta was wounded on both hands. Police officers of Shahdara district later visited the scene.

It is stated that the Muslim collected faggots to light a fire when the explosion mysteriously occurred. The cause of the explosion is still unknown. The wounded man is now in hospital.—A P.

Rly. Labour Union Secretary Arrested

JAMALPUR, April 30.

A report intimates the arrest of Mr. Gopal Rao, Joint Secretary of the Local E. I. R. Labour Union under Section 32 of the Police Act. —United Press.

Process of Heating the Soil being explained to Mahatma Gandhi at the Institute of Plant Industry, Indore, which he visited last week.

OUR LONDON LETTER

(Continued from page 6.)

fought not only by two dozen ambitious would-be Cabinet Ministers but also by about 550 Labour candidates who are obviously ignorant of the political intrigues of their own Privy Council chiefs. They are all aware of the fact that if any one of them can use his opportunity of influencing contact with any Indian and can work up some picture of India's trust in or admiration for a future Labour Government, he may receive his reward of extra support from the Party leaders during his parliamentary fight. The Party leaders' ambition to form the next Labour Government is to win 360 seats in order that they may be a Government with unchallenged power in the lower House and of these 60 have seats and 300 have not got them. It is for this purpose that men and women, who are expected to be Labour candidates at the next General election, are putting their arms of love and friendship round any Indians whom they can come across. Many of them, of course, suffer from overzealousness and some of them even suffer from illusions and dreams. This explains how the story emanated in London that Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru had made confidential statements to the Labour Party leaders that he is prepared to accept Provincial Autonomy in the absence of Federal Responsibility.

India will do well for the next twelve months to beware of every Labour Parliamentarian and to demand from every one of them a definite and unequivocal pledge that he believes in the right of every Indian to be a ruler of his country, as is the right of every British working class citizen in his own country.

Karachi Tragedy.

In the course of his letter dated 15th April, 1935 to Sir Samuel Hoare, Mr. Ben Bradley, Secretary of the League Against Imperialism, asserts that the recent Karachi shootings have created consternational not only in India but also throughout the world. On behalf of the League Mr. Bradley has emphasised that so shocking an occurrence cannot be suffered to be passed over in silence and that a full public enquiry is necessary. His Executive Committee has, therefore, instructed Mr. Bradley to enquire of the Secretary of State for India whether he will be willing to receive a deputation at the India Office or at the House of Commons, whichever may be most convenient to him, to place before him the very strong feeling that is so widely held as to the need for a public enquiry into this deplorable occurrence at Karachi. The deputation would consist of a representative of each of the following organisations: 1 The National Council for Civil Liberties, 2 The British Movement Against War and Fascism, 3 The Muslim Society, 4 The India Freedom Committee, 5 The League Against Imperialism, 6 The No More War Movement, 7 The Gandhi Society, and 8 The Indian Congress League (London). In the event, for one reason or another, of it being not possible for the India Secretary personally to receive the deputation the League has suggested that the Under-Secretary of State for India might be requested to receive the deputation on behalf of his chief.

DRIVER KILLED & 13 INJURED

Madura Village Fatality In Bus Accident

MADURA, April 30.

While trying to avoid an accident a bus capsized resulting in the instantaneous death of the driver and injuries to 13 passengers seven of whom are reported to be in a serious condition.

The accident occurred near Bodinaikunur.—A. P.

MAY DAY IN BOMBAY

Meetings At Lalbag, Chawpatty, Kuria And Madanpura

"Under the joint auspices of the All-India Trade Union Congress, National Trades Union Federation, the Red Trade Union Congress and the Congress Socialist Party. May Day celebrations will be held at Lalbag, Madanpura, Kurla and Chowpatty at 5-30 p.m., 8-30 p.m., 5-30 p.m. and 6-30 p.m. respectively.

Messrs. N. M. Joshi, Jamnadas Mehta, K. N Joglekar, S. G. Patkar, V. H. Joshi, S. H. Jhabwalla, Purushottam Tricumdas, Mascarenhas, D. S. Vaidya, S. P. Bhise, Mahomed Umar Rajab, V. B. Karnik, R. S. Nimkar, V. M. Bhuskute, Ali Bahadur Khan, Shiva Vishal, S. V. Parulekar, Bhogle, Mahashabde, Narayan Swami, Bhole, Godse, R. R. Bakhale and others will speak at different centres."

EX-SERGEANT GETS ONE YEAR R. I.

Convicted For Abduction Of European Lady

NEW DELHI, April 30.

Ballock, an ex-Sergeant of the Delhi police, was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment by the City Magistrate on a charge of abducting Mrs. Edwards, an European lady. The complainant in the case was her husband.

In a second case arising out of another complaint brought by the same complainant under section 406 I.P.C. (criminal Breach of trust) Ballock was acquitted the Magistrate giving him the benefit of doubt.

The accused Ballock was dismissed from the Delhi Police force for disobedience of police rules.—A. P.

LIGHTNING KILLS SHEPHERD & FLOCK

MADURA, April 30.

News has reached Madura that a shepherd and his flock of 25 sheep were killed by lightning on Thursday in the Balasundarpuram village near Palni.—A. P.

MULTAN HARTAL CALLED OFF

MULTAN, April 30.

In connection with the discovery of the body of a Hindu boy a few days back a Muslim has been arrested. It is recalled that this discovery was the cause of renewed communal excitement here. A board of Hindus has been formed to restore normal conditions.

The hartal has been called off and everything is normal though patrolling by the police is continued.—A. P.

Sensational Allegations Of Corruption

Corporation Orders Inquiry Into Working Of Improvements Departments

Allegations that there was corruption prevalent in the Improvements Departments of the Bombay Corporation and that he was in possession of concrete cases in which bribes were accepted, were made by Dr. J. N. Choksy on Tuesday at the adjourned meeting of the Municipal Corporation, while moving a resolution for the appointment of a Committee to enquire into the working of the Improvements Departments. After a heated discussion, the Corporation agreed to appoint a Committee.

The question of those councillors who were in arrears of their dues to the Corporation also came up for discussion on the motion of Mr. Mohamed Umer Rajab. The Corporation decided that the Commissioner should report at an early date the names of the Municipal Councillors who were in arrears of their dues and the amount they owed.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

When the Corporation reassembled on Tuesday, Dr J N Choksy moved that a Committee (the Standing Committee) be appointed to consider, in consultation with the Commissioner and report on the working of the Improvements Department and also on the question of reorganisation and retrenchments in these departments, if necessary. The mover said that the working of these departments was a scandal, both in and outside the Corporation hall. Dr. Javle had stated that the condition of these departments was rotten. The Committee when it enquires into the working of these departments will find facts which will rouse the Corporation.

Mr. Mohamed Umer Rajab seconded the resolution.

Mr. Sabavala opposing the motion said that it was a waste of time to appoint a Committee. It would also mean extra expenditure. To restart the question of enquiry at this stage was premature.

OPPOSITION TO INQUIRY MOVE

Mr. Hirjebehedin opposing the motion said that Dr. Choksy had not made out a case for enquiry. When there was re-organisation Committee in existence, the speaker did not find any need for the appointment of a Committee.

Rao Bahadur Asavle thought that if an enquiry were to be started, it would be found that the staff was insufficient. Instead of retrenchment, it would be found that more hands were necessary. He felt that no useful purpose would be served by passing the above resolution.

Sir Jehangir Boman Behram supporting the proposition said that if it was found that the department was undermanned, the Committee would recommend more staff.. It was a simple proposition which spoke for itself.

Mr. Mohanlal Desai opposed the motion, and said that it was both premature and superfluous.

Mr C W E Arbuthnot opposing it felt sorry that the newly constituted Corporation should show want of confidence in the Improvements Committee which was elected by them very recently. He felt that the Improvements Committee was competent to deal with the question, if there was anything to be considered.

DR. CHOKSY'S ALLEGATIONS.

Dr Choksy in his reply stated that those who were opposing the motion were doing so out of fright, because they felt things would be exposed. As a concrete case he alleged that a plot worth about Rs. 350 on the Phirozeshah Mehta Road was sold to a Party for about Rs. 210, after one of the officials had been promised some "Baksheesh." He made other allegations also about some officials having a percentage in the rent-forming contract department.

The resolution was put to vote and carried by 14 to 9.

Dr. Cursetji's resolution about the irregular and deficient water supply in the city was referred to the Committee appointed in February for the purpose of finding the cause for irregular water supply.

CITY FATHERS IN ARREARS.

Mr. Mahomed Umer Rajab then moved that the Commissioner be requested to report at an early date whether there are any councillors who are in arrears of their dues of any kind to the Municipality and if so to state their names, the amount and the period for which they are in arrears, and also whether special notices have been served on them, and if not, whether he does not think it desirable to take action against them.

The mover said that he was in possession of facts to say that there were some municipal councillors who had not paid up their arrears. He wanted that there should be no difference between Municipal councillors and ordinary citizens. Both should be treated in the same way.

Dr. Choksy seconded the motion.

Mr. Hirjibehedin said that councillors could not claim a better privilege than ordinary citizens, as far as payment of taxes were concerned. The question was a serious one and immediate notice should be taken by the Commissioner. It was humiliating for a Municipal councillor to be in arrears.

Sir Jehangir said that the question had been considered only six months ago, and the Commissioner had reported that there were none who were in arrears. He felt that unless the mover gave out the names of those who were in arrears, the motion should be thrown out.

Mr R K Vaidya said that he also had information that there were some councillors who were in arrears of their dues to the Municipality, and he thought that the Corporation should be supplied with that information.

Miss Maniben Kara supporting the motion said that when the proposition had been given notice by Mr. Khairaz six months ago, the arrears were paid up by the Councillors before the proposition came up for discussion in the Corporation. She hoped that the same would be the case now also. There was nothing humiliating in asking for a report like the above. The public would praise the councillors for trying to purify the administration and for rectifying mistakes.

Mr Mencherji Joshi moved an amendment that the Commissioner should report the names of those who were in arrears for six months.

Sir Phiroze Sethna in supporting the amendment said that the public instead of thinking bad of them would think very well of them, if the proposition was accepted by the House. They would think that the Councillors had a very high sense of morality. If the amendment were to be accepted, the names of those who were in arrears for six months, although they paid it up before the report was submitted, would appear in the list. He felt that those members who were in arrears for more than six months should cease to be members of the Corporation.

After Mr. Rajab had replied, the amendment was put to vote and lost and the main proposition was carried by a huge majority.

The Corporation adjourned till Thursday.

End that Cough!

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Chamberlain's COUGH REMEDY

IMPRESSIONS OF ASSEMBLY WORK

(Continued from page 8)

The Congress knows its mind. The Congress knows the limitations of the present Constitution. The Congress knows its clear objective. It will not, therefore, get tired. It will fight inside and outside the Legislatures for Purna Swaraj. Nor need people waste their sympathy on the Government. Whatever previous Governments may have felt on the subject, the present Government seem to be thoroughly happy in their position. They have made up their minds not to heed to any opposition, Congress or non-Congress. Let them go on as long as they can.

Greatest Achievement

The greatest achievement of the Congress party in the Assembly is that it has infected practically all Indian elected members of the Assembly with their own patriotism and independence. The Congress party could not have won the numerous divisions they had against the Government, but for the whole-hearted and loyal support of other parties in the Assembly. The Congress Nationalist party whole-heartedly worked with us. The Independent party more often than not, voted with us. Even among the nominated members, there were some who at least occasionally voted with us. And, last but not least, the European group remained neutral on a critical occasion. Or, the whole we have succeeded, during the last session, in more or less isolating the Government in the House, and leaving them without any friends except their own creatures. There is therefore, every reason for the Congress party to feel happy at the result of the work of the last session.

Future Work

But the Congress party is not going to rest on its oars. It knows its difficulties. It will go forward and prepare itself for future work in the Assembly by seeking the co-operation of other parties and by carrying on an unflinching opposition to the Government, in all its anti-national measures. The Congress party has appointed sub-committees to study particular subjects coming before the Assembly. The Congress party has realised the value of co-operation with other parties in the Assembly, and will do everything in its power to promote it. The Congress party has also realised that the actions of the present Government are calculated to destroy any idea of co-operation between the people and the Government. It has also realised—by the way the Finance Bill was certified by the Governor-General in the interests of India—how the proposed safeguards will be used. The Congress party will, therefore, fight inside and outside the Legislatures by all legitimate and peaceful means to reject the offered constitution and for a Constituent Assembly based on adult or the widest possible franchise for evolving a Constitution for India. The Congress party confidently appeals to all citizens of India to co-operate with them and with the Indian National Congress in this great and urgent nation-building work.

ASSAM GOVERNOR GOING ON LEAVE

SIMLA, April 30.

It is understood that Sir Michael Keane, Governor of Assam has been granted leave not exceeding four months in order to enable him to proceed to England for health and private reasons. The leave is to commence from June 19 or any subsequent date Sir Michael wishes.

Mr A J Laine, Member of the Assam Executive Council will officiate during his absence.—United Press.

PROTEST AGAINST GRADATION

Appeal To Primary Teachers

The Vice-President, Thana District Primary Teachers' Association writes:—

The Government of Bombay have, as per their Resolution No. 5448 of 25th February 1935, resolved to adopt a new and revised scale of pay to teachers, fixing the percentage of cadre of each grade, thereby precluding them from getting pay in the higher grade, though they obtain the higher training certificate. The measure thus is very retrograde and disappointing, and will worsen the pitiable lot of the primary school teachers.

The District School Board, Thana, have decided to hold a Conference of all Presidents and chairmen of all the District Local Boards and Municipalities in this Presidency, on Wednesday (15th May,) in the "Vithalbhai Patel Hall" in the District School Board Office Building at Thana, at 3 o'clock.

APPEAL TO TEACHERS.

All the teachers should, therefore, strive collectively, and enlighten the members of the Legislative Council from their district about the effect of the present move of the Government, and secure their help in bringing pressure on Government to abstain from giving effect to the G. R. in the form already set forth.

Those of the teachers, or associations who are desirous of contributing towards the expenses of the Conference are requested to remit the amount to Mr. A. B. Khamebete, Vice-President, Thana, District Primary Teachers Association, L. B. Boys' School, Agashi.

The name of the President of the Conference will be announced in the papers as early as possible.

EDUCATING THE ILLITERATE

Bombay Association To Conduct Six Classes For Workers

One of the principal aims of the Bombay Presidency Adult Education Association is the spread of literacy among the adult illiterates.

It was decided to make a beginning in Bombay City especially among the workers and arrangements are now complete for the conduct of six classes, which are undertaken as an experimental measure. It is hoped that experience gained in these classes will be valuable for future guidance.

It is gratifying that the General Motors Ltd. (India) have voluntarily come forward with a monthly contribution of Rs. 50 for the spread of literacy and if their example is followed by either employers of labour the movement for the spread of literacy among the adult illiterates will gain substantial strength. It is proposed to approach these employers with a view to seek their active co-operation. Until the employers come with their voluntary assistance, the starting of additional classes will depend upon the number of voluntary workers available, which is an uncertain factor.

General Knowledge Lectures

In addition to the spread of literacy, it is proposed to impart culture and general knowledge to the workers, by organising periodical lectures on useful topics, such as healthy habits, extravagance in marriage and funeral ceremonies, the duties of neighbourliness, elementary knowledge of history and geography etc. The centres have been selected in the Parel area, one near the Damodar Hall and the other at Naigaum. Some of these lectures will be illustrated by magic lantern.

Voluntary lecturers, competent for such work, are urgently required, and such of them as can spare at least an hour a week for this useful service, are requested to communicate with the Organiser of these classes and lectures at the offices of the Association, Sukhadwala Building, Ravelin Street, Fort, Bombay, or see him personally between 4 and 5 p.m. any week day.

Dr. Chakravarty As Acting Vice-Chancellor

MADRAS, April 30

At the Syndicate meeting of the Annamalai University Dr. S. N. Chakravarty has been elected acting Vice-Chancellor in place of Dewan Bahadur Ranganathan.

The question of appointing a permanent Vice-Chancellor will be considered soon after the arrival of Raja Sir Annamalai Chettiar from England.—United Press

JAMNAGAR HOMEOPATHIC ASSOCIATION

Vile Parle Doctor Explains Principles Of Science At Opening Ceremony

JAMNAGAR, April 29.

A large meeting of a citizens of Jamnagar was held on the 28th instant to celebrate the opening ceremony of the Kathiawar Homoeopathic Medical Association, which was performed by Dr. Rasik R. Thakar of Vile-Parle at the Bhidbhaujan Lecture Hall, when Rao Saheb Dr. Purshottamdas Muniar was in the chair.

Dr. Bavishi introduced Dr. Rasik R. Thakar and declared him to be the leader of Homoeopaths of India, as he had been elected by the All-India Homoeopathic Medical Conference held at Bombay in December last, to represent India at the forthcoming Session of the International Homoeopathic Medical League to be held at Geneva.

Afterwards Dr. Rasik R. Thakar addressed the meeting and explained the chief principles of Homoeopathy by enlarging upon the life of the Late Dr. Samuel Habueman, the founder of the Homoeopathic Science.

In the middle Dr. Dalpatram made an eloquent speech by explaining the Science and its principles, and then Rao Saheb proposed the election of the office bearers of the Kathiawar Homoeopathic Medical Association, and requested Dr. Rasik R. Thakar to be the president of the same, who was persuaded to accept the post. Dr. Dalpatram was elected to be the vice-President and Drs. Bavishi and Baloobhai were elected as general secretary and joint secretary respectively.

Dr. Rasik R. Thakar was then garlanded and a group Photo was taken.

"DAVID COPPERFIELD"

Prize For School Children

The Management of the Regal Cinema in the course of a letter to Principal of High Schools say:

At the request of many of the principals, who were delighted at the preview of the film "David Copperfield" on Sunday the 14th, we have decided to run a Matinee show everyday at 3-30 p.m. commencing from Saturday, April 20th, for the benefit of the thousands of school children in Bombay.

We have decided to give to the student under the age of 61 who sends the best essay, consisting of not more than 30 lines on the subject "David Copperfield the film, and why did you like it?" a present of the dialogue and action script book of the film with an attached cover on which are the genuine autographs of all the actors and actresses in the picture, together with those of others who helped to produce the film, such as the celebrated English novelist, Hugh Walpole. There will be another prize of an illustrated book of David Copperfield for the best essay submitted by students under the age of 10. The judges of the competition will be selected from well-known members of the Bombay Press whose decision in the matter will be final. All the essays from each school must be accompanied by a note from the Principal to the effect that all the entries and ages stated are correct. All entries must be sent to the Manager, Regal Cinema Bombay, on or before 4th May, 1935.

Extraordinary Meeting Of Jat Mahasabha

(From A Correspondent)

ALIGARH, April 30

An extraordinary meeting of the All-India Jat Mahasabha Executive Committee will be held in Jat Dharmshala, Delhi on May 3 at 7 p.m. to consider the grave situation of the Sikar.

ADULT EDUCATION IN BOMBAY

Association Invites Honorary Lecturers

The Secretary Bombay Presidency Adult Education Association writes:—

One of the principal aims of the Bombay Presidency Adult Education Association is the spread of literacy among the adult illiterates. It was decided to make a beginning in Bombay City especially among the workers and arrangements are now complete for the conduct of six classes which are undertaken as an experimental measure.

The General Motors Ltd. (India) have voluntarily come forward with a monthly contribution of Rs. 50 for the spread of literacy and if their example is followed by other employers of labour, the movement for the spread of literacy among the adult illiterates will gain substantial strength. The starting of additional classes will depend upon the number of voluntary workers available until more employers render voluntary assistance.

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE LECTURES

It is also proposed to impart culture and general knowledge to the workers, by organising periodical lectures on useful topics such as healthy habits, extravagance in marriage and funeral ceremonies, the duties of neighbourliness elementary knowledge of history and geography etc. Two centres have been selected in the Parel area, one near the Damodar Hall and the other at Naiguam. Some of these lectures will be illustrated by magic lantern.

Voluntary lecturers, competent for such work, are urgently required, and such of them as can spare at least an hour a week for this useful service, are requested to communicate with the organiser of these classes Sukhadwala building, Ravelin Street, Fort, Bombay, or see him personally between 4 and 5 P.M. any week day.

Leading, where others will follow . . .

Amazing New Process of oil refining makes

Mobiloil

practically 100% pure lubricant

CLEAROSOL PROCESSED OIL *means*

- *25% More Mileage*
- *Less Carbon Deposits*
- *No Gum, Sludge or Tar*
- *Easier Starting*

Standard-Vacuum Oil Company engineers and scientists have made a discovery of immense importance to all motorists—the new Clearosol Process!

This process does what no system of refining or filtration had hitherto achieved.

By the use of powerful solvents, it positively clears the crude oil of gummy and tarry elements which could not be filtered out by ordinary methods. The refined oil is pure . . . practically 100% pure lubricant. No wonder it lasts as much as 25% longer than other oils!

As a result, Gargoyle Mobiloil is even more economical than before. So pure that it reduces carbon deposits to a minimum and resists sludge formation, it provides safe lubrication for much longer periods between fillings. And by keeping your engine clean—free from gummed-up rings and valves, clogged filters, fouled plugs—it gives you the benefit of finer performance all the time.

Gargoyle Mobiloil is approved by the makers of over 95% of all the cars on the road today.

STANDARD-VACUUM OIL COMPANY

Shipping News

Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS.
Bombay, April 30.

S.S. Behar; S F Champion; Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co.; Kobe via Colombo.

S.S. Tango Maru; T Takicho; N. Y Kaisha; Yokohama via Colombo.

DEPARTURES.
Bombay, April 30.

S.S. Aden Maru; H Uoyama; O S Kaisha; Kobe via Penang.

S.S. City of Perth; R J Ricketts; F F Campbell & Co.; Calcutta via Colombo.

S.S. Behar; S F Champion; Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co.; London via Aden.

S.S. Barala; J W Milne; Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co.; Basra via Verawal.

LOADING.
Bombay, April 30.

S.S. Pres. Adams for Europe and American Ports

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, April 30.

2 City of Baroda, 4500, Karachi, 3-5 K Nixon and Co.
5 Masula, 4566, London, 2-5, M M and Co.
6 City of Perth, 4153, Colombo, 30-4, F F Campbell and Co.
8 Ceylon, 3267, Calcutta, 2-5, L Edwards Ltd.
9 Tango Maru 4238 Japan, 11-5 N. Y. Kaisha.
11 Kidderpore, 3263, Japan, N F, M M and Co.
13 Toyama Maru, 4386, Japan, 2-5, N Y Kaisha.
14 Takliva, 3742, Durban, 1-5 M M & Co.
16 Behar, 2910 London, 30-4 M M & Co.
17 Jalapadma, 2326, Rangoon 2-5, Scindia S N Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

2 Shinnoh Maru, 3582, Karachi, 30-4, O S Kaisha.
3 Barala, 1899, Busra, 1-5, M M and Co.
4 Vasna, 2026, Busra, 2-5, M M & Co.
7 Aden Maru, 4260, Japan 30-4, O S Kaisha.
9 Yahiko Maru 3395, Japan 3-5 O S Kaisha.
15 Hashemi, 298, M'Coast 30-4 S. Hassum & Co.

PRINCES DOCK

B Cope Howe, 2745 Colombo 1-5 Scindia S N Co.
K Ellora, 2388 NF NF, M M and Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON
Viceroy of India 2-5, P & O S N Co.
Chitral 9-5 P & O S N Co.
Mantua 17-5 P & O S N Co.
FROM NEW YORK
Pres: Polk, 19-4 F F Campbell & Co.
Pres. Adams. 3-5, F F Campbell & Co.
City of Johannesburg 27-4, F F Campbell & Co.
City of Evansville 15-5, F F Campbell & Co.
Martlebank 27-5, F F Campbell & Co.
FROM HAMBURG.
Weissenfels 13-5 L Edwards.
Treuenfels 18-5, L Edwards.
Ockenfels 31-5 L Edwards.

FROM KOBE
Tango Maru 30-4 N Y Kaisha.
Ume Maru 9-5 O S Kaisha.
FROM GENOA.
Victoria 6-5, L Triestino.

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON.
Viceroy of India, 4-5, M M & Co.
Strathnaver, 11-5, M M & Co.
Ranchi, 18-5 M M & Co.
Maloja, 25-5 M M & Co.
FOR LIVERPOOL.
Elysia, 22-5, Graham Trading Co.
FOR GENOA.
Victoria, 9-5, L T Co.
FOR NEW YORK.
City of Perth 2-5, F F Campbell & Co.
City of Johnsburg, 8-5, F F Campbell & Co.
Pres: Adams, 3-5, F F Campbell & Co.
City of Evansvill 20-5, F F Campbell & Co.
Pres: Hays, 21-5, F F Campbell & Co.
FOR TRIESTE.
Conte Rosso, 23-5, L T Co.
FOR KOBE.
Tokishima Maru 30-4 N Y Kaisha.
FOR BUSRAH.
Barala 1-5 M M & Co.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST LANDING DATES.

S.S. Shinnoh Maru	29-4-35
S.S. Tunni	29-4-35
S.S. Indira	29-4-35
S.S. Parvati	29-4-35
S.S. Netravati	29-4-35
S.S. Mooltan	29-4-35
S.S. Vashna	30-4-35
S.S. Hashimi	29-4-35

EXPORTS.
Bombay, April 30.

S.S. Masula for Dunkerk:—440 bales cotton, Langley & Co.; 55 bales cotton waste, M Chandulai & Co.; 55 bales cotton, Vakharia & Co.

For Antwerp:—62 bales cotton raw, Vakharia & Co.

S.S. Behar for London:—1000 bags masoor, T S Thadani & Co.

For Marseilles:—89 bags hemp, S M Rajgor; 1334 bags Gr. kernels, K M Nathoo.

S.S. City of Baroda for Philadelphia:—34 bales goat skins, Cox & King.

For Dunkerk:—110 bales cotton, K Devchand & Co.

For Barcelona:—55 bales cotton, Langley & Co.

For Ghent:—330 bales cotton, B Cursondas & Co.

For Liverpool:—25 bales cotton, C Parekh & Co.

S.S. President Adams for New York:—850 bags gum, N Mulji & Co.; 650 bales cotton waste, P D Vora & Co.; 32 cases cotton prints, Thos. Cook & Sons.

S.S. Kidderpore for Kobe:—400 bales cotton, Langley & Co; 100 bales cotton, P Madhavni & Co.; 100 bales cotton, H Harji & Sons; 100 bales cotton, A Khimji & Co.; 165 bales cotton, N Fatehalli & Co.

For Hongkong:—38 gallns. medicine, E S Abdul Qayum.

S.S. City of Kobe for Liverpool—1600 bags myrabollums, R S Tata & Co.

S.S. Elysia for Manchester:—250 bales cotton thread; V G Maskai; 140 drums castor oil, Gujarat Oil Mills.

For Glasgow:—50 bags soap store powder, S Wallace & Co.

S.S. Aden Maru for Yokkaichi:—100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

S.S. Yahiko Maru for Kobe:—300 bales cotton, G K Kaisha.

S.S. Toyama Maru for Kobe:—100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.; 400 bales cotton, Kotak & Co.; 390 bales cotton, A Podar & Co.; 500 bales cotton, N Nagshi & Co.; 100 bales cotton, V Ladha & Co.; 1000 bales cotton, G K Kaisha.

For Osaka:—500 bales cotton, N Nagsni & Co.

IMPORTS.
Bombay, April 30.

S.S. Naigora; Agents M M & Co.; from Batavia:—50 bags sulphur,

From Chinbon:—1556 bags sugar.

From Proboling:—502 bags sugar.

From Surabaya:—452 bags sugar.

From Mangalore:—246 bags coffee; 76 bags supary.

From Cochin:—275 cases tea.

S.S. Hatarana; Agents M M & Co. from Rangoon:—10103 bags rice, 450 bars P. lead; 652 bags betelnuts; 52 cases cutch.

From Allepy—85 cases Ceshew kernels.

From Cochin:—65 bundles roots; 322 bundles coir yarn.

From Ponani:—380 bags cocoanut

From Calicut:—125 bags cocoanuts; 1180 crates coir rope; 698 bgs. Sandalwood; 250 bales cotton; 222 cases tea.

S.S. Br. Lord; Agents Anglo Persian Oil Co.; from Abadan:—8290.3 tons F oil; 1004.1 tons L. oil.

S.S. Jalamohan; Agents Scindia St. Nav. Co; from Rangoon:—17089 bags rice.

S.S. Rahmani; Agents T M & Co; from Jeddaif:—3 cases species.

S.S. Hart Bridge; Agents Madhavlal & Co.; from Calcutta:—5467 tons coal.

From Tuticorin:—176 bales cotton; 164 boras C.-waste.

From Cochin:—65 bags cocoanuts; 96 bundles coir ropes; 932 bundles coir yarn.

From Calicut:—1525 bundles cotton; 125 bags cocoanuts; 472 jottas mangoes.

ARTIFICIAL SILK FROM COTTON WASTE

Sir T. V. Acharya On Bombay Experience

KARACHI, April 30

Sir T. Vijayaraghavachari, the Vice-Chairman of the Imperial Council of Agricultura l Research, on his return from Pasni, where he had proceeded by air to inspect the Locust Research Station, in a press interview said that they were carrying out experiments to manufacture artificial silk from cotton waste in the neighbourhood of Bombay. It was their ambition to develop the uses for Indian short staple cotton.

Speaking about some schemes, he said that they were engaged in converting town refuse, including night soil into valuable manures. In this connection, he said, that Sir C. V. Raman was doing excellent work.—United Press

BHAVNAGAR QUOTATAIONS

Bhavnagar, April 29.
(From Sheth Bros.)

Corrugate English sheets 9/8 Tata Rs. 9/6 strong oil ready Rs. 5/14/6 Vaisakh Rs. 5/14/6 Tejimandi Rs. 0/2/6 Ashad Rs. 6/2 Teji-mandi Rs. 0/8 sugar ready Rs* 4/12/3. Tone strong Steamer s.s. Moti Rs. 4/15 s.s. Hira Rs. 4/15/6 April to December unchanged Sutar Goldhohor Rs. 107/12 Teji-mandi Rs. 4/4.

SCIENTIFIC EXHIBITION ACCOUNT OF H. S. A. FUND.

The net proceeds realised from the scientific exhibition of the Hospitals Special Appeal Fund were: Rs. 17,661-5-9.

Proceeds by sale of tickets and programmes, by advertisements and stall-hire and by donations from out-siders and committee members to cover all exhibition expenses and to the exhibition fund amounted to Rs. 5,200-0-0.

Out of the proceeds the payments made were Rs. 17,661-5-9.

BABURAO PAINTER
The Father of Film Industry in India)
presents

A HINDI TALKIE PICTURE!!
of
Great Splendour—
Music Director:
GOVINDRAO TEMBE
from
COMING SATURDAY at
KRISHNA TALKIES
Charni Road.

CONGRESS SERVES WORKING-CLASS

Mr. Gadgil Warns Bhusaval Men Not To Join Communal Organisations

(From A orrespondent)
BHUSAWAL, April 28

A large meeting was addressed by Mr. N. V. Gadgil, M.L.A and Messrs Achyutrao Patwardhan and D.L. Pathak at Bhusaval New area on 27th April.

Mr. Pathak the General Secretary of G.I.P. Rly Workers' Union and Secretary of the A I T U C explained in his speech how the economic fight must be accompanied by a strong political fight. He emphasised co-operation with the Congress Socialists with this object. The speaker was sorry to see the deplorable condition of the Indian workniing class. Trade Union Unity is anticipated by the Calcutta T U C.

Mr. Patwardhan emphasised upon the Trade Unio Work ad tried to draw the attention of the leading Congress workers.

The speaker then explained the fundamental basis and activities of the Congress Socialist Party.

Mr. N. V. Gadgil then congratulated his voters for preferring him to the Millionaires thereby admitting the Congress work for the poor. Replying the critics of the Congress attitude against the restoration of Wage cut the speaker declared that the Congress gladly would sidt with the poor wage earners and non earners instead of loading therich pockets of a handful of high paid servants. The speaker explained how the Congress Party tried to guard the interests of the peassants and the working class.

Kakasahib warned the G.I.P Rly. workers not to join any communal organisation.

The president then briefly reviewed the speaker's addresses and congratulated them for their visit to Bhusaval. The meeting then terminated.

It is reported that Mr. Patwardhan has postponed his departure till Sunday when he will discuss with the local workers at Bhusaval and Jalgaon. The formation of the Congress Socialist Group is anticipated shortly in the near future.

RISHIKUL AYURVEDIC COLLEGE, HARDWAR, U.P.

The Hon'ble Sir Sita Ram, President, Legislative Council, U. P. with Pandit Hridayanath Kunzru visited Rishikul Ayurvedic College, Hardwar on April 23. Rai Bahadur Pandit Kanheya Lal Ji, Ex-Judge Allahabad High Court and Vice-Chairman, Board of Indian Medicine, U.P. visited on 25th and formally opened the Ayurvedic Pharmacy attached to the college. They were all highly impressed and pleased with the activities of the college.

Dewan Bahadur Dewan Krishna Kishore of Lahore also visited the college on 26th inst. and promised a life size marble statue of Sri Dhanwantari for the Dhanwantari Bhawan of the College.

THUNDERSTORMS EXPECTED IN MYSORE

POONA, April 30.

The weather has been dry over the country except for local thunderstorm and rain in Mysore and Assam, and a few falls in Burma.

Chief amounts of rainfall:—Mysore half an inch; Kodaikanal a quarter; Silchar two; Cherrapunji one and a half; Tezpur, Sibsagar a half; Gauhati a quarter; Amherst two; Myitkyina a half; Tavoy a quarter.

FORECAST: Thunderstorm and rain will recur locally in Mysore, South Madras, Tenasserim and Assam and extend in east Bengal.

Transparent Glycerine Soap not good for the Health of your Skin!!!

READ WHAT THE "SOAP GAZETTE AND PERFUMER" OF AMERICA SAYS IN ITS ISSUE OF DECEMBER, 1933:

Describing a certain New Soap, the Journal says, on page 13,—"as a Toilet product this Soap also suffers from the faults common to all transparent glycerine soaps, the main defect being the drying effect it has on the skin....."

READ What English, German and Indian Scientists say about

GODREJ
Vegetable Toilet Soaps

Says Dr. AUFRECHT, Chemist to the Berlin Chamber of Commerce and to the German public Laboratory for Experimental Chemistry, Microscopy and Bacteriology:—

"I have tested Godrej's Vegetable Toilet Soaps and in my opinion they are such as would kill the Streptococcus and the Staphylococcus germs, the germs of typhoid fever and other resistant diseases. They are excellent disinfectants."

Says HERR KARL LUSURTZE, a German Skin Specialist:—

"After long personal use and subsequent chemical tests I unhesitatingly give your Vegetable Soaps the place of honour as health and beauty Soap....."

Says Major DICKENSON, Government Chemical Analyser, Bombay:—

"Godrej's Soaps are perfect in all respects."

Says Dr. M. A. ANSARI, M.D., M.S. (Ex-President of Indian National Congress):—

"I have very great pleasure in testifying to the most excellent qualities of Godrej's Soaps. I hacve used them now for the last ten years and have found them better than the best soaps manufactured in Europe or for that matter any other country. I recommend them to the Indian public both from the point of view of their excellence and their being made in India."

Factory:—GODREJ SOAPS LTD., DeLisle Road, Bombay, 11.

SOLE AGENTS:

Nadirshaw Printer & Co.,
21, Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Branches:—157 B, Dharamtoola, CALCUTTA: The Mall, LAHORE; Esplanade, MADRAS & KARACHI

Every Bombite Understands MARATHI!

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MARATHI - - -
AMRIT MANTHAN

Featuring:
KESHAORAO DATEY
(The renowned character-actor of Marathi Stage)
NALINI, SHANTA,
SURESHBABU
BUASAHEB
SHANTA'S NEW-STYLE
MELODIOUS SONGS—!!

This news will surely please him!!

A proven Masterpiece

Opens for all on
SATURDAY
Next at
MAJESTIC CINEMA
—GIRGAUM—

INDIAN CEMENT PRICES REDUCED AGAIN!

THE CEMENT MARKETING COMPANY OF INDIA Ltd., Home St., BOMBAY, announce the following reductions in the price of Indian made Cements. **As from the 1st of May the following prices will be guaranteed to the ultimate consumer in Bombay City and the Salsette Area.**

	New Price		
Supplies of **"CHAR-MINAR"**, Brand in or from wagons on arrival at Bombay - -	**Rs.**	**2-0-0**	per bag.
And **"ANCHOR"**, **"GANPATI"** Brands in or from Steamer or arrival at Bombay - -	**Rs.**	**40-0-0**	per ton.
ALL BRANDS ex-GODOWN - - -	**Rs.**	**2-1-0**	per bag.
	Rs.	**41-4-0**	per ton.

NOTE:—All brands are packed in FREE gunny bags, 20 bags to the ton, and the above prices apply to any quantity from a single bag upwards.

During the past six years we have, by rational production and distribution, been able to reduce progressively the WHOLESALE selling prices of Indian-produced Portland Cement as under:

1930	Price	**Rs. 52-8-0**	per ton F.O.B. Bombay.
1931	,,	**50-0-0**	,, ,, ,,
1932	,,	**47-8-0**	,, ,, ,,
1933	,,	**45-0-0**	,, ,, ,,
1934	,,	**43-0-0**	,, ,, ,,

(These Prices were for minimum quantities of full wagon loads.)

1935 **Rs. 40-0-0** (Guaranteed Retail Price.)

SPECIFY INDIAN-MADE PORTLAND CEMENT FOR YOUR REQUIREMENTS

***By doing so:*—You assist Indian Railroads,**
You assist Indian Labour and
You assist Indian Industry.

You retain for circulation within the country the amount of the price you pay; whereas if you purchase imported cement, by far the greater part of the sale price goes out of the country and makes it more difficult for India to maintain a favourable balance of trade. For this reason specify Indian Portland cement for YOUR work.

	British Standard Specification 1931	EUROPEAN Average of 3 tests.	JAPANESE Average of 2 tests.	Indian Brands marketed in Bombay (average of "Ganpati" "Char Minar" "Anchor")
GRINDING:—				
Residue on 170 mesh - - -	Not more than 10%	3.4%	1.89	2.33
Do. 72 mesh - - - -	,, ,, ,, 1%	0.07%	0.03	0.01
Ratio of Lime to Silica and Alumina -	Between 3.0 & 2.0	2.55	2.76	2.63
Setting time. Initial - - - -	Not less than 30 mins.	38 Mins.	98 Mins.	87 Mins.
Do. Final - - - -	Not more than 10 hours	2 Hrs. 12 Mins.	3 Hrs. 57 Mins.	3 Hrs. 19 Mins.
TENSILE STRENGTH C. & S.:—				
3 Days - - - - - -	Not less than 300 lbs.	467 lbs.	420 lbs.	555 lbs.
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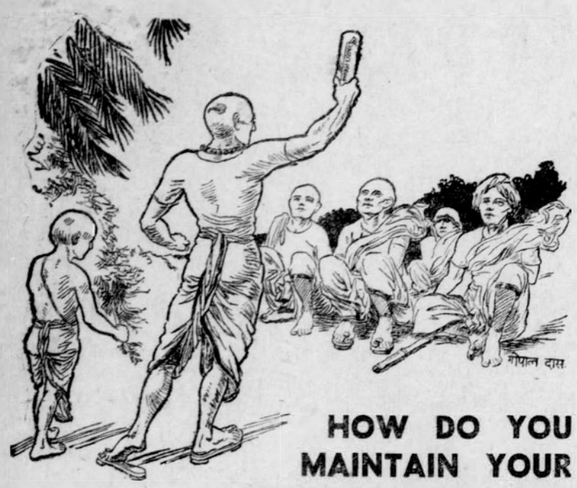

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POWER FROM PEAT

HOW RUSSIA USES IT

One of the British engineers who figured in a famous State trial in Moscow has written a technical review of electrical development in the U. S. S. R. since 1921, when Lenin instituted the State Commission for the Electrification of Russia, in the belief that electrical power must form the basis for the planned industrial development of the country.

At about the same time in this country a Commission was busy exploring the natural power resources of the whole of Ireland.

Mr. Monkhouse, the engineer in question records in his paper the marvellous achievements of the original Commission, and of a special section (Galvenergo) of the Commissariat of Heavy Industries, which is responsible for most of the generating pant and all the transmission and distribution networks of the U. S. S. R.

In 1925 Glavenergo sent out each month less electricity than the E. S. B. sold in the year 1933, and for four years the rate of increase was not phenomenal for the U. S. S. R.—not much more than 100 per cent. in fact—but in 1933 the monthly output had risen to eleven hundred million units: the total for the year being given as ten thousand million. In that year the total output from the whole of the Soviet power stations was nearly sixteen thousand million units, which averages out at a little less than 100 units per head of population, although vast numbers of the inhabitants are not yet within the scope of the supply.

DEVELOPING PEAT DEPOSITS.

Here, then, we see the astonishing fruit of iron determination to graft industrialism upon the largest agricultural country in the world; and, at the same time, to bring to the workers in cities, towns and villages the previously unknown amenities of high power artificial light and warmth. Power stations, indeed, are being used not alone for distributing heat electrically, but also in the form of steam directly from the boilers through miles of pipes laid in the streets.

Our main interest lies in the rapid and successful development of the Russian peat deposits for the production of electricity. Much of these deposits lies in the bleak, sparsely inhabited Tundra north of 60° latitude, and is not likely to be touched for years to come, but there is an ample supply south of that line. Until 1920 it could not be said that peat-fired boilers were comparable to those fired with coal, because many experiments had to be carried out with grates and furnaces before the special problems encountered in the combustion of peat were solved.

Even now, of course, boiler design is being improved continually, just as it is where other fuels are in question, but, since the first big peat-burning station was commissioned at Shatura in 1920-21, progress has been very rapid. Shatura, presently, has a capacity greater than the total generating capacity of our own stations, and it is to be enlarged immediately.

The biggest peat station now in operation in the U. S. S. R. is in the Gorki (Nijni-Novgorod) District, with 158,000 kilowatts installed. In the U. S. S. R. there are now 17 major stations using peat in the boilers, and in 1937 there are to be over 40 of these stations. At that date the largest single station will have a capacity of 204,000 kilowatts, and the total capacity of all peat stations will be 3,628,000 kw.

The first Russian peat station used fuel got and prepared in exactly the same way as our great pioneer, Sir John Griffith, has followed, but the Russian bogs, unlike ours, are full of fibrous roots and stumps, which make the use of mechanical excavators difficult. Hence what is known in gold and tin mining as the hydraulic system is coming into use. By this method the peat is sluiced out by high-pressure water jets.

We must remember that on account of the severe climatic conditions over a long winter the U. S. S. R. tackled a much more difficult job than ours when they brought peat into their economic planning, for their "campaign" starts in the middle of May and ends in mid-August over the Northern and Central areas. For that reason the seasonal labour difficulty, of which so much has been made here, is intensified in Russia. Lately, in order to lessen this difficulty, a new process of winning peat has been tried, and is said to be yielding satisfactory results.—"Irish Press"

ALL FOR A FISH

WOMAN DOES 1000 Miles

Plymouth,(by mail).

After a trip of a thousand miles into the jungles of the interior of West Africa, searching for a Natural History specimens for the British Museum and the Zoo, Mr. Willoughby Lowe and Miss F. Waldron, two well-known naturalists, returned to England.

For three or four months they searched for birds, reptiles and monkeys in the wilds of Africa, and the large collection they landed at Plymouth included some specimens of creatures which they believe have never before been brought to Britain.

FISH'S LONG SLEEP

Probably the most interesting of their captures is the sleeping fish—a fish about 18in. long which, apparently lifeless, lies for long periods, embedded in clay in a river bed.

This strange creature buries itself in the clay when the river runs dry—as many tropical rivers do.

When the rains return and the river flows again the fish wakes up after its long nap and becomes active again.

Mr. Lowe, showing his specimen said:

"It is apparently lifeless, but if you were to drop warm water on it and gradually immerse it the fish would revive and come to active life again.

FEVER-PROOF TRAVELLER

Though he has travelled and explored the jungle in all quarters of the globe for nearly 50 years Mr. Lowe has never yet suffered from fever.

"Many people in West Africa die of black water fever and sleepy sickness," he said, "but I have never had even malaria."

"The reason I think, is that I am careful in my dress. I avoid as much as possible any exposure of the skin, in contrast to the young people out there. Because of the heat they go about in shorts with an open neck and sleeveless shirts.

"This costume makes them easy victims of disease-carrying insects. I believe in giving these insects as little scope as possible."

SIMON'S STAGE AMBITION

Sir John Simon, the Foreign Secretary, admitted recently that he had wanted to be an actor.

He was opening in the Victoria and Albert Museum a memorial exhibition as a tribute to Sir Negel Playfair's work in the theatre.

"I confess," said Sir John, "that I have always had a hankering wish to have been an actor."

'MAY DAY' APPEAL TO WORKING CLASS

Mr. D. L. Pathak, Secretary, A I T U C, Bombay, writes:

The working class of the world celebrates the first of May as "Labour Day" to show its international solidarity and its increasing class consciousness. Demonstrations are organised in every country and wherever the organisations are strong the workers go on strike to enforce a holiday in commemoration of their past struggle and the assertion of their elementary rights.

The periodical world economic crisis has grown so deep that it has almost become a permanent feature of capitalism. There can be no complete recovery from this crisis. There is a fierce capitalist offensive on the standard of life of the workers in every country. Wage-cut, retrenchment, demotion and high tariff walls are the only panacea of capitalism to save itself. But its profound internal contradictions are sharpening and threatening the whole world with war.

In India "May Day" calls for the greatest solidarity of the workers. The standard of living of the working class has reached the lowest ebb. Unemployment has threatened its very existence. The owners have shifted their burden on to the shoulders of the workers. The situation calls for determined action. There is stir in the working class in India. The pressure from below is forcing diverse tendencies to come together on a common platform. They feel the increasing need for a political change transferring all power to them.

The vanguard of the working class movement should now turn its attention from the struggle for economic demands to the larger and real struggle for political demands of the class. The immediate task of the working class of India is to reject the J.P.C. report and initiate a country wide campaign for asserting the right to frame its own constitution. "May Day" will injutiate the agitation for asserting the right of self-determination.

The Bombay unions affiliated to the All India Trade Union Congres will celeberate the "May Day" in co-operation with other anti-imperialist organisations in the city of Bombay. Resolutions on national independence, international solidarity of the working class, greetings to the victorious protetarial of Russia, resolutions against War and repression will be passed.

"HAMLET": A SOVIET OPERA

Composer Interviewed

I had a talk when I was in Russia recently with the composer, Mr. Cheremukin, and librettist, Mr. Aksenob, of the new "Hamlet" opera, to be produced next year, probably at Nemirovitch. They were glad to state their case in view of misstatements that have appeared in the English press, such as the composer's admiration for the Vahtangov Theatre's production of "Hamlet," and the reference to an existing Hamlet opera by Tchaikovsky. The composer has no such admiration, and there is no such Hamlet opera.

At the outset they explained that Soviet playwrights, composers, and librettists are concerned with Shakespeare because they learn a good deal from the structure of his plays, his expressive force and vitality, and his bright, living types. They learn much about the business of reproducing "life."

To the question, "Is there a Soviet idea or value in 'Hamlet'?" they replied that from the Soviet understanding of the world, what interests them in the play is the destruction of feudalism and the development of trading capitalism (the growth of the merchant kings) as represented in "Hamlet." "Hamlet is set in a transitional period between the two cultures. Fortinbras represents the trading capitalist, and in this respect is shown to be the counterpart of Hamlet, who appears as the representative of feudal culture."

They hastened to point out that they were concerned with giving "Hamlet" a new meaning. The subject is very old; they were treating it from a definite class point of view. The dominating musical theme is the change from one big social period to another.

As to changes, not many are necessary. As the opera demands more exactitude and brevity it is necessary to show the meeting of Hamlet not with the captain but with Fortinbras himself, to replace the pirates with Fortinbras's fleet, and to bring on Fortinbras at the end of the duel to explain the mutual action agreed on between Hamlet and Fortinbras (Act III, of the opera). This necessiates some new dialogue.

We discussed the subjects of revenge and madness. As they read Shakespeare (1) Fortinbras does not revenge himself for the death of his father, and so realises the best results; (2) Laertes revenges the death of his father according to existing rules, and he dies first; (3) Hamlet occupies a middle position. He resists the demands of family morality, and when he takes revenge does so not so much for the sake of his father as for himself. Shakespeare proves that Fortinbras is right, and he opens a way for him to the crown, as the one who most deserves it.

In their view Hamlet is not mad but shamming. The king seeks to unmask him by a series of tests. Hamlet passes them all. (Act II, of the opera, or the test act).

Ophelia is left almost unchanged. She is an innocent girl, still a virgin. She is driven mad by the stupidity of convention.—"Manchester Guardian."

CARING FOR YOUR CROWN OF BEAUTY

The importance of brushing the hair is overlooked too much to-day. In the past, when long hair was a woman's crowning beauty, she brushed and brushed it to keep it beautiful. To-day, with cropped heads and set coiffures, brushing has been relegated to the past, with the result that the hair suffers from neglect. Dressing the hair to suit the style has pre-eminence. This is and always has been a matter of real importance, but it should be realized that healthy hair dresses best. So both from the angle of beauty and healthfulness, brushing the hair is an aid.

One of the finest Coiffeur Des Dames, strongly advices his clients to brush their hair vigorously. When one woman objected, saying her hair was too oily, he explained that this oil should not remain about the roots but be distributed down the length of strands in order to keep them invigorated. The hair should have its own oil to be healthy. It should be brushed, not only with, but against its customary way of falling. This helps the scalp and distributes the oil to best advantage. Everyone who has so brushed the hair appreciates how refreshed it makes the head. So while doing the hair and scalp good, we are adding to our comfort also.

In the past there was many a woman who counted the strokes of her brush as she brushed her hair night and morning. Forty strokes each time was the right number. The brush should be stiff enough to go through the strands to the scalps, but not so stiff that it irritates the scalp. Combs are especially for dividing the hair, for making parts and for taking out snarls. They cannot do the work of a brush, which is to give vigour to the strands and keep them smooth and glossy. Hair minus oil looks dry and lifeless. Even now with hair short, there must still be a healthy appearance, a good gloss and a well-cared for appearance. Such hair done up in the latest mode and in the most becoming style continues to be a woman's crowning beauty.

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BOMBAY AND MADRAS.

AJMER CINEMA PROPRIETOR SUED

(From Our Correspondent.)

AJMER, April 27.

An appeal was filed in the Sessions Court Ajmer, by the proprietor of the Majestic Talkie House pleading for the reconsideration of the lower courts' orders attaching the defendant's talking-machine before judgment. The defendant said that if the plaintiff Mr. Wyvlat Hussain had fulfilled the terms of the lease, then regular payment of rent would have been made to him.

According to the complaint filed in the lower Court, the proprietor of the Cinema House, had taken the building on a lease from the plaintiff, but ceased paying rent on account of certain altercation that arose over some changes to be made in the building.

The plaintiff sued the defendant to pay up the arrears of rent and to vacate the house. The ejectment suit however, was compromised.

The defendant has also filed a suit against the plaintiff for the loss incurred in the Cinema business, owing to the negligence of the latter in not fulfilling the terms of the lease.

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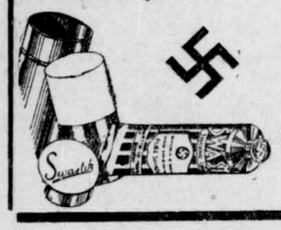

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EMBLEM OF PROSPERITY.

Economic Aspects Of J. P. C. Report

Imposition Of Preconceived Monetary Policy Upon Reserve Bank Deplored

Mr. B. P. Adarkar writes in the "Economic Journal":—

The Report of the Joint Committee on Indian Constitutional Reform may now be regarded as the final outcome of the political deliberations which have for nearly a decade busily engaged the statesmen of two countries and which have produced one Statutory Commission, three Round Table Conferences and several Committees and sub-Committees. In view of the strength of His Majesty's Government in Parliament, the Constitution, as outlined in the White Paper (Cmd. 4268) and as retouched in the Joint Report, may be said to be a *fait accompli*. At the moment both in India and Britain attention has centred round the Safeguards, commercial and other, which in one country are looked upon as unnecessary fetters on freedom and in the other as a "necessary complement to any form of responsible government" and transfer of power. It is for the politicians to ferret out these questions of transfer of power; the task of the economist is to consider dispassionately whether the new Scheme is capable of bringing about any real advance in the economic well-being of the masses, of raising their standards of life and culture and of providing them with the material and moral equipment necessary to maintain those standards.

ECONOMIC NEEDS OF COUNTRY.

Applying that crucial test we have to admit that although the Report provides a very successful solution of the problem of constitution-making in the shape of a concrete Federal scheme, and although it very ably brings into focus the work of previous Committees and sub-Committees, it fails to realise as fully the economic needs of the country. It may at once be said that the economic aspects of the Report are less satisfactory than its political aspects and that India's economic freedom, whether in the financial, fiscal, industrial or monetary sphere, is hedged in with limitations, which may indeed have been necessitated by reckless intimidation on the one side, but which are equally the outcome of distrust and niggardliness on the other. We are assured by the Joint Committee that the Safeguards they contemplate have "nothing in common with those paper declarations which have sometimes been inserted in constitutional documents," but constitute a substantial retention of power. In the circumstances, it is only to be hoped that this all-powerful "Special Responsibility" will be brought into play as sparingly as possible and on especial occasions and that such occasions will be few. So far as the commercial safeguards and their offshot, the recent Trade Agreement, are concerned, one cannot help fearing that the influence of one declining industry is now blocking the way of a real commercial partnership between the two countries, which, if it were aimed at, should undoubtedly confer benefits on both the modern type of industry in Britain and on the agriculture and the less advanced type of industries in India. The new commercial philosophy, which all the world over has converted fiscal policy from a matter of principle into a market-day haggle, has now unfortunately taken hold of India as well. From a regime of discriminating protection, which was long ago officially affirmed to be the ideal system for India in view of her economic potentialities, India has been gradually led into a policy of indiscriminate preference and of reciprocity in which there is no full freedom to contract.

It is, however, in the handling of the twin instruments of public finance and monetary policy that a true criterion may be obtained of the success or failure of the Joint Committee's proposals. To take the problem of Federal finance first, this has been one of the most intricate affairs in the Scheme.

PRINCES SITTING ON FENCES.

The position of the Indian States as Units of Federation will be in many respects unique. These semi-autonomous, monarchical bodies, enjoying varying privileges and various degrees of internal sovereignty, based upon treaties and *sanads*, are rapidly becoming an anachronism in the midst of a growing movement for democratic self-government. At the moment the Princes are sitting on the fence and would not like to commit themselves until "the picture is complete." But it is clear that they stand to gain all along the line in their bargain with British India. The Joint Committee have, in the main, endorsed the proposals of the Davidson Committee, which may be briefly recapitulated. The States at present enjoy by their treaty rights certain financial immunities and benefits; on the other hand, they make certain direct and indirect contributions to the Centre. Now the States are not a collective body, but comprise numerous and diverse political entities and, moreover, some of them make contributions which are greater in value than the privileges they enjoy, while others are in the opposite situation. In other words, some are "credit" States and others are "debit" States. The Davidson Committee rightly maintain that individual settlement will have to be made with each State on its entry into the Federation, and recommend as a matter of principle, lest the "debit" States should never enter at all, that the "debit" States should not have to pay anything to the Centre, while the "credit" States should receive annual payments equivalent to their "credits."

This ingenious system would, however, involve a net expenditure of about Rs. 10 m. per annum to the Federal Government. Thus it will be seen the States will have it both ways In spite of this, however, there is no suggestion on the part of the States of any surrender of privileges. The customs rights which some of them enjoy are already creating financial difficulties for the Government of India, and will undoubtedly constitute a serious deduction from the sovereignty of the Federal Government for which there is no parallel in any other Federation. Attempts were made in 1927, prior to the reimposition of the Viramgam Line, to buy up certain of these rights with liberal compensation, but such proposals were regarded by the States concerned as "an encroachment on sovereign rights." The Davidson Committee were convinced (*Report* p. 129) that "no port-owning State is likely to surrender its customs rights even in return for full compensation." The Joint Committee have held out the threat of exclusion from Federation for such a recalcitrant State. Although this does not solve the basic difficulty it may be the only possible course left open.

As regards monetary and banking policy, the Reserve Bank of India has already been constituted and is expected to begin its operations from July. This was one of the conditions precedent to Federation, and it must be said to the credit of the Government that in the fulfilment of that condition one more engine for the economic unification of India has been created which must in the end prove a bond of strength to the country. The constitution of the Bank is, on the whole, satisfactory and workable. In fact, this appears to have little to do with the question of control.

PREDETERMINED MONETARY POLICY.

The main objectionable feature of the scheme is the strait-jacket of a predetermined monetary policy within which the Bank will have to confine itself. That the sterling standard conferred certain benefits upon India when the "monetary horizon" was foggy in 1931 may be conceded, but now conditions have sufficiently clarified to warrant a revision of policy, and in any case, even granting for arguments' sake that exchange stability is a proper monetary ideal for India, the unnaturally high ratio of 1s. 6d., at which the exchange has been kept pegged since 1927 and which has caused a disastrous price-fall to be superimposed upon the fall of Indian prices already caused by the Depression, undoubtedly needs reconsideration. That the ratio is unnatural can be easily proved by comparison of movements of wholesale prices in India with those in other Sterling-area countries since 1927. In the circumstances, the imposition of a preconceived policy upon the Reserve Bank and the attempt (cf. Joint Committee Report, p.229) to perpetuate it by rendering amendment of the Act, in this respect, difficult—both without any precedent in the history of Central Banking—are to be deplored.

LABOUR LEGISLATION IMPOSSIBLE

Brief reference may be made to two other important topics which are covered by the recommendations of the Report, viz. Labour and Railways. Labour reform is to be largely a field for concurrent legislation, so that the Federal Government should be in a position to co-ordinate, guide and encourage provincial efforts, provided that the Federal Government could ratify International Conventions without consulting the Units, except in regard to Labour subjects falling within the latter's sphere. However, in view of the fact that Labour is not adequately represented in the Federal Legislature, while the vested interests of the Princes and capitalists will be in an overwhelming majority, progressive Labour legislation at the Centre seems difficult if not impossible There is indeed more scope in the Units for this, but owing to industrial competition among them, and in so are as social measures would cost money, they must be reluctant to go far enough. These facts, coupled with the weakness of Trade Unionism and the illiteracy, poverty and indebtedness of the workmen, make the future of social legislation less hopeful than its past. As regards the railways, the Joint Committee endorse the *Sketch Proposals* of the London Committee of 1933, whose main features are, the institution of an independent Statutory Authority for operating the railways vested in the Crown as well as for controlling some of the company-owned lines, "upon strict business principles and without being subject to political interference": the presentation of the railway budget in the Legislature merely for debate and not for vote, except to the extent that a contribution from the general revenues is required; the fixation of maxima and minima for rates by the Authority, complaints being referred to an Advisory Committee appointed by the Federal Government. There is no suggestion in the Scheme, however, of a uniform system of management of railways, and although the general control over policy is vested in the Federal Government and Legislature, it is doubtful how far the actual administration of railways will conform to this.

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LUX TOILET SOAP

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LONDON RUBBER MARKET

Decline On Belgian Currency Crisis

Messrs. Symington & Wilson have issued the following Weekly Market Report:—

RUBBER.

Our last Report was written on Wednesday, 27th March, the day after the International Rubber Regulation Committee had decided to revise the exportable percentages for April/June and up to the end of the year. We referred to the excitement caused by this announcement and recorded that after rising ⅞d. the Market had declined again and at the time of writing showed a rise of only 11/16d.

During the past seven days a large part of this advance has also been lost, the adverse factors on this occasion being the Belgian currency crisis and the fear engendered by the devaluation of the belga that Holland may be forced to take similar action, talk of strike trouble in the tyre trade in the U. S. A. and a misunderstood cable from the Dutch East Indies. We refer to these subjects more fully below.

The highest price at which business has been done in Standard Sheet on the Spot during the period under review was 5 15/16d. done on Thursday and the lowest 5 11/16d. at which transactions were recorded on Friday and Monday and again to-day. The official buyers' price on Friday was only 5 9/16d. and business in April delivery was done at this price on Friday and again on Saturday, but no ransactions on the Spot were recordedk tunder 5 11/16d. Prices on the wee show a decline of ¼d. per lb. all round.

With reference to the possibility of Holland being forced either to go off the gold standard or to make some devaluation of the guilder, it would appear that Holland is in a different position trom Belgium in this respect, holding ample gold reserves. Should a position arise however in which Holland considered it advisable to go off gold or to devalue the guilder, the immediate effect need not necessarily be that the Dutch producer would be content to receive the same amount of depreciated guilders for his Rubber but might rather be that he would expect to receive an increased amount in currency. In this connection it should not be forgotten that the Ducht Colonial Office is waiting for an opportunity to impose an export tax for revenue purposes only on all Rubber exported from the Dutch East Indies and according to the speech by Dr. Colijn in the First Chamber on 28th December 1934, quoted in our Report of 2nd January, the amount of money which he expects to raise from such a tax is from Fl.20,000,000 to Fl.40,000,000. With a total exportable quantity for the year of about 275,000 tons this would mean a tax of from 7½ to 15 Dutch cents per kilo and we should think that any rise in the guilder value of Dutch Rubber would be eagerly seized upon as the proper opportunity for imposing such a tax.

Rumours regarding possible strike trouble in the tyre trade in Akron were going about last week and are still in circulation. There is no doubt that there are Labour leaders who would like to ferment trouble in the industry but according to reports in the press a strike ballot taken at the Goodyear plant in Akron towards the end of last week resulted in a vote of less than 900 in favour of strike action with more than 11,000 against. It would not therefore seem that the so called leaders have the ear of the workers.

The publication on Friday of a cable from Batavia, D. E. I. to the effect that exports would continue at 75 per cent. for April, May and June, matters being adjusted by a drop to 60 per cent. for July/September, was at first interpreted as indicating some hitch in the procedure under the Regulation Scheme but the matter was clarified later by the publication of a message from the Dutch East Indies which appeared in *The Financial Times* yesterday as follows:—

"Concerning the issue of licenses for the second quarter, large reserves hadd been created both for the firs an the second quarter. The totalt of licenses issued for the two quarters, the Department continues, is approximately 8,800 tons below the allowed export quota for the period. This quantity equals an export percentage for the first half-year of 65.1 per cent., whereas the percentage officially allowed is 7.25 per cent."

Such statistical information as has come to hand in the last few days is of a rather favourable nature.

Malayan gross shipments for the month of March are cabled as 47,407 tons. This compares with 50,300 tons in February and with 56,720 tons in January. The figures of imports are not yet available, so that it is not possible to calculate the nett shipments of Malayan porduce.

Shipments from Ceylon for the month of March are cabled as 1,720 tons Own Rubber, and 210 tons Imported Rubber, giving a total of 1,930 tons. Shipments of Own Rubber for the month of January amounted to 6,267 tons and for February to 5,551 tons, so that shipments for the quarter amount to 13,538 tons. The monthly permissible shipments under the Scheme were at the rate of 4,937 tons, giving a total for the quarter of 14,811 tons, so that the small shipment in March corrects the previous overshipment and leaves Ceylon with a carry forward of about 1,300 tons.

The closing price of Ribbed Smoked Sheet on the Spot in New York yesterday was 11 3/16 cents buyers (flat parity 5 19/32 d. a exchange 4.80), being a fall of ⅜ cent on the week. The closing prices for Rubber on the Commodity Exchange yesterday were—May 11.34 (last week 11.82), July 11.46 (11.92), September 11.60 (12.06), October 11.67 (12.13), December 11.85 (12.29), January 11.95 (12.33) and March 12.13 (not quoted last week).

The Official souvenir programme of the Silver Jubilee festivities will be sold for the benefit of King George's Jubilee Trust. A quarter million copies are being printed and produced free of cost at the expense of an anonymous person. The programme which is produced on art paper is prefaced by a message by the Prince of Wales to support the trust, and contains full page photographs of Their Majesties and other Royalties, a new poem "Prayer for the King's Majesty" by Poet Laureate Masefield and also particulars of processions and cathedral services.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON DOWN BY 1 POINT

Quiet Tone In Crossrates

GOLD AND SILVER PRICES IMPROVE

Grains Easy On Favourable Weather Report

Bombay, April 30

On Tuesday crossrates ruled quiet.

QUIET TONE IN NEW YORK COTTON

The New York cotton market lacked buying power. Steadiness of silver gave some encouragement to bulls. The tone was quiet.

CONSIDERABLE IMPROVEMENT IN BULLION PRICES

London gold and silver prices improved considerably.

WHEAT AND LINSEED QUIET

Whea and linseed ruled quiet on favourable weather report.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE MORE ACTIVE.

The London Stock Exchange was more active on better enquiry. Giltedged securities showed improved sentiment on more inttrest.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(July 1935.)

New York, April 30.

Previous closing	11.82
To-day's opening	11.79
Difference	—.03
To-day's closing	11.81
Difference	—.01

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(July 1935.)

Liverpool, April 30.

Previous closing	6.46
To-day's opening	6.48
Difference	+.02
To-day's closing	6.47
Difference	+.01

BROACH EXPECTATION

July-August Rs. 239

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, April 30.

Cotton lacked buying power in the absence of any important developments although some encouragement was derived from the steadiness of silver. The satisfactory progress of crop checked advances and prices generally showed a sagging tendency. There have been complaints from Milan of international federation regarding the quality of American cotton.

Business in July opened at 11.79 i.e. 3 points lower than the previous closing the market early eased slightly on liquidation and foreign selling but thereafter the market steadied down although there was no important enquiry to excite interest with the price hovering around 11.76.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.81 with a decline of 1 point.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 30.

The following were the opening ranges

May (11.78/11.76) 11.76/11.76
July (11.82/11.82) 11.79/11.79
October (11.36/11.34) 11.35/11.35

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 30.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American March (6.51) 6.52
American July (6.46) 6.47
Egyptian March (8.07) 8.03
Egyptian July (8.07) 8.04

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 30.

10-45 p.m

Broach July-August moved between Rs 238 and Rs. 239 at night. The rate at 10-15 p.m was Rs. 239 with New York futures about 3 points down.

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 30.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 81/6, 81/12 and 82/2. The market early was quiet in the absence of fresh buying and prices later eased under liquidation and speculative selling but later prices improved on better London cables which induced good buying. Prices closed steady at Rs. 82/1, 82/4 and 82/11.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 35/14/9, 36 and 36 1/6 there was not much activity with hardly any important movements prices finally closing steady at Rs. 35/14/9 36 and 36/1/6.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, April 30.

Previous closing	4.83 3/4
To-day's opening	4.83 3/8
To-day's closing	4.83

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 30.

Previous closing	4.83 5/8
To-day's opening	4.83 7/8
To-day's closing	4.83
Difference	—.00 5/8

FRANC RATE

London, April 30.

Previous closing	73.66
To-day's opening	73.09
To-day's closing	72.93
Difference	—.13

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 30.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.83 7/8 and then fell to 4.83 1/4 on the lack of support later further declining to 4.83 1/16

The sterling dollar crossrate finally closed at 4.83.

Franc opened at 73.09 and declined to 72.96 with subsequent fluctuations rather insignificant.

The sterling franc crossrate finally closed at 72.93.

LONDON SILVER

London, April 30.

The market closed steady.

	Last price	To-day's price
Forward	34 1/16d	34 11/16d
Spot	34 3/16d	34 7/8d

LONDON GOLD

London, April 30.

Gold per ounce (£7-4-5 1/2) £7-4-8

DISCOUNTS

London, April 30.

3 months (5/8 p.c to 5/8 p.c.) 5/8 p.c. to 5/8 p.c.

4 months (5/8 p.c. to 11/16 p.c.) 9/16 to 5/8 p.c.

6 months 5/8 to 3/4 p.c.) 5/8 to 11/16 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, April 30.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.52 3/8) 5.51 1/2
New York on Bombay (36.50) 36.57
Berlin on Bombay (0.91 1/4) 0.91
London on Shanghai (1-8 1/2) 1-8 1/2
London on Milan (58.37) 58.37
London on Kobe (1-2 5/32) 1-2 3/32.

TRIPLE MURDER IN FRONTIER

Fate Of Khan Sahib Zangi-Khan And His Two Sons

PESHAWAR, April 30

Khan Sahib Zangikhan a leading Maddakhel Wazir and an important figure in tribal politics, is reported to have been murdered with a rifle at Sherrani, Tochi Agency.

The motive of the crime is unknown.

Khan Sahib Zangikhan's two sons are also reported to have been murdered.—A. P.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 30.

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with May at 64, July 67 and October 68 3/4. The market was featureless and inactive with the uncertainty regarding foreign news restricting operations to a considerable extent.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 30.

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 0.99. Prices eased on commission house selling and lack of foreign enquiry with favourable weather reports operating against the market.

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 30.

The following were the rates at 3 30 p.m.

METALS

Tin (£233 buyers £223 1/4 sellers. Easier) £224 3/4 buyers £224 7/8 sellers. Firm.

Lead (£12 7/16 buyers) 13 1/8 buyers. No sellers. Strong.

Electrolytic Copper (£34 3/4 to £35 1/2) £34 3/4 to £35 1/2

Glasgow (£70) £70

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-9) 0-10
Indian Pekoe higher (1-0 1/4) 1-8 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 3/4) unquoted.
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-6 1/4) unquoted

JUTE

Crop May-June (£18 1/4) £18 1/16 paid and sellers.
Dunlop May (£21) unquoted.
Lightning May (£19) unquoted.

RUBBER

Spot (5 11/16) 5 11/16 paid and value. April-June (6) 6 paid and value.

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay April-May (£12 1/4 sellers) £12 1/4 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta April-May (£11 11/16 sellers) £11 11/16 sellers.
Linseed La Plata (£9 1/2 sellers) £9 1/2 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal (£15 1/16 sellers) £15 sellers.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, April 30.

Wheat May	4 6 3
Linseed May	6 12 6

The tone was quiet.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(September Delivery.)

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)

Bombay, April 30.

	Rs. a. p
Rates at 9 a.m	7 1 6
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 1 6
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	7 1 6
Rates at 5-30 p.m.	7 1 3
Rates at 6-30 p.m.	7 1 3
Rates at 8-30 p.m.	7 1 6
Rates at 10-30 p.m.	7 1 6

JUTE SHARES EASIER

CALCUTTA, July 30

Jutes ruled easier due to profit-taking and lack of professional interest. Coals were kept fairly steady.

In teas there was only limited business at lower rates in Miscellaneous slight interest was taken for Sugars at lower levels while others were unchanged. Government Securities were easier. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 92/15; 3 1/2 per cent Loan 1947/50 102 small lot; 4 per cent Loan 1943 105/14; 5 per cent Loan 1945/55 117/7/6; 5 per cent Loan 1940/43 109/8; 5 per cent Loan 1939/44 108; 5 1/2 per cent Loan 1938/40 108/5.

Banks: Reserve Bank 120.

Coals: Bengal 279.

Jutes: Alliance 372; Anglo-India 477 small lot; Auckland 238; Bally 226 ex div; Budge Budge 320 small lots; Chitavalsah ordy 29/2; Clive ordy 30; Ft. William 337; Ft. Gloster 619/8; Ganges 363; Howrah 55; India 397; Kamarhatty 527; Kamarhatty pref 130; Kanknarrah 465; National 23/12.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 7; Bareilly Elec. 13/8 ex div; Bengal Telephone ordy 19/2; Upper Ganges Valley Elec. 12/14; Bengal Iron 3/10 small lot; Indian Iron Steel 6/13; B.I. Corpn ordy 3/3; Sugars; Basti 207/8; Buland 13; Carew and Co. 18/5; Cawnpore ordy 31/14; Rohtas 11/8 small lots; Debentures, 8 per cent Bazaloni 103/8; 7 per cent 1938/43 Grob Tea 99/8; 7 per cent 1919/35 Gohpur Tea 99/8; 7 per cent 1934/36/38 Loobah Co. 100/8.—A.P.

ENHANCED DEMAND FOR BRITISH INDUSTRIALS

FAIR RALLY IN GILT-EDGED SECURITIES

Strength In Base Metals

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, April 30.

On the Stock Exchange a Big drop in the unemployment figures further ehanced the demand for British Industrials though the activity again chiefly was in armament description Oil shares were also very firm on the increase in the price of petrol by one penny per gallon

Giltedged securities rallied fairly well but otherwise markets were generally quiet.

Among commodities a feature has been strength in base metals from increased armament proposals.

Wall Street opened steady mining shares being especially firm and then the whole list turned easier.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 30.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97 1/4

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Thursday, April 18, £95 1/2
Tuesday, April 23 £95 1/2
Wednesday, April 24 £95 1/2
Thursday, April 25 £98
Friday, April 26 £97 3/4
Monday, April 29 £97

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 30.

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£88 1/2) £87 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£97 1/2) £97 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2

4 1/2 per cent. 1958/68 (£117 1/2) £117 1/2

4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108 1/2) £108 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£116 1/2) £116 1/2

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-58 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan (£110) £110 5/8

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-1 1/2) 18-9
Donaro Tea (38-6) 38-6
Empire of India and Ceylon (33-0) 33-9

JUTE SHARES

Bangalore (£15) £15

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (22-3) 22-3
Gula Kelampong (21-3) 21-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (28-6) 28-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (56-3) 56-3
Burma Corporation (10-6) 10-6
Rio Tintos (£16) £16 1/4
East Rand Proprietary (52-6) 52-0
Rand Mines (162-6) 162-6

OIL SHARES

Venesuela Persian (43-1- 1/2) 46-3
Anglo Dutch (51-10 1/2) 55-0
Burma Oil (76-10 1/2) 78-1 1/2
Mexican Eagle (4-0) 4-0
Shell Transport (53-9) 56-3
Royal Dutch (21-4 1/2) 22-0

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£50 1/4) £50 1/4
L M Ford (20 1/4) £20 1/4
L N E R Defd (£6 1/2) £6 1/2
Southern Dutch (£25 1/2) £25 1/4
London Pass 5 per cent (£132 1/4) £132 1/2
London Board G Stock (£99 3/4) £99 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (279-3) 279-3
Goddar New (223-9) 223-9
Moddar New (82-6) 82-6
Sub Nigel (286-3) 286-3
Union Corporation (160-0) 160-0
Spring Mines Split Share (48-1 1/2) 48-9

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 30.

3-30 p.m.

Industrials generally and oil shares specially were prominent with some good features. Giltedgeds were better. Indian Loans were steadier otherwise markets were generally quietly steady.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Sonsuls (£88 1/2) £88 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 7/8) £107 3/4

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£113 5/8) £113 5/8

4 per cent Funding Loan (£118 1/4) £118

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 1/8) £106 1/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£116 3/8) £116 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

British Homestores 7 p.c Preference cumulative (27-1 1/2) 27-1 1/2

Marks and Spencer Splits share (5) 5

Hydro Electric (dol 3 3/4) dol 3 3/4
Musical Industries (28-0) 28-0
Princhin Johnson (41-3) 41-3
Imperial Chemical (35-0) 35-0
Imperial Chemical Ord (8-6) 8-6
Woolsworth New Ford (107-3) 107-3
Realisation 1930 (87 1/4) 86 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (42-9) 42-9
University Ordinary (27-3) 27-6
Ford Motors (34-6) 35-0
Cables and Wireless (6 1/4) 6 1/4
British American Tobacco (121-3 121-3

Camera A (£8) £8
Imperial Tobacco Ord (139-4 1/2) 138-1 1/2
P and O S N Co. Defd. (16-4 1/2) 16-4 1/2
Distillers (91-1 1/2) 91-7 1/2
Bred and Dyers (7-3) 7-3
British Celonese (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (66-3) 66-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (52-1 1/2) 52-4 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (7-0) 6-6
Western Ltd Ordinary (10-10 1/2) 11-3
Inter Nickels (27-9) 27-9
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-7 1/2) 5-7 1/2
Tata Iron and Steel (£109 1/2) £109 1/2

MALAVIYA DECLINES TO CONTEST

Nominations Filed For Gorakhpur-Benares Assembly Seat

BENARES, April 30

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, having decided not to stand for the bye-election to the Assembly from the Benaras-Gorakhpur constituency, Mrs Uma Nehru (Congress candidate) and Pandit Krishna Kant Malaviya (Nationalist candidate) presented their nomination papers before the returning officer at Benares this afternoon.

The scrutiny of the nomination papers will take place to-morrow. A. P.

"Modern Mystic" by Sir Francis Younghusban is an account of the experiences of mystics of today. A Hindu, a French unu and a Welsh blacksmith are the figures in these extremely interesting tales of the pilgrimakes of the soul.

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTH

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association).

Bombay, April 30

		Rs. a. p
Khadi—		
Textile	Per lb.	0 7 9
Bradbury	,,	0 7 0
E D S Group	,,	0 7 3
Sassoon	,,	0 7 3
Century	,,	0 7 0
Toyo Podar	,,	0 7 9
Great Colaba	,,	0 7 3
Long Cloth (full weight 38—40 in.)		
Madari Brand	,,	0 10 0
Dand Saheb	,,	0 10 3
Long Cloth (Light weight) No. 5202/5303		
Western	,,	0 11 0
Hindustan	,,	0 11 0
Century	,,	0 10 6
Long Cloth X Quality.		
Apollo	,,	0 10 0
Century	,,	0 10 1½
Jam	,,	0 10 3
Jam Mill (Sholapur)	,,	0 10 3
Textile	,,	0 10 1½
Spring	,,	0 10 1½
Digvijay	,,	0 9 9
Long Cloth Satin Calander 34—42 In.		
Textile (Hand)	,,	0 9 7½
Spring (Merchant)	,,	0 9 6
Century (Bugle)	,,	0 9 6
Pehlad Siwala	,,	0 9 7½
Hindustan (Tiger)	,,	0 9 6
Western 92¼—92½ (Circus Horse)	,,	0 9 6
Tijuri	,,	9 6 0
Sundri	,,	0 9 9
Jubili	,,	0 9 0
High Class Long Cloth.		
Alexandra 548	Per piece	7 1 0
Alexandra 542	,,	6 13 0
Kutiya	,,	5 12 0
4141	,,	6 0 0
50050	,,	4 15 0
Long Cloth Vegetable		
Apollo	Per lb.	0 9 0
Century	,,	0 9 1½
Digvijay	,,	0 8 9
Moon	,,	0 9 1½
Union	,,	0 9 1½
Suryodaya	,,	0 8 9
Salita		
1215 Manchester	,,	0 8 6
1215 Kalyan	,,	0 8 6
1215 Madhusudan	,,	0 8 6
1215 Sassoon	,,	0 8 6
Dhooties 7—8—9 Yards.		
Spring Mill (Balance)	,,	0 11 0
Crown	,,	0 11 1½
Barsi	,,	0 9 9
Dhooties 10 Yards.		
Spring Mill (Balance)	,,	0 10 3
Hindustan	,,	0 11 0
Barsi	,,	0 9 7
Western	,,	0 10 4½
Crown 4310	,,	0 10 10½
Gin Coloured		
H 1515 Ratilal	Per Piece	8 4 1
1415 Ratilal	,,	7 6 0
1579 MBW Century	,,	8 9 0
Dhooti Mahin 44x10		
115 City	,,	1 4 6
115 Hirji Kurla	,,	0 14 0
115 Victoria	,,	1 4 0
2142 Western	,,	0 12 6
Lepao Big Size.		
Crown	per lb.	0 9 10½
Edsu	,,	0 9 4½
Century	,,	0 9 7½
Tex	,,	0 9 9
Hindustan	,,	0 9 9
Daud	,,	0 9 6
Rechal	,,	0 9 7½
Western	,,	0 9 7½
Union	,,	0 9 6
Apollo	,,	0 9 6
Jam Mill	,,	0 9 3
Jacob	,,	0 9 6
Digvijay	,,	0 9 3
Lepao Small Size		
Century	Per piece	0 9 6
Tex	,,	0 9 9
Dukal Yarns 12—13—14		
Pehlad 8711	,,	0 10 10½
5250 I Keshri	,,	2 5 0
9312 Sassoon	,,	2 0 3
8712 Sholapur	,,	0 11 0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 30.

General Motor (dol 30 3/8) dol 30 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 13 1/8) dol 14
U S Steel Common (dol 32 1/4) dol dol 32 7/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 87 7/8) unquoted.

LAHORE V. D. J. T. INSTITUTE DEADLOCK

Indefinitely Closed Sequel To Failure Of Negotiations

LAHORE, April 30

As a result of the failure to come to terms with the students, the authorities of the Victoria Diamond Jubilee Technical Institute have issued a notification declaring the institute closed indefinitely. The students residing in the hostel are being asked to vacate.

It will be recalled that at the beginning of this term, the students went on a strike on the question of inefficiency of staff and 48 students were arrested. Subsequently, attempts were made at a settlement and negotiations were opened between the spokesmen of both sides, which did not, however help the situation.—United Press.

LONDON METAL STOCKS

No Increase Of Speculative Interest

Bombay, April 29

The London Metal Exchange has issued the following particulars of the stocks of Non-ferrous metals in the Meal Exchange Warehouses at the end of the following months:—

Copper tons November 1934 49,610; December 1934 56, 047; January 1935 60,078; February 1935 62,218; March 1935 71, 494

Tin tons November 1934 4,013; December 1934 3,610; January 1935 2,657; February 1935 5, 379; March 1935 5,596.

Lead tons November 1934 18,920; December 1934 19,367; January 1935 19,265; February 1935 18,583; March 1935 1,581.

Spelter tons November 1934 10,985; December 1934 10,758; January 1935 11,496; February 1935 10,098; March 1935 0,129

COPPER

We have already reported about the agreement reached at the Copper Conference, the gist of which arrangement is that the Copper Companies representing a current production of 750,000 tons have agreed to curtail output to the extent of 240,000 tons, and the American producers to limit their export to 8000 tons per month. This stimulated buying and a brisk demand developed from consumers all over the world. Business with Germany and Italy, however, was restricted owing to difficulties in arranging terms of payment. At one time it appeared that the market might advance with a rather unhealthy rapidity; but later on the prices receded.

Large transactions have taken place in the London Standard Market. Not only has there been new buying, but there has been considerable profit taking also. It is apparent that the speculative Bull account has not increased much yet and most of the transactions were hedging operations. In America the demand for domestic Copper is quite good and the price of Blue Eagle Electrolytic Copper is firm at 9 cents per lb. whereas export price of Non-Blue Eagle has ranged from 7-40 to 7-55 cents.

On the whole the position is very healthy and outlook good and those interested in this metal can safely be recommended to purchase it round about the present limit or even at little higher.

BOMBAY MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Yellow Metal Sheets 4x4x21 lbs Rs. 31-14-0 28/112 lbs. sheets Rs 30-8-0

Copper Sheets 4x4x21/112 lbs. sheets Rs. 35-2-0.

NEW YORK QUOTATIONS.

Non-Blue Eagle 7 1/2 cents.

WILL SILVER REACH 80 CENTS?

Copper Likely To Advance

Bombay, April 30

Messrs. M and B Stern state:—

Cotton: Favourable weather and speculative liquidation was offset by continued favourable trade reports as shown by the quarterly working of several major industries and trading concerns together with unavailability of free supply of spots. The potentiality of the 4880 million dollar expenditure and large circulation of cheap currency is at last arousing the prosperity of the intrinsic value of commodities.

President Roosevelt's address on Sunday did not deviate much from any of his current administrative policies and if at all, it justifies their continuance. With the domestic spinners onslaught on process tax, the Southern co-operative farmers are reported to be showing continuity in offering for a larger acreage reduction and A A A officials predict it may not now exceed over 30 million acres. Our opinion remains unchanged.

Copper: Sales report of the U S A metal statistics during this month is expected to reveal a surprisingly large figure. Producers believe that before the end of this year prices will be restored to around £40 per ton. We continue to recommend purchases for investment.

Silver: After the fixation yesterday in London at 1-1/16 pence lower, there were buyers at 3/8 pence higher and New York closed only one cent lower. From Mr. Morgenthau's statement that there will be no change in Treasury price before 29th instant, it is presumed that the increase to around 84 cents may be announced in the course of a day or two. Recent speculative liquidation has improved the technical position and we recommend purchases on present setbacks.

Sugar: Unsatisfied summer demand heeding all quotas in U S A and exhaustion of the world's surplus stocks, together with continued demand in London from refiners, is creating a good undertone, though speculators seem to be in a hesitating mood. Our opinion is unchanged.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales.	1934-35	1933-34
Receipts to date 29-4-35	4177000	7125000
Receipts Yesterday 29-4-35	4000	18000
Exports to date 29-4-35	4009000	6533000
Stock at Ports 26-4-35	2038000	3014000
Stock Interior Towns 26-4-35	1421000	1482000
Stock Liverpool 26-4-35	770000	1040000
Visible Supply 26-4-35	4887000	6760000
Quantity in sight 26-4-35	7496000	11180000
Quantity out of sight 26-4-35	7927000	10973000

MADRAS GOVERNOR AND JUBILEE

OOTACAMUND, April 30

His Excellency the Governor will not be going to Madras in connection with the Silver Jubilee Celebrations at the Capital, nor any member of the Government will represent him there. Lord Erskine will give a broadcast message.

He will speak from the Government House here on May 8 at 7 p.m. on the trunk telephone to the radio station TDEO, Madras from where it will be broadcasted. —A. P.

INDIAN IMPORTS TO ROUMANIA

No Ban But Temporary Withholding Of "Import Permits"

BOMBAY, April 30.

According to information from official sources the imposition of a ban on Indian imports into Roumania has never been the subject of a Royal Decree or legislation by the Chamber.

The ban was merely a Ministerial decision on March 13/14, when the Roumanian Minister of Industry and Commerce arranged to stop—provisionally—the delivery of Import Permits on goods coming from U.S.A., Japan, Norway, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and British India. This arrangement was a temporary one and no official instructions forbidding permits were received at either London or Bombay regarding the ban.

From the new Foreign Trade Regulations, however, it appears that the policy of the Government is to be able to regulate the delivery of Import by strict handling of Import permits and eventually to put a stop to it in the hope of improving Roumanian Trade balance.—A. P.

DANGEROUS TO RELY ON U. S. TREASURY

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Company New York sent the following cable:+

Think it dangerous to rely on U. S. Treasury as ultimately buyer of London long interest (in silver).

Better Feeling In Share Bazar

Budly Differences Narrow

STEEL SHARES DISPLAY GOOD TONE

BOMBAY, April 30.

The Local Share Bazar opened quiet with scattered liquidation but later on prices improved on increased buying. Weak shorts were covering and there was some fresh buying. Budly differences were narrow, which imparted better feeling and the tone of the market was good.

Tata Steel Shares were fairly active. Some two months back when budly differences were as high as Rs. 30 for Tata Steel Dfds., it was said that there was considerable accumulation of weak long interest. But now the situation is changed. Budly difference was quoted around Rs. 12/8. This means that there is no weak holder and perhaps there are some unprotected short sales. The situation is such which suggests higher prices in the long run and we prefer operating on the bull side.

The position of the Steel industry is unchanged and after some time we will have monthly production figures, which are expected to have favourable effect on the general sentiment.

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay, April 30.

100	Ahm. Advance	285 0
500	Bom. Cotton	40 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	867 8
250	Bradbury	108 12
100	Century	288 12
100	Central India	328 2
100	Colaba	126 4
100	Coorla	107 8
100	Crescent	7 4
250	Currim	5 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	365 0
1	E D Sassoon	0 3 3
100	Finlay	110 0
100	Gokak	187 8
1000	Hindustan	1,725 0
100	Indore	78 12
50	Kastoorchand	0 8
100	Khatau	67 8
100	Kohinoor	201 14
250	Laxmi	680 0
100	Madhavji	11 0
250	Madras United	45 0
1000	Morarji	1,050 0
250	Modeg	57 8
50	Mysore	108 12
200	New Great	151 14
100	Oosmanshahi	57 8
100	Phoenix	328 12
25	Sassoon Silk	39 0
1000	Sholapur	2,300 0
50	Simplex	81 4
100	Swadeshi	209 6
100	Swan	81 14
25	Tata	16 0
500	Vishnu	1,410 0
1000	Western	900 0

BANKS.

50-100	Baroda	94 8
25-50	Central	34 12
500	Imperial	1535 0
125-500	Imp. Cont	381 4
50-100	India	117 0
5	Union	5-6-0

CEMENTS.

10	Bundi	46 9
70	Gwalior	112 8
160	Indian	388-12 X.D.
40	Katni Def.	1350 0
100	Katni Ord.	385 0
75	Okha	221 4
10	Punjab	26 4
100	Shahabad	410 0
70	United	81 4

INSURANCE

15-100	Jupiter	12 0
15-75	New India	42 10
200	Oriental	4600 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 10

ELECTRIC.

100	Ahmedabad Old	160 0
1000	Andhra Valley	1,661 4
10	Ajmer	11 0
50	Bombay Tram	154 6
100	Bom. Suburban	177 8
10	Broach	11 8
100	Karachi	230 0
100	Poona	217 8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, April 30

Century 283 286 288/12
Bombay Dyeing 865 860 871 867 868 870 867/8
Kohinoor 199 201/14
Central India 322 325 324 323 327
New Great 152 151/14
Simplex 81 80 81/4
Swadeshi 208 207 208 209/6
Bundi 46/4 45/8 46
I Cement xd 390 385 387 388/12
Punjab 26/4 26 26/4
Shahabad 408 410
Andhra 1650 1665 1662 1667 1661
Tata Hydro 175 176/4 177/2
Tata Power 1555 1565 1560 1580 1572 1585 1575
T Steel Defd 655 647 655 651 667 665 667 665
T Steel Ord 138 137 140 139 141 140/8 141/4 140/8
Bellapur 285 291 290
B Burma 350 352 350 352

100	Surat	198 2
100	Tata Hydro	177 8
1000	Tata Power	1,575 0

RAILWAYS.

500	Ahm. Prantij	862 8
100	Amr. Patty	116 4
100	C Province	91 4
100	Dhond Baramati	90 0
100	Gujarat	70 4
100	Mandra Bhon	95 8
100	Pachora Jamner	92 0
100	Sara Sirajgunge	93 0
500	Tapty Valley	770 0

MININGS

10	Shivrajpur	25 8
30	Tata Steel Defd.	665 0
75	Tata Steel Ordinary	140 8

MISCELLANEOUS.

100	Alcock	163 12
50	Belapur Sugar	290 0
250	Bombay Steam	284 6
125	Bombay Burma	352 8
15	Bombay Burma Contry	116 4
8sh.	Br B Petro.	3-1-6
50	Bombay Telephone	105.4
100	Indian Bleaching	136 4
100	Ind. Radio Defd.	505 0
100	Ind. Radio Ordy.	491 14
1000	Port Canning	590 0
15	Scindia	10 8
30	Tata Construction	74 12
25	Tata Oil	18 4

PREFERENCE.

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1,340 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	280 0
7	pc Bombay Tram	78 4
5	p.c. Central India	502 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st	131 4
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	142 8
7-1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	14 2
7	p c Tata Bidro	138 12
7½	p c Tata Power	1375 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	175 0
7-1/2	p c Tata Steel 2nd	170 0
5½	p.c. Tata Mill	14 0
7	p.c Vishnu	625 0

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, April 30.

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/32

LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32 Ready.
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 to 15th June.
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 July
Banks buying T T 1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 7/32 Mail.
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 3/16 June

NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 277
Banks selling T T 275
Banks buying T T 272 1/4

PARIS—
Banks selling D D 548
Banks buying D D 558

AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 53 3/8

JAVA—
Banks selling D D 53 3/8

JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 78 5/8 nominal
Banks buying T T 78 1/8 nominal

HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 166 3/4

SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 114 3/4

SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 156 1/4

BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 98 1/2

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.83 7/8 29th instant
Shanghai/London 1/6 1/2 30th instant
Japan/London 1/2 5/32 30th instant
Java/London 7.12 30th instant

London/Paris 73.06 29th instant
London/Belgium 28.46 29th instant
London/Switzerland 14.89 29th instant
London/Italy 58.37 29th instant
London/Berlin 11.98 29th instant
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 29th instant
London/New York 4.83 5/16 29th instant
London/Amsterdam 7.13 29th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady, dull.
Gold £7-5-4 27th instant £7-4-5 1/2 29th instant
Silver London Ready 35 1/8 27th instant 34 1/16 29th instant
Silver London Forward 35 1/4 27th instant 34 3/16 29th instant
Silver New York Ready 77 27th instant 76 29th instant
London discounts 3 mos 5/8 per cent 27th instant 5/8 per cent 29th instant
London discounts 6 mos 11/16 per cent 27th instant 11/16 per cent 29th instant

Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 2 per cent.
3 Mos. 2 1/2 per cent.
6 Mos. 2 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Firm.

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, April 30.

Ready Java Rs. 13-10-6.
Shipment April Rs. 3-15-6.
Shipment April-May Rs. 4-1-9.
Shipment June Rs. 4-2-9.
Shipment July-Sept. Rs. 4-3-3.
Shipment Oct-Dec. Rs. 4-4-4.
Kesar Rs. 14-2.
Saraya Rs. 13-10.
Java Spot F. 4.00.

NEW YORK COTTON

Bombay, April 30.

On Monday the New York cotton futures market was dull and featureless and prices fluctuated within a range of 8 points.

PRICES DECLINE

There was absence of any important buying. Prices declined on more favourable weather and unfavourable Liverpool cables.

TRADE SUPPORT

At the decline there was some trade buying which resulted in a small rally and the tone of the market was good.

OPERATORS HESITANT

A fall of 9 to 3 points was registered at the close. Operators are determined to await Government's plans for silver, cotton and textiles and buyers were hesitant owing to near approach of the twelve-cent level which might liberate offers from the South or from producers' pool cotton.

RAINS OVER COTTON-BELT

Beneficial rain is reported in the South-West but sub-soil moisture is defective in several parts and the season is expected to experience severe drought. This state will have considerable effect on the yield.

OUR ADVISE

Commodity prices are improving and with the end of the Congress session, President Roosevelt will make an attempt to raise prices. The situation suggests considerably higher prices and we strongly advise purchases in weak markets.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened at a decline of 6 points and under long liquidation a further fall of 6 points was recorded which brought July to 11.76, the lowest level for the day. Later on there was some recovery on trade buying and July was quoted 11.84. The market closed at a decline of 9 to 3 points. Spot Cotton prices were reduced by 5 points at 12.20c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 5 to 7 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 8 points at 12.22c. per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—
New York July highest 11.84—04 (12-05 p.m.)
Lowest 11.76—12 (10-7 a.m.)
Liverpool July highest 6.46 —03 (10-1 a.m.)
Lowest 6.44—07 (3-15 p.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Market quiet and steady. Absence of business awaiting developments America. Bullish.

New York: Profit taking on reports beneficial rains in South-West. Continued liquidation May. Trade best buyers.

New York: General business conditions expanding. Commodity price level is rising. Acute shortage of reserves and moisture in the South-West. We believe that the situation is one that suggests higher prices.

New York: Indifferent demand. Majority of traders awaiting developments in Washington. Expect see-saw market.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

New York Cotton Exchange Service cabled:—

America: Cloths slower sales slightly below output; while Mill position improved past three weeks, Mills still planning further curtailment due buyers' hesitancy legislative uncertainties, England: Moderate yarn cloth demand, spinners manufacturers experiencing difficulty improving their position, Continent: Little changed. Japanese cloth exports March largest monthly total on record.

Their Liverpool Agents cabled as under:—

12-09 p.m.: Market lacks snap.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, April. 29.

May 1935	.. .. ..	11.76—09
July 1935	.. .. ..	11.82—06
October 1935	.. .. ..	11.37—04
December 1935	.. .. ..	11.42—04
January 1936	.. .. ..	11.46—03
March 1936	.. .. ..	11.53—04
Middling Spot	.. ..	12.20—08

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York. April 29.

May 1935	.. .. ..	11.70—05
July 1935	.. .. ..	11.77—07
October 1935	.. .. ..	11.32—06
Middling Spot	.. ..	12.22—08

NEW YORK.
New York, April 29.

New York, 10.55 a.m.—

May 1935	.. ..	11.74
July 1935	.. ..	11.78
October 1935	.. ..	11.34

New York, Noon Call—

May 1935	.. ..	11.73
July 1935	.. ..	11.79
October 1935	.. ..	11.34

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York. Apl. 29.

	Bales
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports..	4,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	1,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	3,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Bombay, April 30.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened on Monday at a decline of 3 points against expectations of unchanged prices. There was hedge-selling and Continental selling of distant positions on more favourable weather. Later on there was long liquidation and New York selling which met trade support prices fluctuated within a range of 4 points and finally closed at a net decline of 5 to 6 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 5 points at 6.75d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 4 points. At the close May was quoted 5.91 July 5.89 and October 5.87.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was comparatively easy with a marked absence of buying. There was some selling pressure which depressed Sakel's futures 4 to 5 points and spot cotton prices lost 7 points at 8.37 Uppers futures were irregular and closed at a decline of 8 points for near months but distant deliveries improved one point. Spot Upper cotton prices suffered a loss of 6 points at 7.89d. per lb.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was closed on Monday.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

	Liverpool, April 29. 10-12 a. m. Quotations	To-day's Price.
April 1935 ..	..	6.54—06
May 1935 ..	..	6.50—06
June 1935 ..	..	6.48—05
July 1935 ..	.. 6.47	6.46—05
August 1935	..	6.34—05
September 1935	..	6.26—06
October 1935	.. 6.18	6.18—06
November 1935	..	6.14—06
December 1935	..	6.14—06
January 1936	..	6.14—06
February 1936	..	6.14—06
March 1936	..	6.14—06
May 1936 ..	..	6.14—05
Middling Spot	..	6.75—05

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, Apl. 29

F. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS:—

May 1935	.. .. ..	8.06
July 1935	.. .. ..	8.06
October 1935 ..	.. ..	8.05
November 1935	.. ..	8.03
January 1936 ..	.. ..	8.02
F. G. F. Spot ..	.. ..	8.37

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, April 29.

BROACH.—

Fully Good (Good Staple)	..	5.85
Fine (Good Staple) ..	..	6.00
Superfine (Good Staple)	..	6.15

OOMRA.—

Fine (No 1 Staple) ..	..	5.85
Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	..	6.00
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	..	6.15

BENGAL—

Good	..	3.81
Fully Good	..	3.91
Fine	..	4.01

SCINDE.—

Fully Good	..	3.91
Fine	..	4.01
Superfine	..	4.11

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, April 29. £

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	69-1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1931 later	87
Indian Stock, 3 1/2 per cent. 1931 later	97
Indian Stock. 4 1/2 per cent. 1950/55	112-1/2
Consols, 2 1/2 per cent. ..	88-1/8
Conversion Loan, 3 1/2 per cent 1961	107-1-2
War Loan. 3 1/2 per cent. 1952	105-3/4
Funding Loan. 4 per cent. 1960/90	118
Victory Bonds 4 per cent ..	116 1-4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	14 3-4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.	124-1/2
National Bank of India ..	43-1-4
P. & O. Banking Corporation.	10 1-4

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Apl. 29.

T. T. London on.—	
Berlin	11.98
Amsterdam	7.13 1-4
Brussels	22.46
Madrid	35.25
Milan	58.37
Berne	14.39
Paris	73.06
Prague	115.31
T. T. London on New York Closing rate ..	4.83-5-1/16

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET
London, April 29.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25.

O and F Calcutta per cwt. Apl./May sellers	6/9
O and F Bombay per cwt. Apl./May sellers.	6/6
O and F Karachi per cwt. April /May sellers	6/6

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET
New York, April 29.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 Quality) 9-7/8

LONDON PRODUCE
London, April 29.

Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe. parcels May sellers 24/41-2.

Wheat, Barletta Russo, parcels, May sellers 24/7/1-2.

Wheat, South Australian, parcels April sellers 28.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, April 29

Messrs Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amer Power and Light Com	3
Amer Forn Power 7 per cent P	17
Electric Bond Common	6 1/2
Consolidated Gas	24
Western Union Telg	26 1/4
Radio Corporation	5
New York Central	16 1/4
Eric R R	9
Great North Pfd	13
Distillers Seagram	14
Union Pacific	92
Bethelehem Steel	26
United States Steel	53
American Smelting	44
Int Nickel of Canada	27
Anaconda Copper Mining	14
Kennecott Copper	18
Cerro de Pasco Copper	62
International Harvestor	40
Ford Motors of Canada A	28
General Motor	30 1/2
Socony	14
Chase Bank	21 3/4
National City Bank	20 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	295
Celanese Corp of Amr	21
Montgomery Ward	26

Total business 1 million

Market unsettled because no decision arrived at in regard to Pension Bill so far.

WORLD COTTON PARITIES

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool:—
May 138 July 124 at Cross Rate 4.83 3/4

Bombay Liverpool—
Broach A/M 241 Liverpool May 6.52 Rs. 43 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool—
Broach J/A 236/8 Liverpool July 6.48 Rs. 45 1/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool:—
Broach A/M 1936 222/8 Liverpool May 1936 6.16 Rs. 45 1/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay New York:—
Broach A/M 241 New York May 11.76 Rs. 29 at Cross Rate 4.83 3/4

Bombay New York:—
Broach J/A 236/8 New York July 11.82 Rs. 34 at Cross Rate 4.83 3/4

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 29

Broach A/M opening 240 1/2; highest 241 1/4; lowest 239 1/2; closing 241 1/4

Broach J/A opening 237 1/4; highest 237 1/4; lowest 235 1/2; closing 236 3/4

Broach A/M 1936 opening 224 1/4; highest 224 1/4; lowest 222 1/2; closing 222 3/4

Oomra May opening 210 3/4; highest 210 3/4; lowest 210; closing 210 1/4

Oomra July opening 212 1/2; highest 212 1/2; lowest 211; closing 211

Bengal May opening 137 1/2; highest 137 1/2; lowest 136 1/2; closing 136 1/2

Bengal July opening 138 1/2; highest 139; lowest 138 1/4; closing 138 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach J/A 1935 (30-6-35) Rs. 16 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (31-5-35) Rs. 9

Tejimandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 37 o

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, April 29

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan £87

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan £97

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59 £105 1/2

4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53 £108 3/4

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55 £112 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68 £117 1/2

5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47 £116 1/2

5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38 £105 3/8

6 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1935/37 £102 3/8

2 1/2 per cent British Consols £88 1/8

3 1/2 per cent Conversion £107 1/2

3 1/2 per cent War Loan £105 3/4

LONDON METALS.
London. Apl 29.

	£
Copper Brazers	45
Yellow Metal	37-1/2
Spelter Hard Indian Brands.	13-3/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Guage..	12-3/4
Tin English Ingots. Liverpool F O B.	221-1/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, April 29

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0.9/16 per cent. to 0.5/8 per cent.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0.5/8 per cent. to 0.11/16 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2.1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan. 0.1/4 per cent. to 0.1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 Days' Market Loan, 0.1/2 per cent to 0.1/2 per cent.

SEEDS.
London, April 29.

Linseed, La Plata Hull C.I.F. ton April sellers £9/10/0.

Linseed, Calcutta London C.I.F. ton Apl./May sellers £11/13/9

Linseed Bombay London C.I.F. ton Apl./May sellers £12/5/0.

Rapeseed, Toria (Hull/Cont.) C.I.F. ton. Apl./May sellers £12/7/6.

Castorseed. Bombay Hull C. I.F. ton. May/Aug. sellers £11/16/3.

Cottonseed. Bombay Hull C.I.F. ton No offers

Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt. May sellers 20-6

Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt June/August sellers 21-0

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per £5-11/16 sellers

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 30

Following a small decline of 6 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 236/6 for Broach J/A delivery and advanced to Rs. 238/4 on improved demand. There was scarcity of offerings and the undertone of the market was good. We look for steady improvement in prices and prefer operating on the bull side.

Liverpool market opened as expected at a rise of 2 points. The local market was fairly steady and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A/M	214 12 0
Broach J/A	239 0 0
New Broach A/M 1936	244 8 0
Oomra May	211 12 0
Oomra July	213 0 0
Bengal May	136 0 0
Bengal July	138 4 0

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.
Bombay, April 30.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup.	Fine	F.G.	Good
M. G. Bengal.—					
U. P.	...	146	141	137	134
Panjab	...	146	141	137	134
Rajputana	...	147	142	138	135
Oomra No. 3	220	217	214	210	...
C. P. No. 1	240	237	234	230	...
C. P. No. 2	227	224	221	217	...
Broach N. 2	...	251	247	243	238
Punjab-Ame	...	281	277	273	268
Surat	...	331	327	323	318
Rajpipla	...	331	327	323	318
Navsari	...	336	332	328	323

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, April 30.

Bengal Superfine	... 155
Bengal Fine	... 145
Bengal F.G.	... 140
Sindh-Punjab Fine	... 145
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	... 140
Wardha-Hingt	... 236
Nagpur Saver	... 238
Pundhurna	... 323
Yeotmal	... 222
Arvi	... 221
Ellichpur	... 219
Berar	... 213/215
Khamgaon	... 215/217
Mulkapur	... 211/213
Khandesh	... 208/211
Jalna/Sailu	... 208/211
Burwah Sanavad	... 214/216
Broach Fine	... 250
Punjab/American	... 277
Punjab/American mix	... 262
Cambodia	... 312
Compta Good	... 282
Kampala	... 366
Busoga	... 363
Jinja	... 357

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, April 30.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.	2 days	This year.
Khandesh	1,072	223,144
Central India	282	88,465
Barsi and Nagar	650	90,836
Hyderabad-Gaorani	139	38,982
Berar	2,782	335,382
Central Provinces	726	81,510
Total Oomras	5,651	858,319
Dholera	497	135,749
N.-W. Provinces	...	30,528
Rajputana	...	22,238
Sind-Punjab	59	280,554
Broach	103	114,794
Coompta and Dharwar	1,178	55,761
Westerns-Northerns	455	35,316
Cocoanada	...	114
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	203	44,206
Persian	...	2,450
American	...	27,768
Egyptian and African	3,004	240,019
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	711
Total	10,150	1,848,527

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st Sept. to 25th April.

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	1,715	289,291
Japan and China	10,372	771,730
Coast Ports	...	20,419
Up-country by Rail	...	163,554
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	17,629
Total	12,087	1,262,623

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, April 30

Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:

Names	Latest prices £
Wiluna Gold Corporation Ord	2 17 6
London Tin Corporation Ltd	0 9 3
Turner and Newall	2 18 6
Associated Electric Industries	1 7 0
Attock Oil	0 6 3
Associated Portland Cement	2 7 6
Electric Supply Corporation	3 1 6
Ooregum Gold Mining Preferred	1 5 9
Beira Railways	0 18 3
County of London Elec Supply Ord	2 17 9
Marconi International Marine	1 11 0
Calendar's Cable and Constn Co.	3 10 3
General Electric Ord	2 12 0
London and Thames Haven Oil Wharves	4 7 6
L M and S Railway 4 per cent Pref.	81 15 0
International Railways of C America	dol 3.50
Malayalam Plantations	1 10 3
British Burma Petroleum	0 4 9
Soudan Plantation Syndicate Ord	1 14 9
British S Africa (Chartered)	1 1 3
Pahang Consolidated Ord	0 9 10½
Indian Copper Corporation Ord	0 2 3
British Treasury Bills (3 months)	0 10 1.83 p.c. p.a.

Market steady but business restricted

LONDON SILVER.
London. April 29.

Market—Closed uncertain.

Spot	34-1/16
Forward	34-3/16

LONDON GOLD.
London, April 29.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £7-4-5-1/2

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

SETTLEMENT.
Bombay, April 30

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 93
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 93
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 106/15
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 106/13
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 116/14
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 116/14

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 105/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 116
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 107/8
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 101/10

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES (CASH)

3 per cent 1941 100/10
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 101/10
4 per cent 1943 105/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 111/4
5 per cent 1939/44 107/14
5 per cent 1941/43 109/5
5 per cent 1935 100/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 108
5 1/2 per cent 1945 I B 101/8

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLES)

4 per cent B P T 1374 102
4 per cent M Deb 1974 101/8
5 per cent M Deb 1959 112/8
6 per cent M Deb 1954 121
6 per cent K P T 1956 121
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 106

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 92/14 and declined to Rs. 92/7/6. At this level there was improved buying and prices advanced to Rs. 93. The local market was fairly steady and at 5 p.m. 3 1/2 per cent paper was quoted at Rs. 93/2.

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 27th April 14,202 bales

Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934 1,838,577 bales

Receipts into Bombay same time last season 1,810,730 bales

Increase 27,647 bales

GOLD AND SILVER

Narrow Fluctuations

Bombay, April 30.

On Monday London silver market declined 1 1/16d. Speculators bought and sold but the market closed uncertain. Later on business was done at 3/8th over the fixed rates. There are no signs of American buying but the market was very active.

New York Spot silver prices were reduced by 1 cent to 75 3/4 cents.

Montreal Silver Futures Exchange was quiet with long liquidation. May position declined 125 points at 76.10 while July lost 85 points at 77.15.

London gold prices declined 10 1/2d to £7-4-5 1/2 and Dollar Sterling cross rate closed in London at 4.83 5/16 and 4.83 3/4 in New York. London-Paris Exchange rate improved 15 points at 73.06.

The local market was quiet but steady with a moderate turnover The market has now normal conditions and all wild excitement is over. Operators are inclined to await Washington developments as private advices from America are conflicting. Thus in the absence of any definite news from America, the market is likely to fluctuate within a narrow range but we think it safe to lean on the bull side as the technical position of the market is strong and American Government is not going to abandon its policy.

The market opened to-day at Rs. 81/12 and advanced to Rs. 82/8 on active buying. At this level there was realising which depressed prices to Rs. 81/15 for Vaishakh delivery. Tejimandi for Vaishakh is Rs. 5/4 and for Jeth the premium of double options is Rs. 7/8.

The gold market was quiet but steady with scattered selling. Tejimandi Premium for Vaishakh is annas twelve and for Jeth Rs. 1/2.

Later on there was increased selling in silver by a prominent firm and prices declined to Rs. 81. Offerings were readily absorbed and prices again rallies to Rs. 81/14.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	81 10 0
Vaishakh delivery	81 14 0
Jeth delivery	82 4 0
Ready gold	35 15 0
Vaishakh delivery	35 15 6
Jeth delivery	36 0 6

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, April 29

April 12.11 plus 03
May 12.21 plus 04
June 12.32 plus 05

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, April 29

July 2.42 plus 03
September 2.49 plus 04
December 2.33 plus 05
January 2.43 plus 05

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 29

May 0.99 1/2c
July 0.99 1/2 plus 3/4c
October 1.00 1/4 plus 1c

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 29

May 65 1/4 —1d
July 67 1/8—3/4d
October 69 —5/8d
December 70 1/8—5/8d.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, April 30.

	Cwts.
Wheat	5,085
Linseed	11,091
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	428
Gingellyseed	255
Groundnuts	6,800
Castorseed	2,978
Rice	13,936
Myrabollams	3,186
Cottonseed	9,322
Gram	1,429
Joowar	1,767
Barley	192
Bajree	1,360
	Tons.
Coal	796

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JUPITER GENERAL
Insurance Co., Ltd. has its Head Office in Fort, Bombay.
J11

REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1935

JUPITER GENERAL
has branches and agencies in principal towns in India.
J12

"Magistrate Not Bound By Coroner's Verdict"

"Latter's Duty To Find Out Cause Of Death Only"

JERBAI CASE DEVELOPMENT

Will Accused Be Committed To Sessions?

The Coroner's duty was to find out the cause of death and not the guilt or innocence of the accused on the evidence that was led before him.

This was the observation made by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court, yesterday, when Mr. H. B. Spencer, Police Prosecutor stated that the papers in the case in which Dr. B. J. Kotwal and Mr. P. M. Mistry were charged with causing the death of Mrs. Jerbai D. Anklesaria by an act with intent to cause miscarriage, had been sent to the higher authorities for orders.

"What was the verdict?" asked the Magistrate.

Mr. Spencer: "Death due to sceptic peritinitis and the accused were exonerated from blame."

"What was the evidence on which the Coroner arrived at the verdict that the accused were not to blame?" the Magistrate then asked the Police Prosecutor.

Mr. Spencer said the medical evidence was to the effect that the woman was not pregnant when the alleged offence was committed.

Mr. Dhondy for the defence stated that there was also the dying declaration of the deceased.

The Magistrate: But the oral evidence was contradictory to the medical evidence. There was the statement of the woman to the Police. I am not bound by the Coroner's verdict. His duty was to find out the cause of death and not to find out the innocence or guilt of the accused on the evidence that was led before him. This is a case triable at the High Court Criminal Sessions.

Police Puzzled

Mr. Spencer said the police were puzzled over the evidence given by the medical experts before the Coroner and whether in view of that, the charge against the accused could be maintained.

The Magistrate inquired if the relatives had anything to say in the matter. Mr Jal Cooper, Advocate, on behalf of the complainant, stated that the evidence when led would prove that a 'prima facie' case had been made out to commit the accused to the Sessions. The evidence that was led before the Coroner was only to find out the cause of the death of the woman. It was also proposd, if necessary to call expert evidence to refute the evidence given by the Doctors before the Coroner.

Mr. Mehta said in that case Counsel should place all the material in his possession before the police to enable them to pursue their inquiries.

"In any case," the Magistrate said, "if the police decide that they do not wish to proceed with the case, they cannot drop the proceedings. They will have to satisfy me first that there is no evidence to make out a 'prima facie' case against the accused. If they decide to go on with case then I shall decide whether there is a 'prima facie' case or not, to send the accused to the Sessions to take their trial there."

Mr. Spencer then applied for an adjournment of the case to May 14, which the Magistrate granted.

Mr. H B Spencer, Police Prosecutor for the Crown. Mr. B J Dhondy with Messrs Daruwalla and Mr. Sukhia for Dr. Kotwal. Mr. M N Saher with Mr. S Mehta for Mr. P M Mistry.

Mr Jal Cooper, appeared for Mrs. Sirinbai Lala, sister of the deceased.

Moulana Athar Mohamad, a prominent Congress worker of Beawar, who is shortly leaving on a tour of Ajmer-Merwada villages.

NEPALI YOUTHS DISCHARGED

Warrant Issued Ordered To Be Cancelled

CALCUTTA, April 30.

On the Magistrate's report, the local Government, in exercise of the powers conferred by Acts 2 and 7 of the Treaty with Nepal dated February 10, 1855 and Section 18 of the Indian Extradition Act of 1903, directed the 2 arrested Nepali youths, Santabir Lama and Machelal Lama, to be discharged that, the warrant issued against them by the Brittanic Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in the Court of Nepal should be cancelled. The Chief Presidency Magistrate, accordingly, discharged them.

It may be recalled that on April 16 last, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, who held a judicial enquiry into this case, held that the arrested youths were British subjects and the offence, if any committed by them, was one of wrongful restraint, and was triable at Darjeeling. As such the Lamas should not be extradited on the strength of warrants issued by the Political Agent at Nepal for their extradition to Nepal to stand trial on charges of murder and robbery.—United Press.

BABES BORN WITH HORNS!

NEW DELHI, April 29

A freak of Nature was witnessed at Karol Bagh, where a young Hindu woman, named Champa, gave birth to two male children with horns on their heads.

This drew a large number of people who visited the woman and children. The twins were alive for a few hours.—United Press

Why Ramaswami Iyer Visited Simla

SIMLA, April 30.

Sir Ramaswamy Iyer leaves Simla to-morrow for Travancore. He will stop a few hours at Bombay and Madras and will be present at Trivandrum on the Jubilee day.

It is understood his visit here is connected with a peculiar maritime position, 'vis-a-vis' Federation.—United Press.

Clock Tower For Baroda

(From A Correspondent.)

BARODA, April 30.

The girl guides of the Aryakanya Mahavidyalaya, Baroda, intend to celebrate the Silver Jubilee by erecting a clock tower in the existing chimney in the compound. The estimated cost is Rs. 5,000 which the donors and sympathisers are requested to contribute, in token of the Jubilee commemoration. A tablet bearing the name of the donors will be put on the Tower. All contributions to be sent to Miss Sushila Kumari, Karehbagh, Baroda.

PANDIT MALAVIYA

Doctors Against London Visit

(From Our Correspondent).

LUCKNOW, April 26.

Mr. Govind Malaviya, son of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, came to Lucknow yesterday on personal work. In an interview this morning, he said that his father had recovered from his recent illness inasmuch as he had no fever. He is, however, extremely weak and can move out of bed with great difficulty. It is sheer will which enables him to get out of bed to work at his desk. Asked about Pandit Malaviya's visit to England at the head of a deputation, he said that, although Panditji is anxious, his doctors and friends are opposed to his undertaking a voyage in his present condition. Panditji realises that the success of his mission is extremely doubtful but he believes that a slave country cannot always be sure of success and must make efforts irrespective of results. Asked about Panditji's chances of entering the Assembly, Mr. Govind said that no decision has yet been taken. He believes it would not be fair to deprive Pandit Krishna Kant Malaviya of his seat from Benares-Gorakhpur after all this trouble Pandit Krishna Kant had taken. Pandit Govind personally thinks that if his father has to enter the Assembly he should stand from Benares-Gorakhpur.

ALLEGED PICK-POCKET ARRESTED

LAHORE, April 29.

The local police have arrested one Onkarnath for the alleged offence of pocket-picking at the Willingdon Hotel to the extent of Rs. 1,500 in cash and cheques.

It is stated that the accused is already being tried for an alleged attempt at committing suicide by laying himself down on the railway line near Badami Bagh.

In the course of a statement he says that he attempted to commit suicide for he was falsely accused of having committed theft. He has been sent to the lock-up.—United Press.

CONGRESS AND JUBILEE

Working Committee Resolution Read At Delhi Flag Salutation

NEW DELHI, April 29

Printed copies of the Congress Working Committee's resolution defining the Congress attitude towards the coming Silver Jubilee Celebration and prescribing the duties of the countrymen were distributed in large numbers, and the text of the Congress resolution was read last morning at Queen's Garden, where the monthly flag hoisting ceremony was performed under the auspices of the Delhi Congress Committee. Among those present were Mr. Asaf Ali and many other Congressmen and women.

Mr. Jugalkishore Khanna, General Secretary of the Provincial Congress Committee, in unfurling the flag referred to the recent statement of Babu Rajendra Prasad, wherein he made a stirring appeal for the strengthening of the Congress organisations all over the country. Mr. Khanna asked the audience to realise that the Congress could not do anything lasting and constructive, unless its hands were strengthened. He appealed for unity among all sections and enrolment in large numbers of Congress members.—United Press

LADY DUFFERIN SENDS £100

For Renovation Of Hospital In Calcutta

SIMLA, April 30

The Council of the Maharaja of Dhar has donated Rs. 25,000 to the Silver Jubilee Fund. The Maharaja of Baroda has donated Rs. 50,000.

Dowager Marchioness of Dufferin and Ava who left India in 1888 upon the expiry of her husband's term of office as Viceroy, in sending a generous donation of £ 100 to the Countess of Willingdon for the Jubilee Fund has especially asked that the money be earmarked towards the renovation of the Dufferin Hospital in Calcutta, which is very badly needed, and which it is hoped will be one of the many long felt wants to be made good as a result of the Viceroy's appeal.—A. P

ADDRESS TO RAJEN BABU

MANGALORE, April 30

The South Kanara District Board has resolved to present a welcome address to Babu Rajendra Prasad and Mr. Sri Prakash during their visit in connection with the Karnatak Political Conference next week.—United Press

RAJEN BABU'S KARNATAK TOUR

The Secretary of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, Poona writes to us:—"Your correspondent from Dharwar, in his letter in the issue of the "Chronicle" of 29th March writes that Rajen Babu's tour in Karnatak will end on the 13th May and that in Maharashtra will begin on the 14th, but this is not correct. The tour in Karnatak ends on the 12th at Belgaum, and that in Maharashtra commences from the 13th at Savantwadi (Ratnagiri Dist.)".

All-India Spinners' Association's Khadi production centre at Butala in Amritsar, which was recently visited by Babu Rajendra Prasad.

BERAR POLITICAL CONFERENCE

Protest Against Jubilee Fund Collection Methods

AKOLA, (By Mail.)

The following resolutions were carried at the Berar Provincial Political Conference.

1 The position of Berar under the new constitution is anomalous and hence the people of Berar are dissatisfied with the new constitution and favour rejection of it.

2 This Conference supports the khadi, Harijan and Gramudyoga activities of the Congress."

3 Every unit of Congress should form its active Volunteer Corps.

4 The resolution of the Working Committee regarding the attitude of the Congress towards the Jubilee is supported and accepted, but the Conference emphatically protests against the methods employed by Government officials in the collection of the Jubilee Fund."—A.P.

REMEMBER THE POOR DURING JUBILEE

CALCUTTA (By Mail.)

"It has been Their Majesties desire that the occasion should be primarily one of joy for the poor and the young, and that they should not be neglected amidst the gala scenes and the festive lights.

Thus said Mr. A. H. Ghaznavi Secretary of the Silver Jubilee Celebration Committee in the course of a broadcast talk he gave to the citizens of Calcutta on the evening of April 27.—United Press

MADRAS RESEARCH IN SEA FISHERIES

Agricultural Council Grants One Lakh

OOTACAMUND, April 29

It is understood that the Madras Government are considering a scheme for research and developments in Sea Fisheries in Madras Presidency, the Indian Council of Agricultural Research having offered a grant of one lakh of rupees if a suitable scheme was submitted.—A. P.

NEW I. G. OF CIVIL HOSPITALS FOR B. & O.

SIMLA, April 29.

The Viceroy has selected Lt.-Col. P. S. Mills, Civil Surgeon, Ranchi, for appointment as Inspector General of Civil Hospitals in the vacancy caused by the grant of leave, preparatory to retirement, to Colonel A H. Proctor.

Colonel A. H. Buckley, Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, Bihar and Orissa will be transferred to the United Provinces and Col. Mills will be posted as Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, Bihar and Orissa.—United Press.

STORM HAVOC IN SIND

Jairamdas Appeals For Relief Fund

KARACHI, April 30

In response to the appeal issued by the Sind Congress Committee President, in connection with the havoc wrought by the recent storms, the Sind Relief Committee has sent Rs. 4,000 to the affected areas.

Sjt. Jairamdas Doultaram has issued an appeal for more funds extending to Rs. 12,000.—United Press.

NEW EDUCATIONAL COMMISSIONER

R. M. Statham Will Succeed Sir G. Anderson

SIMLA, April 29.

It is understood that Mr Randolph Meveral Statham, Member of Indian Educational Service, will succeed Sir George Anderson as the Educational Commissioner with the Government of India.

Joining the Service in 1913 Mr. Statham spent most of his career in South India, having been Principal of the Presidency College, Madras, the Ceded Districts College, Anantpur, Arts College, Rajahmundry and Deputy Director of Public Instruction, Madras. His services were lent in 1932 to Travancore where he acted as Director of Public Instruction and is at present on leave. He was associated with the Hartog Enquiry Committee.

Sir G. Anderson leaves Simla tomorrow and Bombay on May 4 for England.—United Press

SIND WAGES WAR ON COUNTERFEITERS

Special Staff To Unearth Operations

KARACHI, April 30

To combat the growing menace of spurious coins in Sind and to unearth strongholds of counterfeiters, a special staff has been appointed with an Inspector and two Sub-Inspectors who will be on duty with a posse for rounding up the Law-breakers. Similar arrangements are being made in the villages in Upper and Lower Sind.

DUD COINS

It is being said that a good deal of the dud coinage, is imported from the Frontier where gangs are busy throughout the year Sind has been so much flooded by them that 8 rupees out of every ten prove to be base.

According to an official, the Indian State of Jodhpur, on the borders of Sind, was recently found to be the head quarter of a gang in possession of the most up-to-date mint machinery, instead of clay moulds.—United Press

OVERSEAS 'PHONE RATES REDUCED

Special Charges For Jubilee Throughout Empire Except Canada

SIMLA, April 29.

The Associated Press understands that on the occasion of the Silver Jubilee of His Majesty's accession to the Throne, the following permanent and temporary reductions in overseas telephone rates are being announced:

(A) The present basic rate for an effective conversation of three minutes from India to any place in England, Scotland and Wales is Rs. 80 and for each additional minute Rs. 28/11. On Saturday half rates are applicable.

During the period from May 6th to May 31st the basic rate for all calls between India and the United Kingdom including the Northern Ireland and the Isle of Man will be reduced to Rs 40 for 3 minutes and Rs. 13/6 for each additional minutes, that is to say half rates will apply throughout this period and not only on Saturdays.

NO ADDITIONAL CHARGES.

The additional charges hitherto applicable to the Northern Ireland and the Isle of Man are permanently abolished.

"The present additional charge of two shillings per minute for the Irish Free State (Dublin only) is permanently reduced from May 6th to one shilling per minute. Therefore the charge for a three minute conversation to Dublin will be Rs. 42 during the period May 6th to May 31st.

(B) The present basic rate from India to Australia and South Africa via London is Rs 40 per minute with a minimum of 3 minutes. No half rates have hitherto been applicable to these services. During the period May 6th to May 31st the rates for the above services will be halved. Thus the rates will be Rs. 20 per minute with a minimum of three minutes.

(C) No change will be made in respect of report charges levied to personal calls when person required is unobtainable. These report charges are at present as follows: Great Britain Rs. 8; Australia and South Africa Rs. 13/5.

(D) It has not been possible to arrange for half rate on calls between India and Canada via London because the working hours on the direct Anglo-Canadian channel will not readily fit in with the working hours of other Empire services.—A. P.

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